

# Converting Colors

Android(4283777034)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283777034) contains.

<b>Android(4283777034)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

**Color**

**Android(4283777034)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	55400A
RGB	85, 64, 10
RGB Percent	33%, 25%, 4%
CMY	0.6667, 0.7490, 0.9608
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.88, 0.67
HSL	43°, 79%, 19%
HSV	43°, 88%, 33%
XYZ	5.6345, 5.6200, 1.0750
YIQ	64.1230, 29.8500, -12.3420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

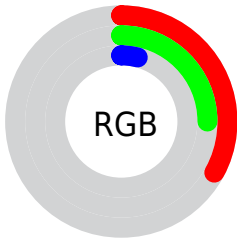
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	39, 85, 10
Decimal	5586954
CIELab	28.43, 3.44, 33.70
CIELCh	28, 33.878, 84.176
Yxy	5.6200, 0.4570, 0.4558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283777034 (0xFF55400A)
YUV	64.1230, -26.6826, 18.3091
Hunter-Lab	23.7065, 0.9389, 13.9061

# Details

The Android color **4283777034** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4278853461**, and the grayscale version is **4282400832**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4287262521**, and **4280555008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283776514**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283777555**.

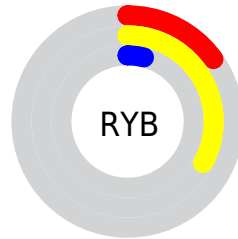
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (25%)

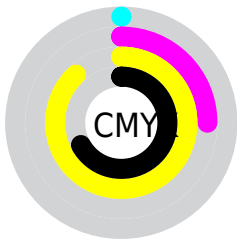
Blue (4%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (4%)

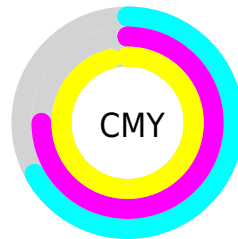


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283777034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283777034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4283777034

 4283777034

 4294967282

 4282198528

 4287262521

 4280555008

 4289038673

 4278190080

 4290880362

 4292787844

 4294695582

 4294964921

 4294967253

 4283777034

 4283777034

■ 4283776514

■ 4283777555

■ 4283776256

■ 4283778331

■ 4283778852

■ 4283779628

■ 4283780149

■ 4283780669

■ 4283781446

■ 4283781966

■ 4283782486

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285019673



4283777034



4282140687

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283777034



4278210392



4284363618

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283777034



4278853461

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282007155



4283777034



4278209901

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283777034



4278210365



4278208631



4285475657

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283777034



4280765467



4278208631



4283709289



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283777034



4285425233



4283763231



4281873191



4290295992



4281874488



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283777034



4285419264



4282733834



4281018919



4285222144



4293634304



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278853461



4278198126



4279896661



4280756267



4278197867

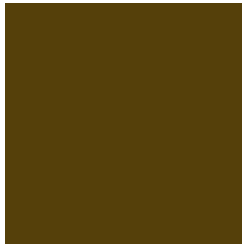


4278207211



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283777034 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

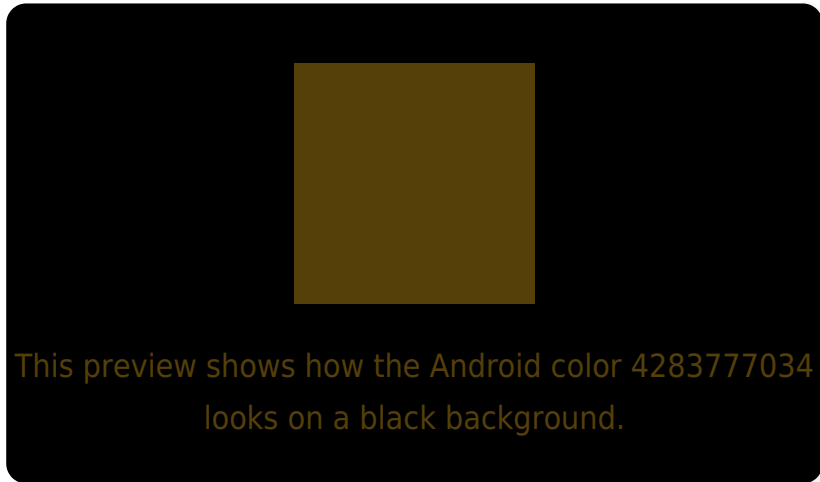
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283777034 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283777034.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283777034.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283777034

**Protanopia**  
4283188235

**Deuteranopia**  
4283777034



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4283777034

**Protanomaly**

4283384587

**Deuteranomaly**

4283777034

**Tritanomaly**

4283907372

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4283777034

**Achromatopsia**

4282400832

**Achromatomaly**

4282925100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283777034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 64, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 64, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 64, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 64, 10) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283777034 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 64, 10) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 64, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 64, 10)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 64, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 64, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 64, 10)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283777034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 64, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 64,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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