

# Converting Colors

Android(4283511810)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283511810) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4283511810)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	513402
RGB	81, 52, 2
RGB Percent	32%, 20%, 1%
CMY	0.6824, 0.7961, 0.9922
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.98, 0.68
HSL	38°, 95%, 16%
HSV	38°, 98%, 32%
XYZ	4.6323, 4.2097, 0.6258
YIQ	54.9710, 33.3340, -9.4020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

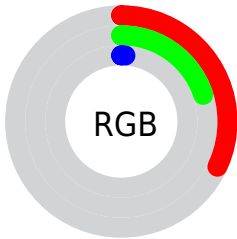
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	48, 81, 2
Decimal	5321730
CIELab	24.35, 8.70, 33.04
CIELCh	24, 34.163, 75.243
Yxy	4.2097, 0.4893, 0.4446
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283511810 (0xFF513402)
YUV	54.9710, -26.1147, 22.8274
Hunter-Lab	20.5175, 4.3946, 12.5538

# Details

The Android color **4283511810** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **4278329169**, and the grayscale version is **4281808695**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286997041**, and **4280289280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283511552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283512586**.

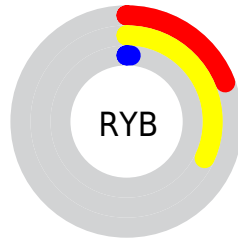
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (20%)

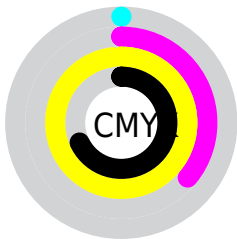
Blue (1%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (1%)

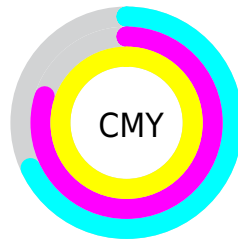


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (68%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (99%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283511810 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283511810 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4283511810

 4283511810

 4294967271

 4281868032

 4286997041

 4280289280

 4288772937

 4278190080

 4290680161

 4292522107

 4294495125

 4294961072

 4294967243

 4283511810

 4283511810

■ 4283511552

■ 4283512586

■ 4283513362

■ 4283514138

■ 4283514914

■ 4283515690

■ 4283516467

■ 4283517243

■ 4283518019

■ 4283518795

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284557590



4283511810



4282006784

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283511810



4278208071



4283182430

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283511810



4278329169

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4280170604



4283511810



4278207838

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283511810



4278207788



4278206572



4284621384

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283511810



4280828171



4278206572



4282397028



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283511810



4285095242



4283499040



4281741091



4290098613



4281742902



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283511810



4285088256



4282929410



4280887077



4293432064

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278329169



4278199913



4278911569



4280624681



4278212072

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283511810 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

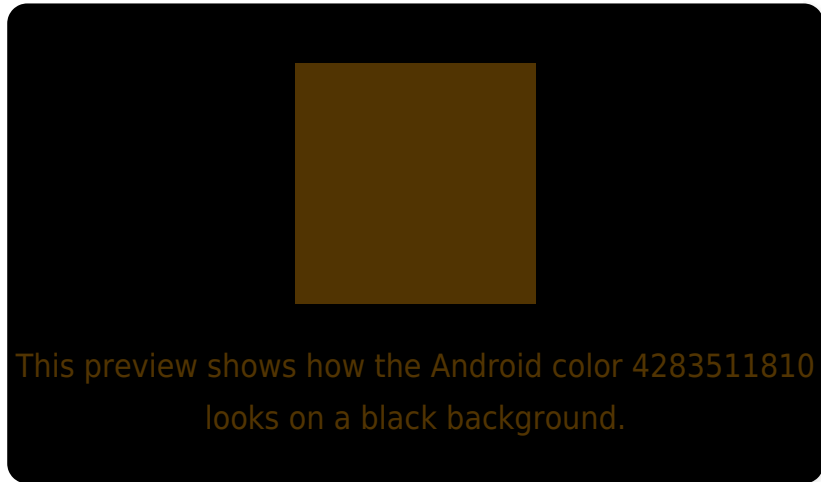
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# Android 4283511810 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283511810.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283511810.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283511810

**Protanopia**  
4282530566

**Tritanopia**  
4283641908



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283511810

**Protanomaly**  
4282857477

**Tritanomaly**  
4283576610

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283511810

**Achromatopsia**  
4281808695

**Achromatomaly**  
4282398244

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283511810 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 52, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 52, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 52, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 52, 2) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283511810 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 52, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 52, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 52, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 52, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 52, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 52, 2) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283511810 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 52, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 52,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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