

# Converting Colors

Android(4283450400)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283450400) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283450400)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	504420
RGB	80, 68, 32
RGB Percent	31%, 27%, 13%
CMY	0.6863, 0.7333, 0.8745
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.60, 0.69
HSL	45°, 43%, 22%
HSV	45°, 60%, 31%
XYZ	5.6361, 5.9440, 2.2168
YIQ	67.4840, 18.7080, -8.6520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

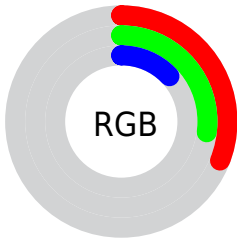
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	48, 80, 32
Decimal	5260320
CIELab	29.27, -0.16, 23.44
CIELCh	29, 23.442, 90.380
Yxy	5.9440, 0.4085, 0.4308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283450400 (0xFF504420)
YUV	67.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765
Hunter-Lab	24.3803, -1.4010, 11.6754




# Details

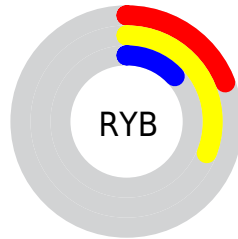
The Android color **4283450400** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4280298576**, and the grayscale version is **4282664004**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286805069**, and **4280424704** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283449880**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283450920**.

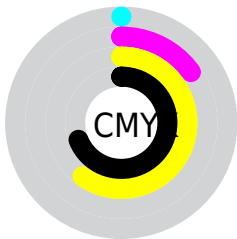
# Distribution







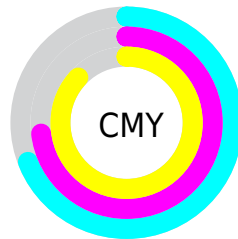
-  Red (31%)
-  Green (27%)
-  Blue (13%)






-  Red (19%)
-  Yellow (31%)
-  Blue (13%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (15%)
-  Yellow (60%)
-  Black (69%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (73%)
-  Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283450400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283450400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283450400



4283450400

4294967295



4281871882



4286805069



4280424704



4288515430



4278190080



4290357375



4292199321



4294041524



4294966223



4294967276



4283450400



4283450400

■ 4283449880

■ 4283450920

■ 4283449360

■ 4283451440

■ 4283448840

■ 4283451960

■ 4283448320

■ 4283452480

■ 4283453000

■ 4283453520

■ 4283454040

■ 4283454560

■ 4283455080

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284431910



4283450400



4282206501

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283450400



4278210135



4284234327

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283450400



4280298576

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282859620



4283450400



4278209636

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283450400



4278406725



4280829801



4284888645

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283450400



4281289773



4280829801



4283841628



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283450400



4285097046



4283441196



4281742122



4290098613



4281742902



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283450400



4285093405



4282667040



4280887333



4285091328



4293438976



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280298576



4280103017



4281081936



4280624681



4278196841



4278205160



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283450400 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

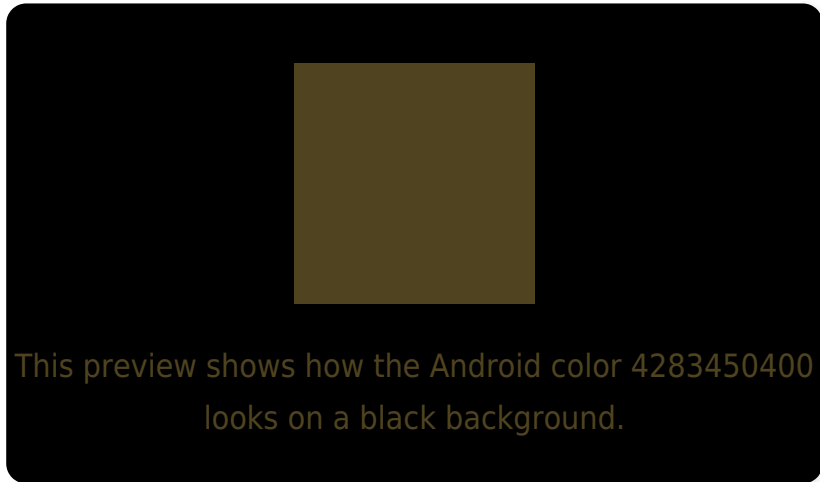
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283450400 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283450400.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283450400.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

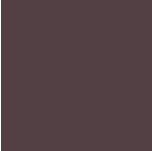
4283450400

**Protanopia**

4283254048

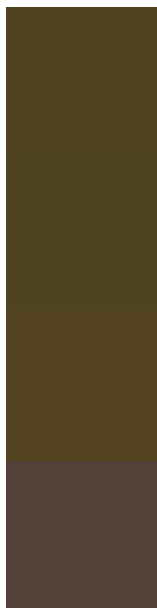
**Deuteranopia**

4283777569



**Tritanopia**  
4283646021

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4283450400

**Protanomaly**

4283319584

**Deuteranomaly**

4283646753

**Tritanomaly**

4283580728

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4283450400

**Achromatopsia**

4282598211

**Achromatomaly**

4282925878

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283450400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 68, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 68, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 68, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 68, 32) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283450400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 68, 32) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 68, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 68, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 68, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 68, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 68, 32)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283450400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 68, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 68,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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