

# Converting Colors

Android(4283780106)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283780106) contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>Android(4283780106)</b> .....               | 3  |
| <i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....                | 4  |
| <i><b>Details</b></i> .....                    | 6  |
| <i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....                  | 11 |
| <i><b>Previews</b></i> .....                   | 23 |
| <i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> ..... | 26 |
| <i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....               | 29 |

**Color**

**Android(4283780106)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | 554C0A                     |
| RGB         | 85, 76, 10                 |
| RGB Percent | 33%, 30%, 4%               |
| CMY         | 0.6667, 0.7020, 0.9608     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.11, 0.88, 0.67     |
| HSL         | 53°, 79%, 19%              |
| HSV         | 53°, 88%, 33%              |
| XYZ         | 6.3855, 7.1221, 1.3253     |
| YIQ         | 71.1670, 26.5500, -18.6180 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

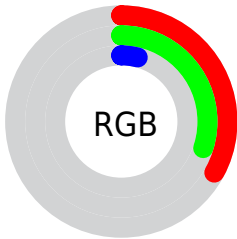
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 20, 85, 10                    |
| Decimal                             | 5590026                       |
| CIE Lab                             | 32.08, -3.99, 36.90           |
| CIE LCh                             | 32, 37.112, 96.177            |
| Yxy                                 | 7.1221, 0.4305,<br>0.4802     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4283780106<br>(0xFF554C0A)    |
| YUV                                 | 71.1670, -30.1553,<br>12.1315 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 26.6872, -3.9924,<br>15.7367  |

# Details

The Android color **4283780106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **4278850389**, and the grayscale version is **4282861383**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4287200571**, and **4280557568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283779842**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283780371**.

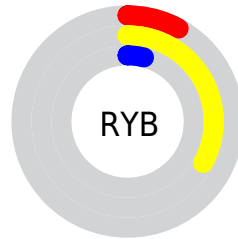
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (30%)

Blue (4%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (4%)

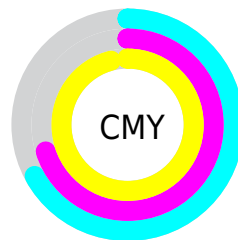


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283780106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283780106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4283780106

 4283780106

 4294967285

 4282201344

 4287200571

 4280557568

 4289042004

 4278258176

 4290883949

 4278190080

 4292725894

 4294633633

 4294967228

 4294967257

 4283780106

 4283780106

■ 4283779842

■ 4283780371

■ 4283779840

■ 4283780635

■ 4283780900

■ 4283781164

■ 4283781429

■ 4283781693

■ 4283781958

■ 4283782222

■ 4283782486

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285350164



4283780106



4281750297

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283780106



4278212973



4285740388

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283780106



4278850389

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283711867



4283780106



4278211969

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283780106



4278212945



4279389574



4286591047

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283780106



4279850793



4279389574



4285217132



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283780106



4285426257



4283763220



4281873959



4290295992



4281874488



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283780106



4285423616



4281947402



4281019175



4285226496



4293643776



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278850389



4278193518



4280617557



4280756267



4278193515

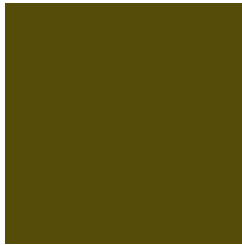


4278197483



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283780106 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

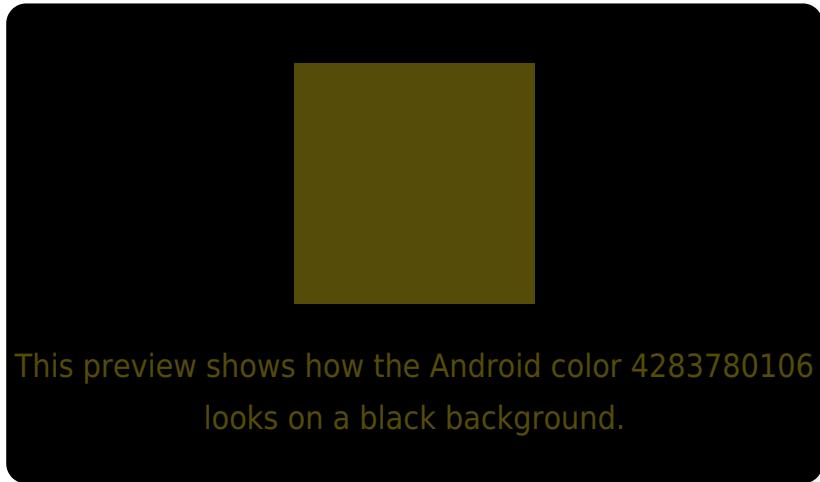
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283780106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283780106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283780106.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

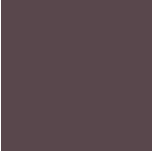
4283780106

**Protanopia**

4283780106

**Deuteranopia**

4284434445



**Tritanopia**  
4284041036

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283780106

**Protanomaly**  
4283780106

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284172556

**Tritanomaly**  
4283975988

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283780106

**Achromatopsia**  
4282861383

**Achromatomaly**  
4283189553

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283780106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 76, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 76, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 76, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 76, 10) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283780106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 76, 10) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 76, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 76, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 76, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 76, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 76, 10)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283780106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 76, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 76,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor