

# Converting Colors

Android(4284184195)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284184195) contains.

<b>Android(4284184195)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4284184195)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B7683
RGB	91, 118, 131
RGB Percent	36%, 46%, 51%
CMY	0.6431, 0.5373, 0.4863
CMYK	0.31, 0.10, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	199°, 18%, 44%
HSV	199°, 31%, 51%
XYZ	14.8896, 16.8197, 23.9345
YIQ	111.4090, -20.2650, -1.6810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

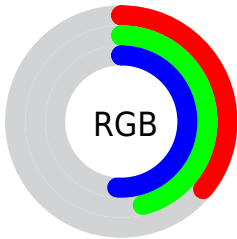
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	91, 107, 131
Decimal	5994115
CIE Lab	48.03, -6.46, -10.30
CIE LCh	48, 12.163, 237.897
Yxy	16.8197, 0.2676, 0.3023
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284184195 (0xFF5B7683)
YUV	111.4090, 9.6584, -17.8987
Hunter-Lab	41.0118, -6.9654, -5.8933

# Details

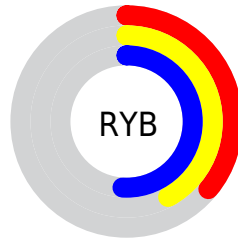
The Android color `4284184195` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4286802011`, and the grayscale version is `4285493103`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287539896`, and `4281026130` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283331203`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285037187`.

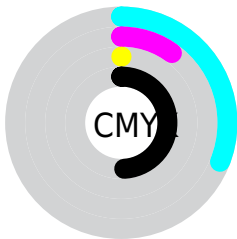
# Distribution



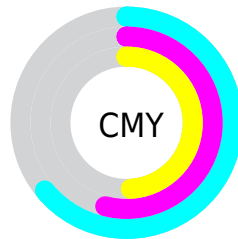
- Red (36%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284184195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284184195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284184195



4284184195

4294967295



4282604906



4287539896



4281026130



4289316308



4279512891



4291158512



4278197029



4293000959



4278190352

4294901759



4278190080



4284184195



4284184195



4283331203



4285037187



4282477955



4285890435

■ 4281624963

■ 4286743427

■ 4280771971

■ 4287596419

■ 4279918979

■ 4288514947

■ 4279000195

■ 4289368195

■ 4278212739

■ 4290221187

■ 4291074179

■ 4291927171

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283922555



4284184195



4284904326

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284184195



4286999411



4285559904

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284184195



4286802011

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286280030



4284184195



4287130473

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284184195



4286541181



4286803553



4284774247

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284184195



4285493637



4286803553



4285821790



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284184195



4288390827



4284187496



4283257943



4292269782



4283914071



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284184195



4285306539



4284179075



4282138690



4278212738



4278190595



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286798710



4289424534



4286807131



4282530880



4286709848



4278386690



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284184195 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

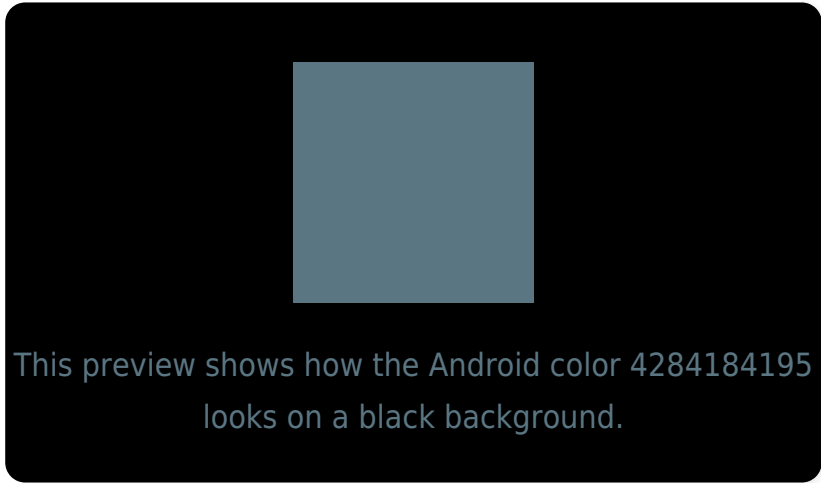
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

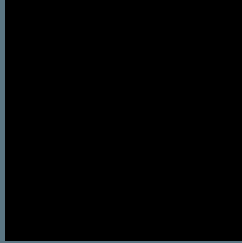
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

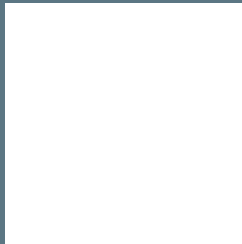
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284184195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284184195.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284184195.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4284184195

**Protanopia**

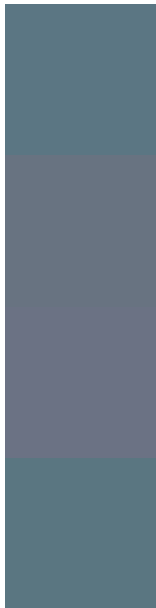
4285559168

**Deuteranopia**

4285820804



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284184195

**Protanomaly**

4285035393

**Deuteranomaly**

4285231748

**Tritanomaly**

4284118657

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284184195

**Achromatopsia**

4285493103

**Achromatomaly**

4285035126

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284184195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 118, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 118, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 118, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 118, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284184195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 118, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 118, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 118, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 118, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 118, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 118,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284184195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 118, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 118,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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