

# Converting Colors

Android(4284163364)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284163364) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284163364)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5B2524
RGB	91, 37, 36
RGB Percent	36%, 15%, 14%
CMY	0.6431, 0.8549, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.60, 0.64
HSL	1°, 43%, 25%
HSV	1°, 60%, 36%
XYZ	5.2944, 3.6747, 2.0993
YIQ	53.0320, 32.5050, 11.1370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

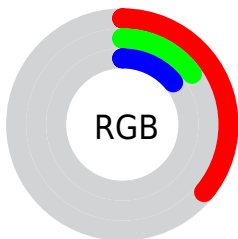
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	91, 37, 36
Decimal	5973284
CIELab	22.57, 24.72, 12.86
CIELCh	23, 27.870, 27.485
Yxy	3.6747, 0.4783, 0.3320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284163364 (0xFF5B2524)
YUV	53.0320, -8.3968, 33.2979
Hunter-Lab	19.1694, 15.7534, 6.9255

# Details

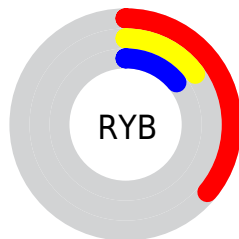
The Android color **4284163364** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **4280572507**, and the grayscale version is **4281677109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4287648848**, and **4281008128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4284161051**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4284165677**.

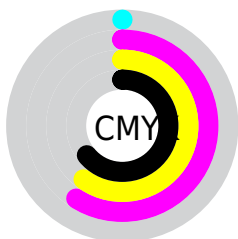
# Distribution



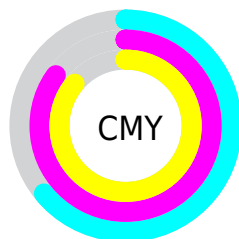
- Red (36%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284163364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284163364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



4284163364

4284163364

4294967295

4282453519

4287648848

4281008128

4289490281

4278190080

4291331714

4293239196

4294950071

4294957266

4294964718

4284163364

4284163364

■ 4284161051

■ 4284165677

■ 4284158738

■ 4284167990

■ 4284156425

■ 4284170303

■ 4284154368

■ 4284172616

■ 4284174930

■ 4284177243

■ 4284179556

■ 4284181613

■ 4284183926

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284097337



4284163364



4283575315

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284163364



4279385631



4278204767

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284163364



4280572507

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278206041



4284163364



4278206515

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284163364



4281219598



4278206536



4281545051

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284163364



4282921483



4278206536



4278205278



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284163364



4285882720



4284163162



4282068526



4290427578



4282071867



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284163364



4285866272



4284170276



4281215273



4285399552



4293723136



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280572507



4280317045



4280565595



4280888878



4278217838

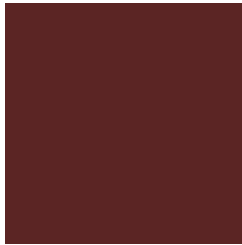


4278249965



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284163364 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

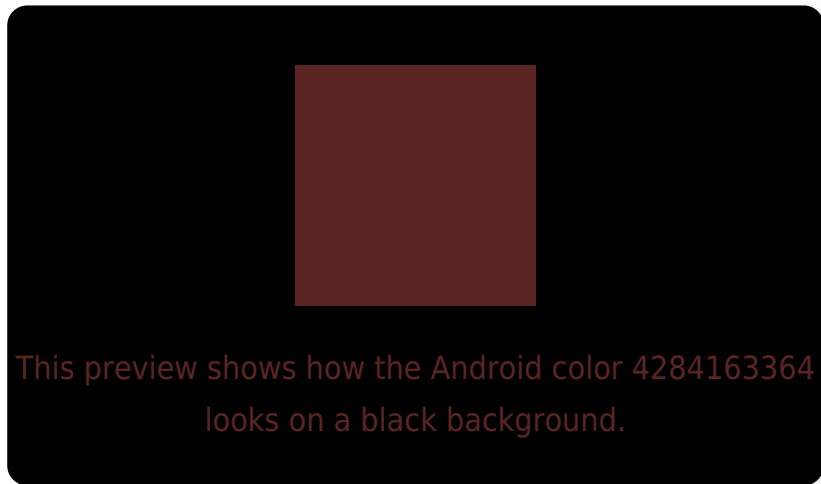
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284163364 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284163364.

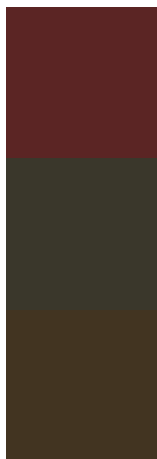


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284163364.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4284163364

**Protanopia**

4282005291

**Deuteranopia**

4282528801



# Trichromacy



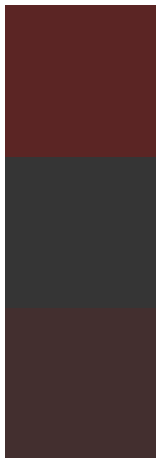
**Original Color**  
4284163364

**Protanomaly**  
4282789928

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283117346

**Tritanomaly**  
4284163366

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4284163364

**Achromatopsia**  
4281677109

**Achromatomaly**  
4282593071

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284163364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(91, 37, 36) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 37, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 37, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 37, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284163364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 37, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 37, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 37, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 37, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 37, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 37, 36)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284163364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 37, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 37,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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