

# Converting Colors

Android(4283459170)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283459170) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283459170)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	506662
RGB	80, 102, 98
RGB Percent	31%, 40%, 38%
CMY	0.6863, 0.6000, 0.6157
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.04, 0.60
HSL	169°, 12%, 36%
HSV	169°, 22%, 40%
XYZ	10.2642, 12.0901, 13.3479
YIQ	94.9660, -11.8280, -5.9080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

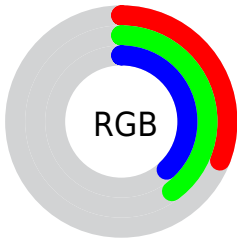
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	80, 92, 102
Decimal	5269090
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.36, -9.13, -0.46
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	41, 9.144, 182.873
Yxy	12.0901, 0.2875, 0.3386
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283459170 (0xFF506662)
YUV	94.9660, 1.4958, -13.1252
Hunter-Lab	34.7708, -8.1561, 1.5791

# Details

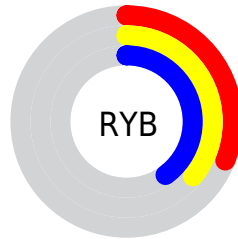
The Android color `4283459170` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4284895316`, and the grayscale version is `4284440415`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286749077`, and `4280497972` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282803808`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284114532`.

# Distribution



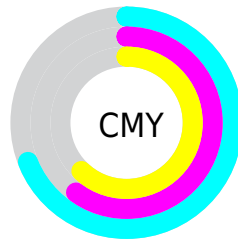
- Red (31%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283459170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283459170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4283459170

■ 4283459170

4294967295

■ 4281945674

■ 4286749077

■ 4280497972

■ 4288459951

■ 4279116319

■ 4290236363

■ 4278192646

■ 4292013287

■ 4278190080

■ 4293918719

■ 4283459170

■ 4283459170

■ 4282803808

■ 4284114532

■ 4282148446

■ 4284769894

■ 4281427548

■ 4285490792

■ 4280772187

■ 4286146153

■ 4280116825

■ 4286801515

■ 4279461463

■ 4287456877

■ 4278806101

■ 4288112239

■ 4278216275

■ 4288833137

■ 4289488499

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283852122



4283459170



4283328105

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283459170



4284768110



4285423444

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283459170



4284895316

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285619546



4283459170



4285291881

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283459170



4284113520



4285619297



4284965203

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283459170



4283458925



4285619297



4285488726



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283459170



4286416259



4283721296



4282270273



4290953922



4282532418



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283459170



4284646782



4283457382



4281217842



4278219614



4278252230



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284895316



4286931560



4284897104



4281544239



4285726741



4294049836



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283459170 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

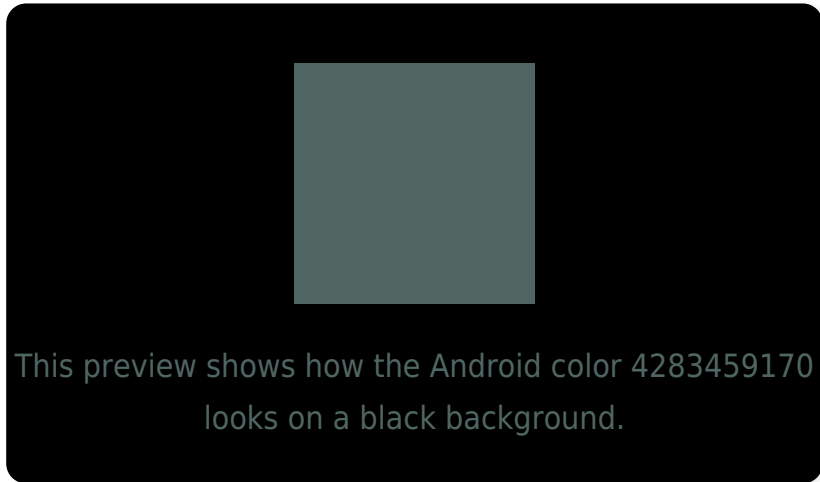
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

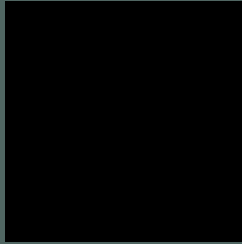
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283459170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283459170.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283459170.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



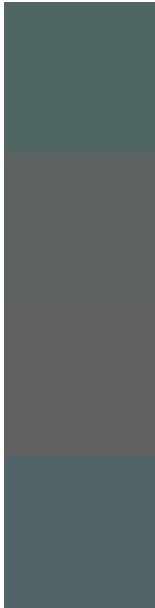
**Original Color**  
4283459170

**Protanopia**  
4284768607

**Deuteranopia**  
4285161060



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283459170

**Protanomaly**  
4284310368

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284572003

**Tritanomaly**  
4283524456

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283459170

**Achromatopsia**  
4284440415

**Achromatomaly**  
4284113504

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283459170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 102, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 102, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 102, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 102, 98) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283459170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 102, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 102, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 102, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 102, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 102, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 102,  
98) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283459170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 102, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 102,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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