

# Converting Colors

Android(4283651673)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283651673) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283651673)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	535659
RGB	83, 86, 89
RGB Percent	33%, 34%, 35%
CMY	0.6745, 0.6627, 0.6510
CMYK	0.07, 0.03, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	210°, 3%, 34%
HSV	210°, 7%, 35%
XYZ	8.6982, 9.2158, 10.7716
YIQ	85.4450, -2.7510, 0.2970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

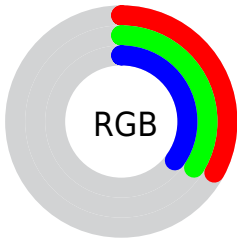
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">83, 85, 89</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5461593</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">36.40, -0.53, -2.16</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">36, 2.223, 256.295</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">9.2158, 0.3032, 0.3213</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4283651673</a> (0xFF535659)
YUV	<a href="#">85.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">30.3576, -1.9810, 0.2129</a>

# Details

The Android color **4283651673** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **4284044883**, and the grayscale version is **4283782485**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286875787**, and **4280690988** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283060825**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4284242521**.

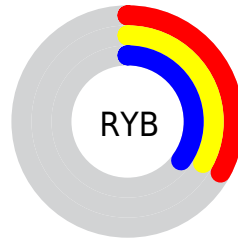
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (34%)

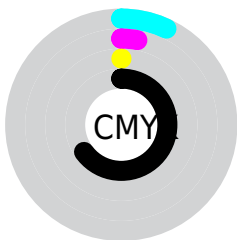
Blue (35%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (35%)

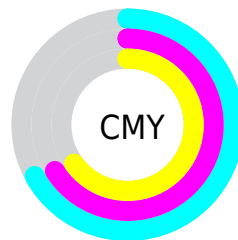


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283651673 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283651673 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283651673



4283651673

4294967295



4282138434



4286875787



4280690988



4288651941



4279375127



4290362816



4278190080



4292205020



4294112761



4283651673



4283651673



4283060825



4284242521



4282469721



4284833625

■ 4281878873

■ 4285424473

■ 4281287769

■ 4286015577

■ 4280762457

■ 4286606425

■ 4280171353

■ 4287131993

■ 4279580505

■ 4287722841

■ 4278989401

■ 4288313945

■ 4278398553

■ 4288904793

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283586136



4283651673



4283782489

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283651673



4284109909



4283717203

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283651673



4284044883

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283848274



4283651673



4284044627

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283651673



4284044630



4283979090



4283586389

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283651673



4283848024



4283979090



4283782739



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283651673



4285559411



4283652438



4281940539



4290427578



4282071867



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283651673



4285165171



4283650905



4280756523



4278204011



4278220267



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284044118



4285753966



4284045651



4281018153



4285202486

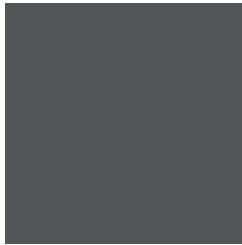


4293591157



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283651673 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

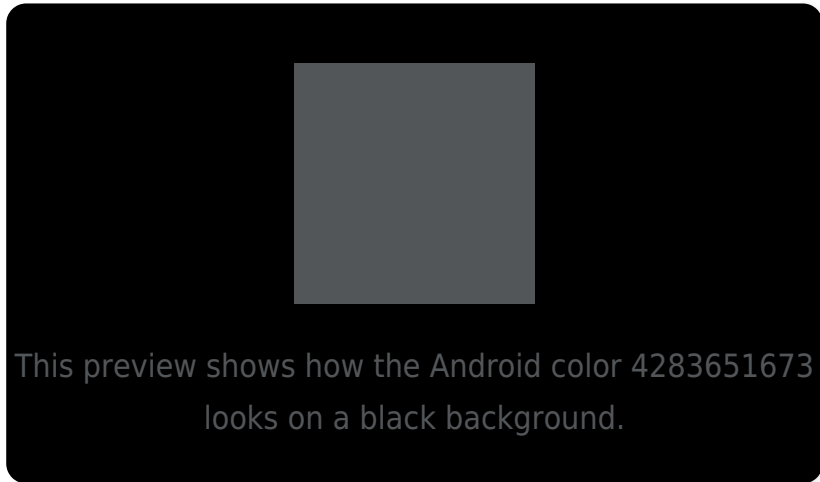
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

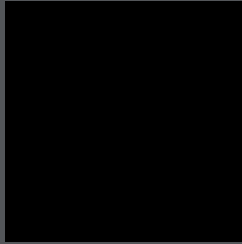
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

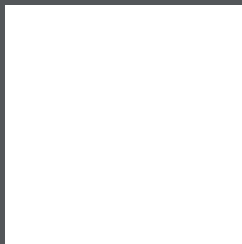
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283651673 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283651673.

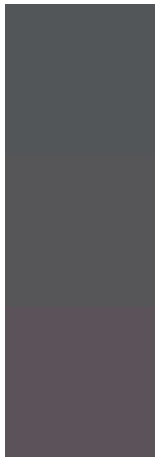


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283651673.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



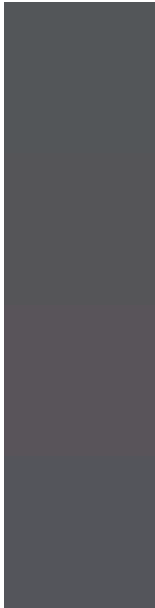
**Original Color**  
4283651673

**Protanopia**  
4283848024

**Deuteranopia**  
4284240730



# Trichromacy



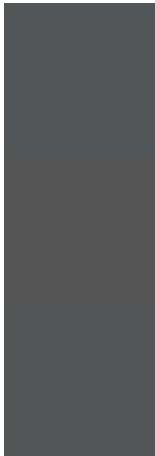
**Original Color**  
4283651673

**Protanomaly**  
4283782488

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284044378

**Tritanomaly**  
4283716955

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283651673

**Achromatopsia**  
4283782485

**Achromatomaly**  
4283716950

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283651673 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 86, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 86, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 86, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 86, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283651673 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 86, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 86, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 86, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 86, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 86, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 86, 89)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283651673 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 86, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 86,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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