

# Converting Colors

Android(4283660414)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283660414) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283660414)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	53787E
RGB	83, 120, 126
RGB Percent	33%, 47%, 49%
CMY	0.6745, 0.5294, 0.5059
CMYK	0.34, 0.05, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	188°, 21%, 41%
HSV	188°, 34%, 49%
XYZ	14.0496, 16.7783, 22.2367
YIQ	109.6210, -23.9780, -5.9780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

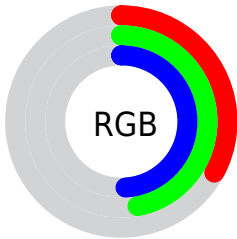
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	83, 103, 126
Decimal	5470334
CIELab	47.98, -11.40, -7.47
CIELCh	48, 13.632, 213.225
Yxy	16.7783, 0.2648, 0.3162
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283660414 (0xFF53787E)
YUV	109.6210, 8.0748, -23.3466
Hunter-Lab	40.9613, -10.4572, -3.5139

# Details

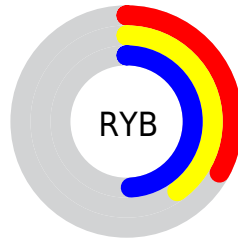
The Android color `4283660414` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336666`. A complement of this color would be `4286470483`, and the grayscale version is `4285427310`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287016115`, and `4280436557` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282807934`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284512894`.

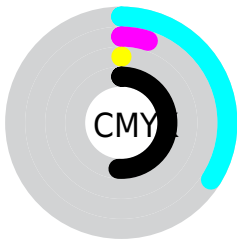
# Distribution



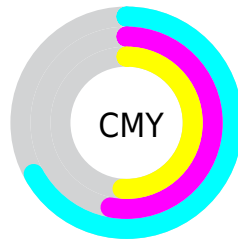
- Red (33%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283660414 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283660414 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283660414



4283660414

4294967295



4282081125



4287016115



4280436557



4288792782



4278726966



4290569450



4278197281



4292411391



4278190090



4294311935



4278190080



4283660414



4283660414



4282807934



4284512894



4282020990



4285299838

■ 4281168766

■ 4286152062

■ 4280381822

■ 4286939006

■ 4279529342

■ 4287791486

■ 4278676862

■ 4288643966

■ 4278217854

■ 4289430654

■ 4290283134

■ 4291070078

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283857267



4283660414



4284053126

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283660414



4286737276



4286214491

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283660414



4286470483

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286869086



4283660414



4287195761

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283660414



4285951877



4287196006



4285363550

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283660414



4284642440



4287196006



4286410843



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283660414



4287865251



4283661913



4282929234



4291940817



4283585106



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283660414



4284521123



4283655038



4281941824



4278218368



4278190080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286468984



4288897178



4286475859



4282399039



4286578798



4278190080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283660414 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

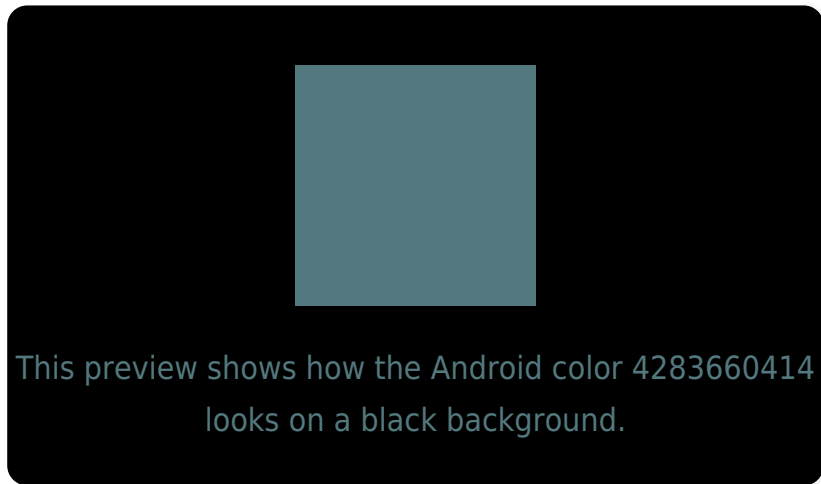
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

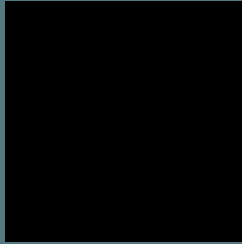
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283660414 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283660414.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283660414.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4283660414

**Protanopia**

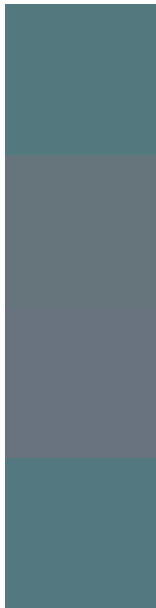
4285624698

**Deuteranopia**

4285951872



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283660414

**Protanomaly**  
4284904571

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285100671

**Tritanomaly**  
4283725952

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283660414

**Achromatopsia**  
4285427310

**Achromatomaly**  
4284772980

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283660414 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 120, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 120, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 120, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 120, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283660414 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 120, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 120, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 120, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 120, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 120, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 120,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283660414 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 120, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 120,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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