

# Converting Colors

Android(4284182915)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284182915) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284182915)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B7183
RGB	91, 113, 131
RGB Percent	36%, 44%, 51%
CMY	0.6431, 0.5569, 0.4863
CMYK	0.31, 0.14, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	207°, 18%, 44%
HSV	207°, 31%, 51%
XYZ	14.3162, 15.6731, 23.7434
YIQ	108.4740, -18.8900, 0.9340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

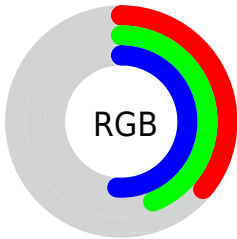
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	91, 105, 131
Decimal	5992835
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.54, -3.55, -12.55
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 13.041, 254.210
Yxy	15.6731, 0.2664, 0.2917
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284182915 (0xFF5B7183)
YUV	108.4740, 11.1053, -15.3247
Hunter-Lab	39.5893, -4.7321, -7.8463

# Details

The Android color `4284182915` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4286803291`, and the grayscale version is `4285295724`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287538616`, and `4281024850` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283329411`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285036419`.

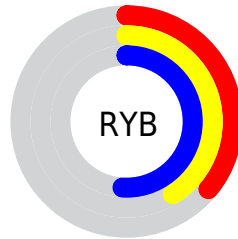
# Distribution



 Red (36%)

 Green (44%)

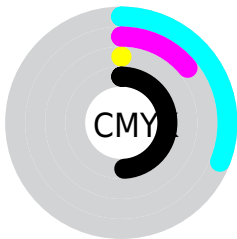
 Blue (51%)



 Red (36%)

 Yellow (41%)

 Blue (51%)

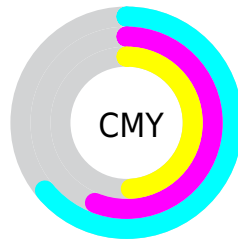


 Cyan (31%)


 Magenta (14%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (49%)



 Cyan (64%)

 Magenta (56%)

 Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284182915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284182915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284182915



4284182915

4294967295



4282603882



4287538616



4281024850



4289315028



4279511867



4291091696



4278196005



4292999423



4278190351

4294836223



4278190080



4284182915



4284182915



4283329411



4285036419



4282475907



4285889923

■ 4281622403

■ 4286743427

■ 4280768899

■ 4287596931

■ 4279915651

■ 4288515715

■ 4278996611

■ 4289369219

■ 4278208643

■ 4290222723

■ 4291076227

■ 4291929731

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283593853



4284182915



4285099395

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284182915



4286932841



4284838494

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284182915



4286803291

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285624153



4284182915



4286802016

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284182915



4286670709



4286344282



4284052584

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284182915



4285688704



4286344282



4285100380



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284182915



4288390315



4284187501



4283257431



4292269782



4283914071



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284182915



4285304491



4284177795



4282138434



4278208642



4278190339



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286798705



4289424526



4286808411



4282530879



4286709832



4278386689



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284182915 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

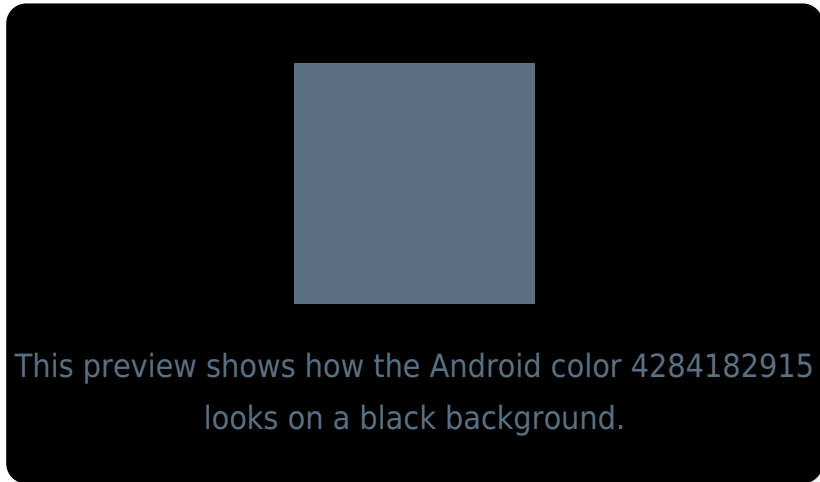
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

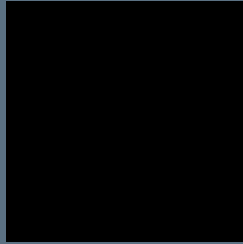
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

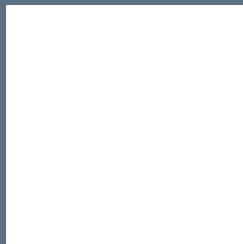
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284182915 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284182915.

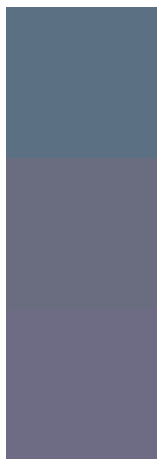


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284182915.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4284182915

**Protanopia**

4285164928

**Deuteranopia**

4285426820



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284182915

**Protanomaly**

4284837505

**Deuteranomaly**

4284968580

**Tritanomaly**

4284117630

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284182915

**Achromatopsia**

4285295724

**Achromatomaly**

4284903028

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284182915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 113, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 113, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 113, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 113, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284182915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 113, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 113, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 113, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 113, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 113, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 113,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284182915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 113, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 113,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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