

# Converting Colors

Android(4284235091)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284235091) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284235091)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5C3D53
RGB	92, 61, 83
RGB Percent	36%, 24%, 33%
CMY	0.6392, 0.7608, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.10, 0.64
HSL	317°, 20%, 30%
HSV	317°, 34%, 36%
XYZ	7.6437, 6.2373, 8.9847
YIQ	72.7770, 11.4140, 13.4140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

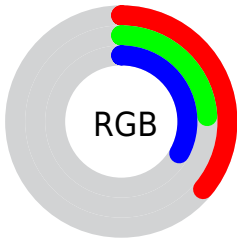
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 61, 83
Decimal	6045011
CIE Lab	30.00, 17.53, -7.76
CIE LCh	30, 19.168, 336.134
Yxy	6.2373, 0.3343, 0.2728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284235091 (0xFF5C3D53)
YUV	72.7770, 5.0399, 16.8586
Hunter-Lab	24.9747, 10.9258, -3.8474

# Details

The Android color **4284235091** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **4282211398**, and the grayscale version is **4282992969**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4287589764**, and **4281143846** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4284232784**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4284237398**.

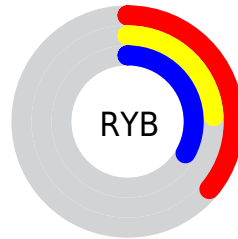
# Distribution



 Red (36%)

 Green (24%)

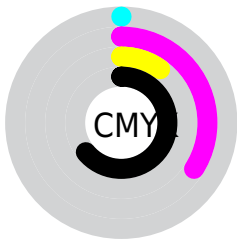
 Blue (33%)



 Red (36%)

 Yellow (24%)

 Blue (33%)

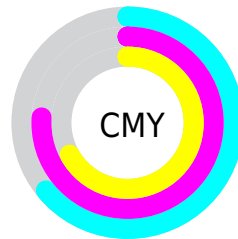


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (34%)

 Yellow (10%)

 Black (64%)



 Cyan (64%)

 Magenta (76%)

 Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284235091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284235091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284235091



4284235091

4294967295



4282656572



4287589764



4281143846



4289300127



4279959570



4291142074



4278190080



4292984021



4294891762



4294964479



4284235091



4284235091



4284232784



4284237398

■ 4284230478

■ 4284239704

■ 4284227915

■ 4284242267

■ 4284225608

■ 4284244574

■ 4284223302

■ 4284246880

■ 4284220995

■ 4284249187

■ 4284219457

■ 4284251494

■ 4284254056

■ 4284256363

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283187807



4284235091



4284693316

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284235091



4283320105



4279062104

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284235091



4282211398

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4279848777



4284235091



4282272558

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284235091



4284170796



4281093690



4280175458

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284235091



4284759098



4281093690



4279127635



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284235091



4286082164



4282793308



4282201659



4290624957



4282203453



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284235091



4286072938



4284235076



4281215277



4285399118



4293722280



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284235091



4286072938



4282211413



4281215277



4285399118

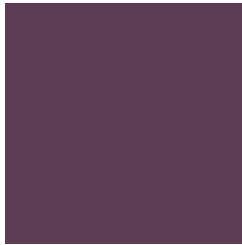


4293722280



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284235091 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

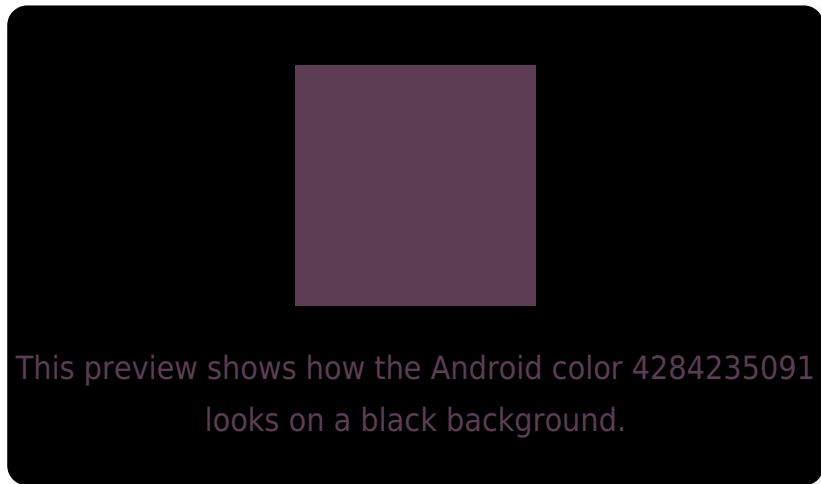
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

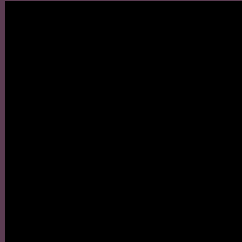
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284235091 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284235091.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284235091.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4284235091

**Protanopia**

4282533465

**Deuteranopia**

4282991954



# Trichromacy



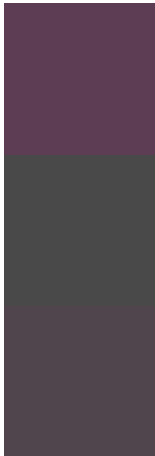
**Original Color**  
4284235091

**Protanomaly**  
4283122519

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283449938

**Tritanomaly**  
4284170058

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4284235091

**Achromatopsia**  
4282992969

**Achromatomaly**  
4283450701

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284235091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 61, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 61, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 61, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 61, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284235091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 61, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 61, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 61, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 61, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 61, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 61, 83)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284235091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 61, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 61,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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