

# Converting Colors

Android(4283586595)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283586595) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283586595)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	525823
RGB	82, 88, 35
RGB Percent	32%, 35%, 14%
CMY	0.6784, 0.6549, 0.8627
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.60, 0.65
HSL	67°, 43%, 24%
HSV	67°, 60%, 35%
XYZ	7.2728, 8.8946, 2.9236
YIQ	80.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

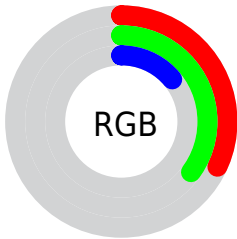
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	35, 88, 41
Decimal	5396515
CIELab	35.78, -10.92, 29.39
CIElCh	36, 31.351, 110.387
Yxy	8.8946, 0.3810, 0.4659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283586595 (0xFF525823)
YUV	80.1640, -22.2659, 1.6102
Hunter-Lab	29.8239, -8.6632, 15.0645

# Details

The Android color `4283586595` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666633`. A complement of this color would be `4280886104`, and the grayscale version is `4283453520`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286941778`, and `4280560384` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283521050`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283652140`.

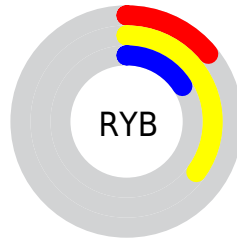
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (35%)

Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (16%)

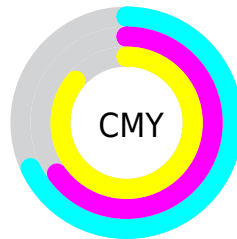


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283586595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283586595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283586595



4283586595

4294967295



4282007820



4286941778



4280560384



4288652394



4278458112



4290494340



4278190080



4292336542



4294244282



4294967253



4294967282



4283586595



4283586595

■ 4283521050

■ 4283652140

■ 4283455505

■ 4283717685

■ 4283389961

■ 4283783229

■ 4283324416

■ 4283848774

■ 4283914319

■ 4283979864

■ 4284045409

■ 4284110953

■ 4284176498

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285157409



4283586595



4281687347

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283586595



4278214522



4286464093

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283586595



4280886104

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285220724



4283586595



4278344069

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283586595



4278215013



4282995075



4286791748

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283586595



4279787586



4282995075



4286202214



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283586595



4285559646



4283967523



4281940782



4290427578



4282071867



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283586595



4285100832



4281882659



4281019175



4284443392



4291881728



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280886104



4280885363



4282590040



4280821547



4278976619



4279959787



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283586595 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

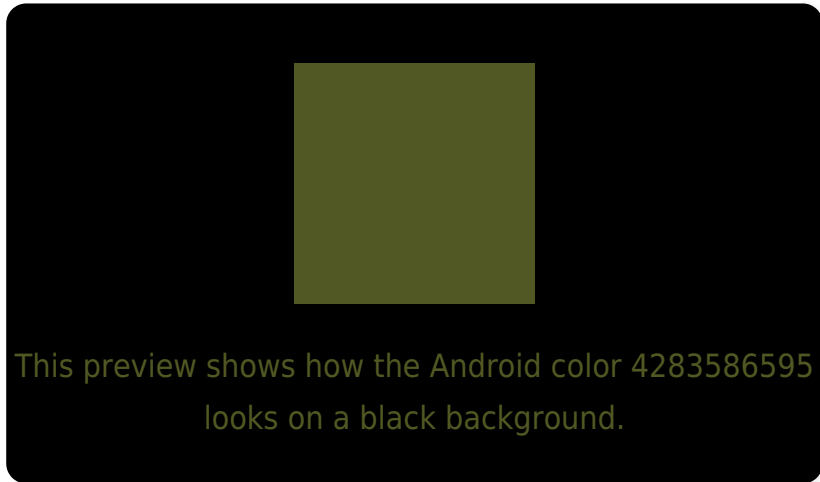
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283586595 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283586595.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283586595.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283586595

**Protanopia**  
4284372002

**Deuteranopia**  
4285026341



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283586595

**Protanomaly**  
4284110114

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284502820

**Tritanomaly**  
4283848005

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283586595

**Achromatopsia**  
4283453520

**Achromatomaly**  
4283519808

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283586595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 88, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 88, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 88, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 88, 35) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283586595 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 88, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 88, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 88, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 88, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 88, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 88, 35)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283586595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 88, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 88,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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