

# Converting Colors

Android(4283586034)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283586034) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283586034)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5255F2
RGB	82, 85, 242
RGB Percent	32%, 33%, 95%
CMY	0.6784, 0.6667, 0.0510
CMYK	0.66, 0.65, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	239°, 86%, 64%
HSV	239°, 66%, 95%
XYZ	22.7552, 14.7016, 85.6428
YIQ	102.0010, -52.1850, 48.1910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

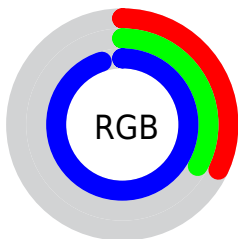
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	82, 85, 242
Decimal	5395954
CIE Lab	45.22, 46.58, -79.06
CIE LCh	45, 91.761, 300.503
Yxy	14.7016, 0.1849, 0.1194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283586034 (0xFF5255F2)
YUV	102.0010, 69.0195, -17.5409
Hunter-Lab	38.3427, 38.8343, -105.5910

# Details

The Android color `4283586034` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6666FF`. The color can be described as middle muted blue. A complement of this color would be `4294111058`, and the grayscale version is `4284835173`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287924223`, and `4278200249` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282007026`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285165042`.

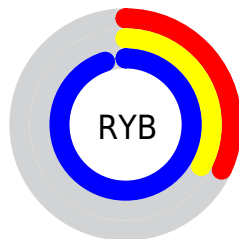
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (33%)

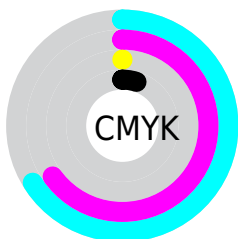
Blue (95%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (95%)

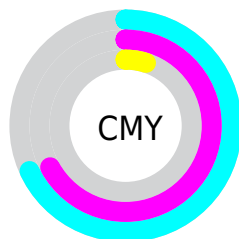


Cyan (66%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283586034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283586034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4283586034

 4283586034

4294967295

 4280761813

 4287924223

 4278200249

 4289962751

 4278194845

 4292001279

 4278190466

 4294040063

 4278190184

 4294964991

 4278192718

 4278191415

 4278190624

 4278190085

■ 4283586034

■ 4283586034

■ 4282007026

■ 4285165042

■ 4280428274

■ 4286743794

■ 4278783730

■ 4288388338

■ 4278191602

■ 4289967346

■ 4291546354

■ 4293125106

■ 4294704114

■ 4294967282

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278220543



4283586034



4290904248

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283586034



4290528256



4278225002

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283586034



4294111058

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278223886



4283586034



4286736640

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283586034



4292935715



4281236480



4278225336

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283586034



4292935815



4281236480



4278224719



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283586034



4291612159



4283626221



4284572032



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283586034



4281743871



4288500466



4285295736



4278191032



4278190392



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294070869



4294915641



4289196626



4286082156



4290248707

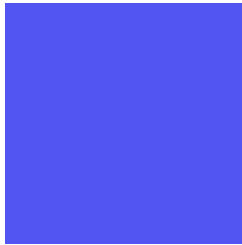


4281860097



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283586034 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

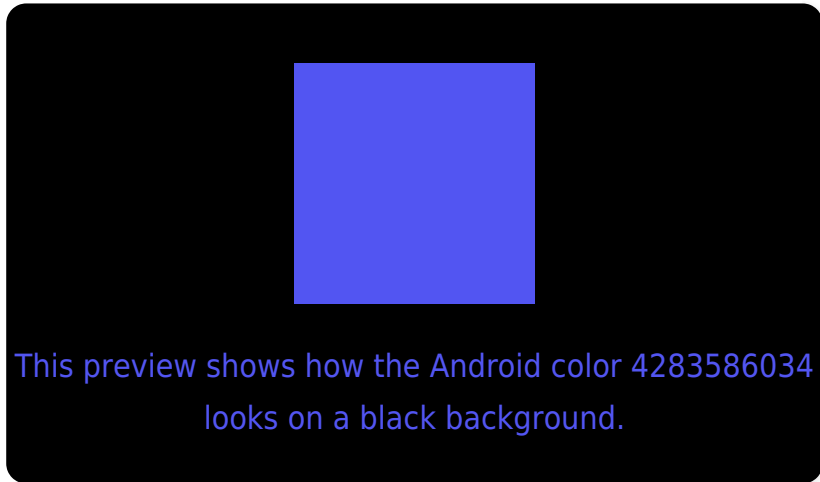
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

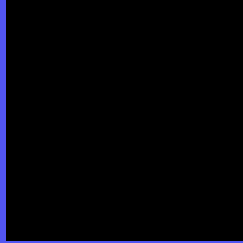
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283586034 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283586034.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283586034.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4283586034



**Protanomaly**

4280180962



**Deuteranomaly**

4280181966



**Tritanomaly**

4280183465

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4283586034



**Achromatopsia**

4284900966



**Achromatomaly**

4284440729

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283586034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 85, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 85, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 85, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 85, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283586034 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 85, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 85, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 85, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 85, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 85, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 85,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283586034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 85, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 85,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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