

# Converting Colors

Android(4283898440)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283898440) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283898440)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	571A48
RGB	87, 26, 72
RGB Percent	34%, 10%, 28%
CMY	0.6588, 0.8980, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.17, 0.66
HSL	315°, 54%, 22%
HSV	315°, 70%, 34%
XYZ	5.4696, 3.2329, 6.4666
YIQ	49.4830, 21.5900, 27.2380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

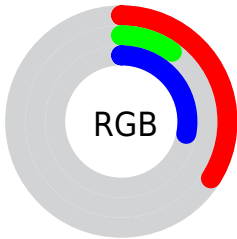
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	87, 26, 72
Decimal	5708360
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	20.95, 33.76, -14.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	21, 36.666, 337.014
Yxy	3.2329, 0.3606, 0.2131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283898440 (0xFF571A48)
YUV	49.4830, 11.1009, 32.9024
Hunter-Lab	17.9803, 22.8339, -8.7375

# Details

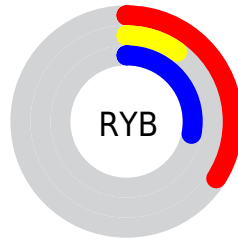
The Android color **4283898440** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **4279916329**, and the grayscale version is **4281413937**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4287318905**, and **4280942621** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283896134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283900746**.

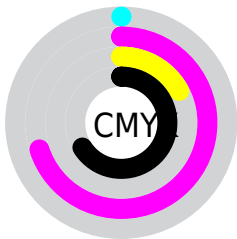
# Distribution



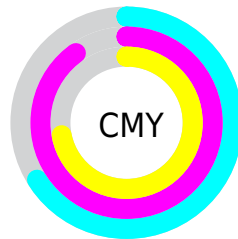
- Red (34%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283898440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283898440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283898440



4283898440

4294967295



4282253361



4287318905



4280942621



4289094802



4278190080



4290936237



4292778184



4294685669



4294955007



4294962175



4283898440



4283898440

■ 4283896134

■ 4283900746

■ 4283894084

■ 4283902796

■ 4283891778

■ 4283905102

■ 4283907409

■ 4283909715

■ 4283911765

■ 4283914071

■ 4283916377

■ 4283918427

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282001502



4283898440



4284551981

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283898440



4282004224



4278206034

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283898440



4279916329

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278206008



4283898440



4280039936

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283898440



4283377920



4278205724



4278205284

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283898440



4284487708



4278205724



4278206026



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283898440



4285553002



4280818263



4281870901



4290295992



4281874488



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283898440



4285534809



4283898410



4281018154



4285202513



4293591217



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283898440



4285534809



4279916359



4281018154



4285202513

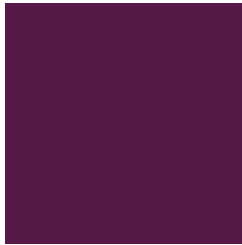


4293591217



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283898440 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

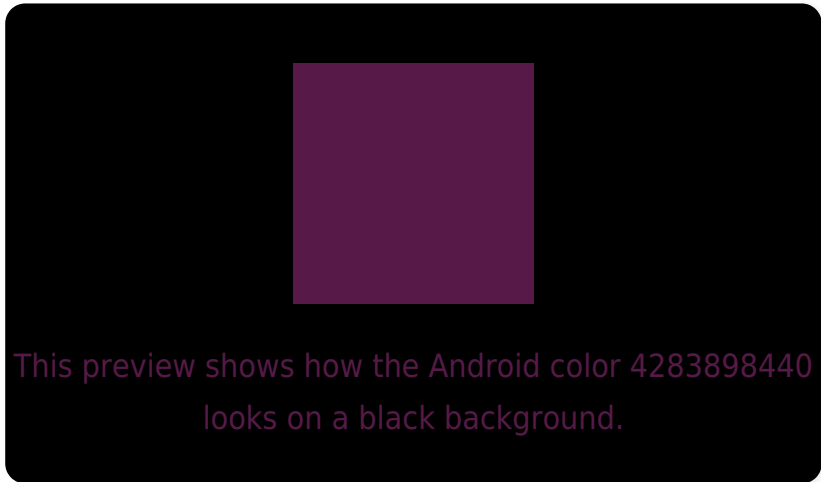
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

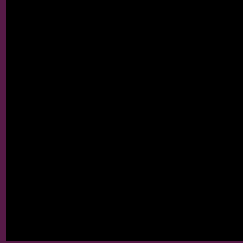
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283898440 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283898440.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283898440.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283898440

**Protanopia**  
4280300124

**Deuteranopia**  
4281348932



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283898440

**Protanomaly**  
4281608533

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282264133

**Tritanomaly**  
4283768882

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283898440

**Achromatopsia**  
4281413937

**Achromatomaly**  
4282329401

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283898440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 26, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 26, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 26, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 26, 72) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283898440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 26, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 26, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 26, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 26, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 26, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 26, 72)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283898440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 26, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 26,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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