

# Converting Colors

Android(4283583317)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283583317) contains.

<b>Android(4283583317)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4283583317)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	524B55
RGB	82, 75, 85
RGB Percent	32%, 29%, 33%
CMY	0.6784, 0.7059, 0.6667
CMYK	0.04, 0.12, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	282°, 6%, 31%
HSV	282°, 12%, 33%
XYZ	7.6354, 7.4819, 9.6360
YIQ	78.2330, 0.9620, 4.5940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

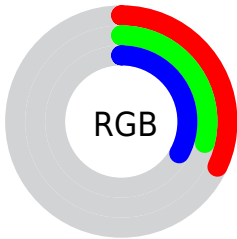
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	82, 75, 85
Decimal	5393237
CIE Lab	32.88, 5.05, -4.85
CIE LCh	33, 7.006, 316.170
Yxy	7.4819, 0.3085, 0.3023
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283583317 (0xFF524B55)
YUV	78.2330, 3.3361, 3.3037
Hunter-Lab	27.3530, 1.9596, -1.7399

# Details

The Android color **4283583317** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **4283323723**, and the grayscale version is **4283321934**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286807175**, and **4280622888** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283384405**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283781973**.

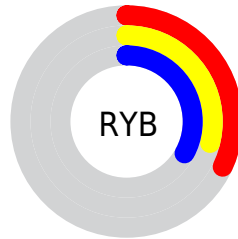
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (29%)

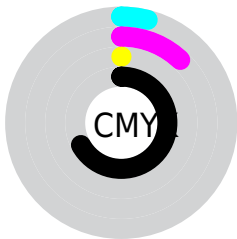
Blue (33%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (33%)

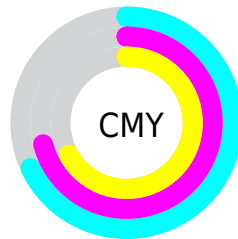


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283583317 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283583317 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283583317



4283583317

4294967295



4282070078



4286807175



4280622888



4288517793



4279306004



4290293948



4278190080



4292136151



4293978356



4283583317



4283583317



4283384405



4283781973



4283251285



4283915349

■ 4283052373

■ 4284114005

■ 4282919253

■ 4284247381

■ 4282720597

■ 4284446037

■ 4282587221

■ 4284579413

■ 4282388565

■ 4284778069

■ 4282255189

■ 4284911445

■ 4282122325

■ 4285110101

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283125080



4283583317



4283910736

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283583317



4283714627



4282405200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283583317



4283323723

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282601546



4283583317



4283387459

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283583317



4283976262



4282928966



4282404949

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283583317



4284041804



4282928966



4282405198



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283583317



4285294958



4283125333



4281808184



4290295992



4281874488



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283583317



4285095534



4283779923



4280952619



4283105387



4288938219



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283779918



4285423203



4283127117



4281018152



4285202464



4293591110



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283583317 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

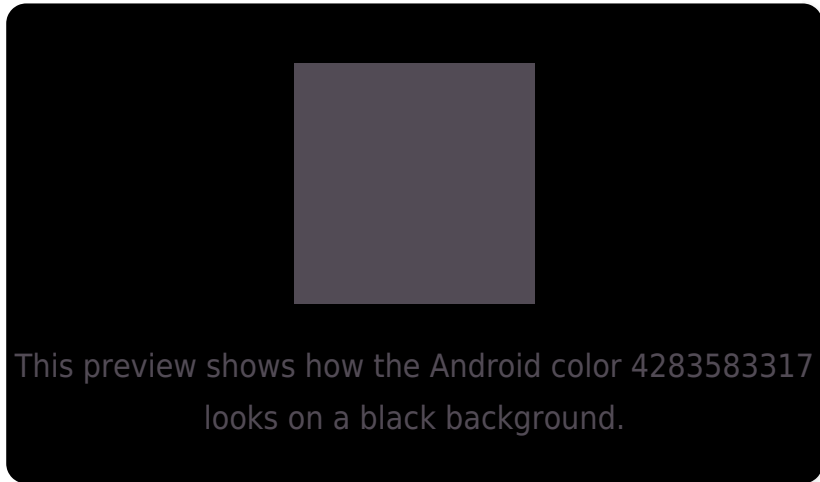
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

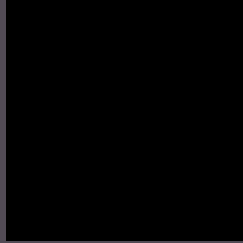
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283583317 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283583317.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283583317.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



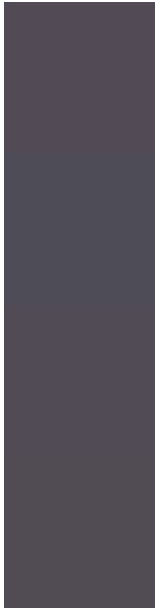
**Original Color**  
4283583317

**Protanopia**  
4283190614

**Deuteranopia**  
4283517781



# Trichromacy



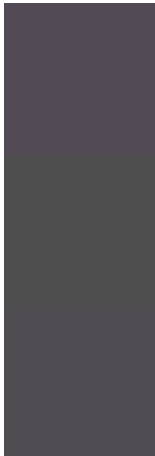
**Original Color**  
4283583317

**Protanomaly**  
4283321430

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283517781

**Tritanomaly**  
4283518035

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283583317

**Achromatopsia**  
4283321934

**Achromatomaly**  
4283387217

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283583317 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 75, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 75, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 75, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 75, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283583317 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 75, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 75, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 75, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 75, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 75, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 75, 85)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283583317 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 75, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 75,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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