

# Converting Colors

Android(4283650673)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283650673) contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>Android(4283650673)</b> .....               | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 11 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 23 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 26 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 29 |

# Color

**Android(4283650673)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                    |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| Hex         | 535271                   |
| RGB         | 83, 82, 113              |
| RGB Percent | 33%, 32%, 44%            |
| CMY         | 0.6745, 0.6784, 0.5569   |
| CMYK        | 0.27, 0.27, 0.00, 0.56   |
| HSL         | 242°, 16%, 38%           |
| HSV         | 242°, 27%, 44%           |
| XYZ         | 9.5652, 9.0658, 16.8685  |
| YIQ         | 85.8330, -9.3550, 9.8530 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

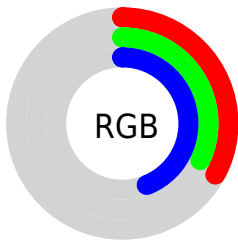
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 83, 82, 113                  |
| Decimal                             | 5460593                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 36.11, 7.96, -17.57          |
| CIE LCh                             | 36, 19.287, 294.361          |
| Yxy                                 | 9.0658, 0.2694,<br>0.2554    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4283650673<br>(0xFF535271)   |
| <b>YUV</b>                          | 85.8330, 13.3933,<br>-2.4845 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 30.1095, 4.0143,<br>-12.1399 |

# Details


The Android color `4283650673` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `4285559122`, and the grayscale version is `4283848278`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286940069`, and `4280624449` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282926961`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284374385`.

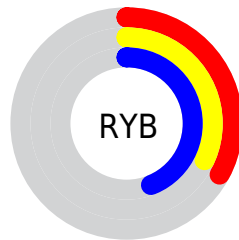
# Distribution



 Red (33%)

 Green (32%)

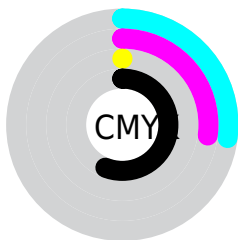
 Blue (44%)



 Red (33%)

 Yellow (32%)

 Blue (44%)

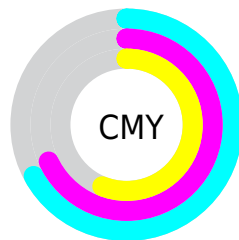


 Cyan (27%)

 Magenta (27%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (56%)



 Cyan (67%)

 Magenta (68%)

 Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283650673 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283650673 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283650673



4283650673

4294967295



4282071896



4286940069



4280624449



4288650688



4279243051



4290492636



4278190358



4292269305



4278190080



4294177023



4283650673



4283650673



4282926961



4284374385



4282202993



4285098353

■ 4281479281

■ 4285822065

■ 4280755569

■ 4286545777

■ 4280031857

■ 4287269745

■ 4279307889

■ 4287993457

■ 4278584177

■ 4288717169

■ 4278452337

■ 4289375345

■ 4290099313

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282144627



4283650673



4284894567

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283650673



4285419068



4281294161

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283650673



4285559122

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282473282



4283650673



4284633910

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283650673



4285811273



4283652152



4280442209

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283650673



4285418078



4283652152



4281687372



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283650673



4287137940



4283592817



4282598218



4291414473



4283058762



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283650673



4284834708



4284633713



4281545272



4278452344



4278714615



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285616752



4287914898



4284576082



4281872952



4286054516



4294377711



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283650673 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

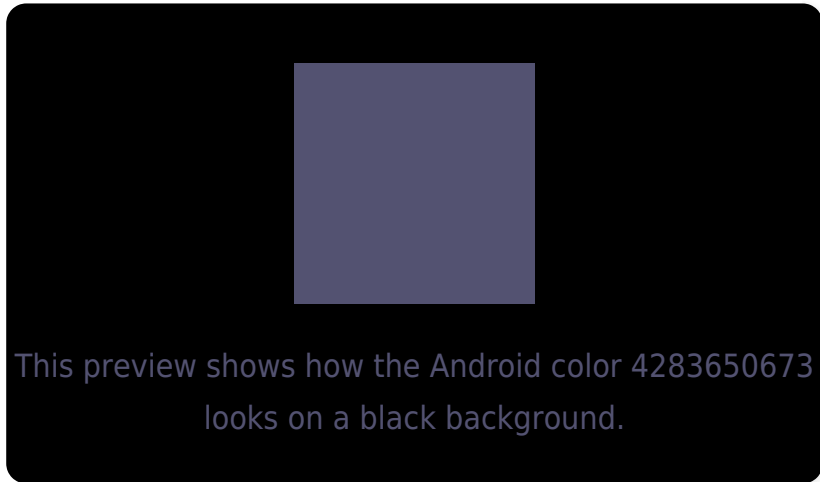
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283650673 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283650673.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283650673.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



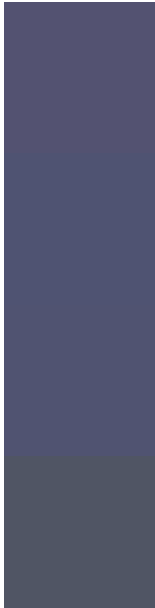
**Original Color**  
4283650673

**Protanopia**  
4283192434

**Deuteranopia**  
4283323505



# Trichromacy



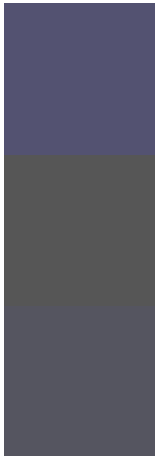
**Original Color**  
4283650673

**Protanomaly**  
4283388786

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283454321

**Tritanomaly**  
4283454820

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283650673

**Achromatopsia**  
4283848278

**Achromatomaly**  
4283782496

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283650673 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 82, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 82, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 82, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 82, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283650673 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 82, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 82, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 82, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 82, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 82, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 82,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283650673 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 82, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 82,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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