

# Converting Colors

Android(4283564113)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283564113) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283564113)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	520051
RGB	82, 0, 81
RGB Percent	32%, 0%, 32%
CMY	0.6784, 1.0000, 0.6824
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.01, 0.68
HSL	301°, 100%, 16%
HSV	301°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	4.9649, 2.3879, 7.9838
YIQ	33.7520, 22.8710, 42.5750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

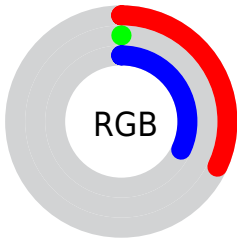
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	82, 0, 81
Decimal	5374033
CIE Lab	17.40, 42.92, -26.12
CIE LCh	17, 50.246, 328.682
Yxy	2.3879, 0.3237, 0.1557
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283564113 (0xFF520051)
YUV	33.7520, 23.2933, 42.3135
Hunter-Lab	15.4529, 30.3079, -19.8155

# Details

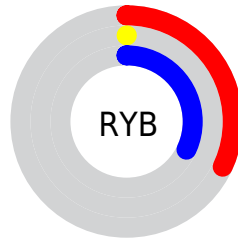
The Android color **4283564113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **4278211073**, and the grayscale version is **4280427042**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286986883**, and **4280483876** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283564113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283566161**.

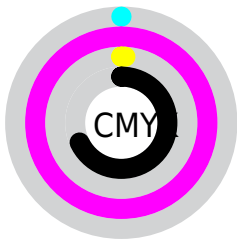
# Distribution



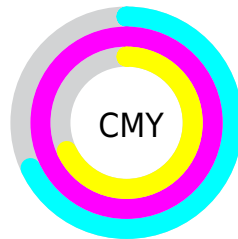
- Red (32%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283564113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283564113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4283564113

 4283564113

 4294965503

 4281925690

 4286986883

 4280483876

 4288828317

 4278190091

 4290670008

 4278190080

 4292511956

 4294419440

 4294950655

 4294958079

 4283564113

■ 4283566161

■ 4283568209

■ 4283570513

■ 4283572561

■ 4283574609

■ 4283576658

■ 4283578706

■ 4283581010

■ 4283583058

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4279771755



4283564113



4284809262

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283564113



4281805056



4278204749

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283564113



4278211073

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278204456



4283564113



4279316992

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283564113



4283569920



4278203904



4278204265

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283564113



4284874775



4278203904



4278204737



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283564113



4285221739



4278190162



4281737781



4290098613



4281742902



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283564113



4285202538



4283564073



4280886569



4285071463



4293394661



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283564113



4285202538



4278211113



4280886569



4285071463

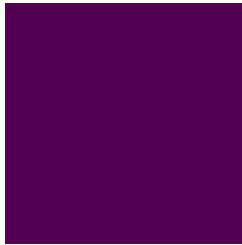


4293394661



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283564113 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

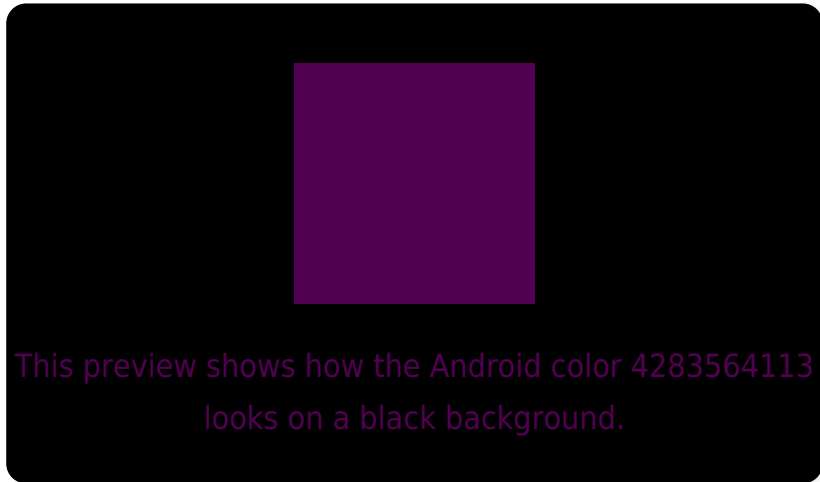
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

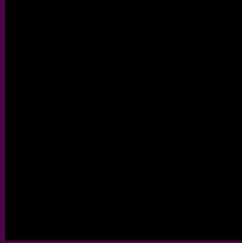
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283564113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283564113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283564113.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283564113

**Protanopia**  
4278201696

**Deuteranopia**  
4280102732



# Trichromacy



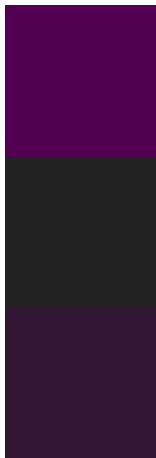
**Original Color**  
4283564113

**Protanomaly**  
4280163675

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281343566

**Tritanomaly**  
4283372595

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283564113

**Achromatopsia**  
4280427042

**Achromatomaly**  
4281538099

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283564113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 0, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 0, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 0, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 0, 81) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283564113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 0, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 0, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 0, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 0, 81); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 0, 81); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 0, 81) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283564113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 0, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 0,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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