

# Converting Colors

Android(4283912293)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283912293) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283912293)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	575065
RGB	87, 80, 101
RGB Percent	34%, 31%, 40%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6863, 0.6039
CMYK	0.14, 0.21, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	260°, 12%, 35%
HSV	260°, 21%, 40%
XYZ	9.1481, 8.7031, 13.5096
YIQ	84.4870, -2.5690, 8.0150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

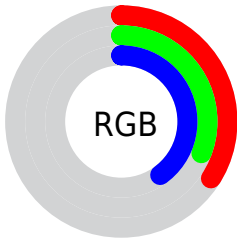
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	87, 80, 101
Decimal	5722213
CIE Lab	35.41, 7.56, -11.12
CIE LCh	35, 13.448, 304.211
Yxy	8.7031, 0.2917, 0.2775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283912293 (0xFF575065)
YUV	84.4870, 8.1409, 2.2039
Hunter-Lab	29.5011, 3.7248, -6.5003

# Details

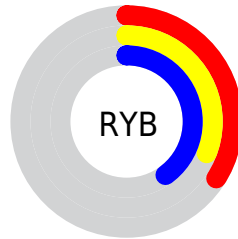
The Android color `4283912293` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4284376400`, and the grayscale version is `4283716692`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287201688`, and `4280886326` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283450981`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284373605`.

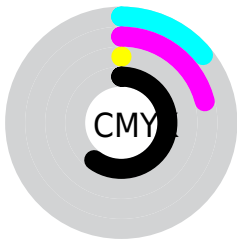
# Distribution



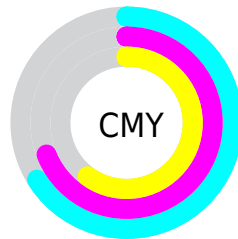
- Red (34%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283912293 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283912293 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4283912293

■ 4283912293

4294967295

■ 4282399053

■ 4287201688

■ 4280886326

■ 4288912307

■ 4279569953

■ 4290688718

■ 4278190088

■ 4292530922

■ 4278190080

■ 4294438655

■ 4283912293

■ 4283912293

■ 4283450981

■ 4284373605

■ 4283055205

■ 4284769381

■ 4282593893

■ 4285230693

■ 4282132581

■ 4285692005

■ 4281671269

■ 4286153573

■ 4281275237

■ 4286549349

■ 4280813925

■ 4287010661

■ 4280418405

■ 4287471973

■ 4287933285

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282995816



4283912293



4284632413

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283912293



4284698432



4281882964

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283912293



4284376400

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282538314



4283912293



4284109630

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283912293



4285091144



4283323969



4281686367

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283912293



4284959830



4283323969



4282079569



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283912293



4286413442



4283457125



4282334786



4290953922



4282532418



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283912293



4285293186



4284633189



4281347635



4280680563



4283498738



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284829790



4286734967



4283721040



4281544241



4285726796



4294049953



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283912293 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

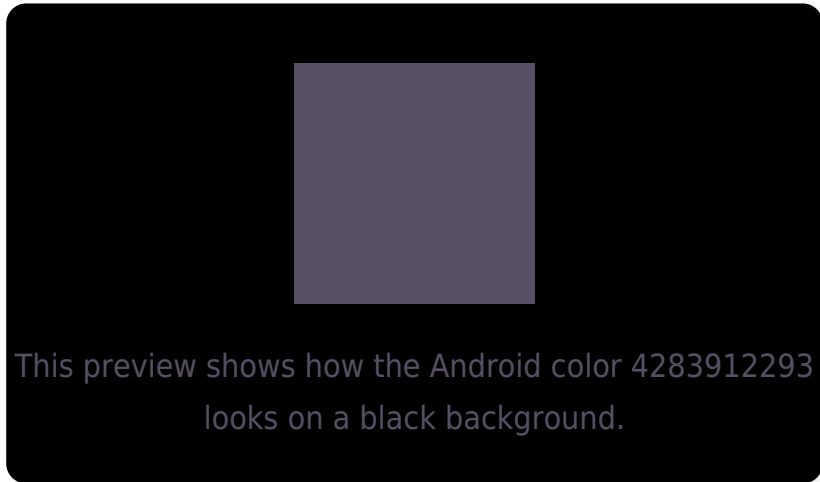
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283912293 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283912293.

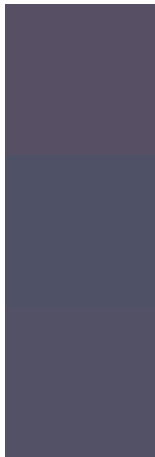


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283912293.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283912293

**Protanopia**  
4283388519

**Deuteranopia**  
4283650405



**Tritanopia**  
4283781721

# Trichromacy



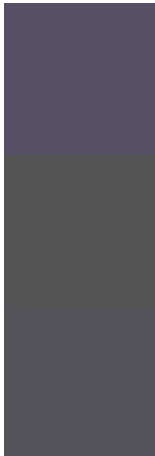
**Original Color**  
4283912293

**Protanomaly**  
4283584870

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283715941

**Tritanomaly**  
4283847005

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283912293

**Achromatopsia**  
4283716692

**Achromatomaly**  
4283781978

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283912293 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 80, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 80, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 80, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 80, 101) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283912293 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 80, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 80, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 80, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 80, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 80, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 80,  
101) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283912293 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 80, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 80,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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