

# Converting Colors

Android(4283914592)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283914592) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283914592)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	575960
RGB	87, 89, 96
RGB Percent	34%, 35%, 38%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6510, 0.6235
CMYK	0.09, 0.07, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	227°, 5%, 36%
HSV	227°, 9%, 38%
XYZ	9.6142, 10.0155, 12.4928
YIQ	89.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

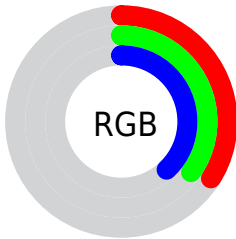
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	87, 89, 96
Decimal	5724512
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	37.87, 0.77, -4.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	38, 4.373, 280.111
Yxy	10.0155, 0.2993, 0.3118
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283914592 (0xFF575960)
YUV	89.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294
Hunter-Lab	31.6473, -1.1560, -1.2517

# Details

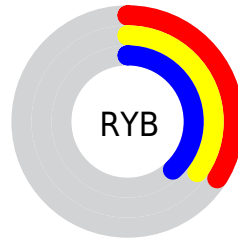
The Android color `4283914592` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4284505687`, and the grayscale version is `4284045657`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287204242`, and `4280953906` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283257440`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284571744`.

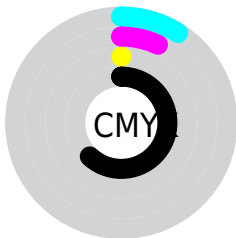
# Distribution



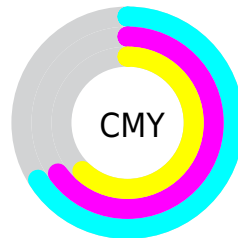
- Red (34%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283914592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283914592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283914592



4283914592

4294967295



4282401352



4287204242



4280953906



4288914861



4279572253



4290691272



4278190082



4292533476



4278190080



4294375935



4283914592



4283914592



4283257440



4284571744



4282665568



4285163616

■ 4282008416

■ 4285820768

■ 4281416544

■ 4286412640

■ 4280759392

■ 4287069792

■ 4280101984

■ 4287727200

■ 4279510368

■ 4288318816

■ 4278852960

■ 4288976224

■ 4278261344

■ 4289567840

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283652704



4283914592



4284176479

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283914592



4284569429



4283652951

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283914592



4284505687

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283914836



4283914592



4284373075

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283914592



4284569432



4284176722



4283521882

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283914592



4284372829



4284176722



4283718486



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283914592



4286151293



4283916382



4282203712



4290756543



4282400832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283914592



4285493885



4284045152



4281085232



4278196592



4278203888



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284503897



4286410610



4284375127



4281347117



4285530137

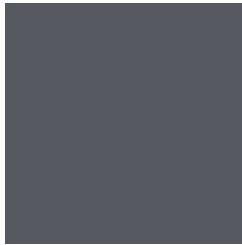


4293918773



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283914592 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

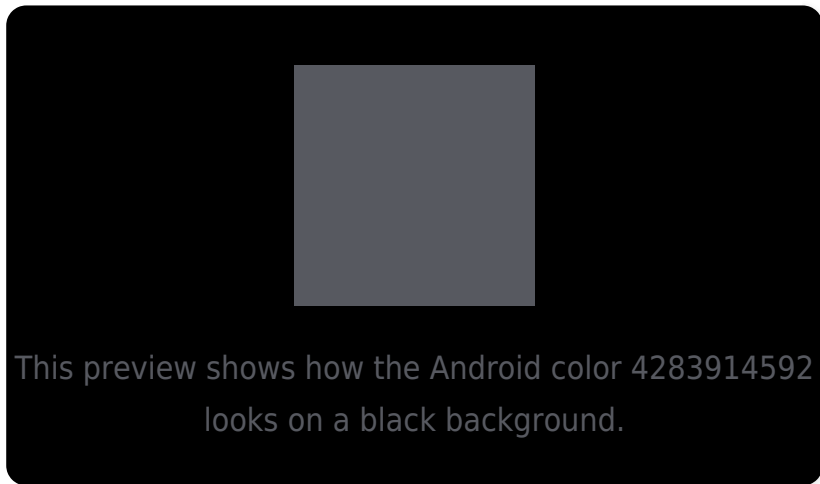
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

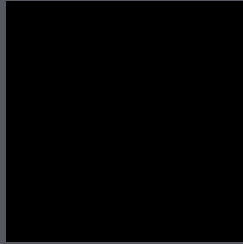
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283914592 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283914592.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283914592.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283914592

**Protanopia**  
4284045664

**Deuteranopia**  
4284372832



**Tritanopia**  
4283914592

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4283914592

**Protanomaly**

4283980128

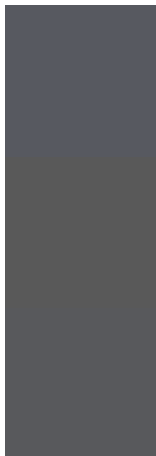
**Deuteranomaly**

4284176480

**Tritanomaly**

4283914592

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4283914592

**Achromatopsia**

4284045657

**Achromatomaly**

4283980124

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283914592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 89, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 89, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 89, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 89, 96) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283914592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 89, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 89, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 89, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 89, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 89, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 89, 96)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283914592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 89, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 89,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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