

# Converting Colors

Android(4284301104)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284301104) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284301104)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D3F30
RGB	93, 63, 48
RGB Percent	36%, 25%, 19%
CMY	0.6353, 0.7529, 0.8118
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.48, 0.64
HSL	20°, 32%, 28%
HSV	20°, 48%, 36%
XYZ	6.8252, 6.0956, 3.6131
YIQ	70.2600, 22.6950, 1.6950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

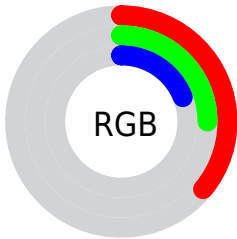
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	93, 71, 48
Decimal	6111024
CIELab	29.65, 11.05, 14.44
CIELCh	30, 18.182, 52.586
Yxy	6.0956, 0.4128, 0.3687
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284301104 (0xFF5D3F30)
YUV	70.2600, -10.9742, 19.9430
Hunter-Lab	24.6892, 6.1393, 8.6057




# Details

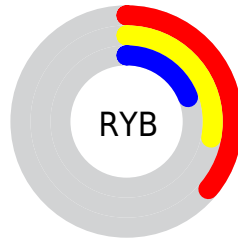
The Android color **4284301104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **4281355869**, and the grayscale version is **4282795590**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4287721310**, and **4281209857** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4284299559**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4284302649**.

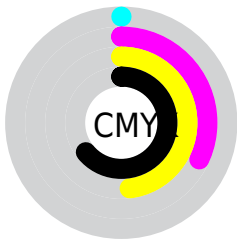
# Distribution







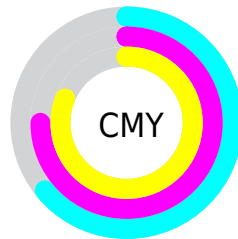
-  Red (36%)
-  Green (25%)
-  Blue (19%)






-  Red (36%)
-  Yellow (28%)
-  Blue (19%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (32%)
-  Yellow (48%)
-  Black (64%)



-  Cyan (64%)
-  Magenta (75%)
-  Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284301104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284301104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284301104



4284301104

4294967295



4282657051



4287721310



4281209857



4289497207



4279566336



4291338897



4278190080



4293181099



4294957510



4294964962



4284301104



4284301104



4284299559



4284302649

■ 4284298013

■ 4284304195

■ 4284296212

■ 4284305996

■ 4284294667

■ 4284307541

■ 4284293122

■ 4284309086

■ 4284292864

■ 4284310632

■ 4284312177

■ 4284313978

■ 4284315524

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284628028



4284301104



4283647018

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284301104



4280503618



4282598240

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284301104



4281355869

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281157730



4284301104



4279586128

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284301104



4281617460



4279782492



4283711319

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284301104



4283057962



4279782492



4282140001



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284301104



4286082150



4284297294



4282201650



4290624957



4282203453



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284301104



4286073394



4284306992



4281215785



4285408512



4293742336



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281355869



4281491832



4281350237



4280888366



4278208878



4278230765



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284301104 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

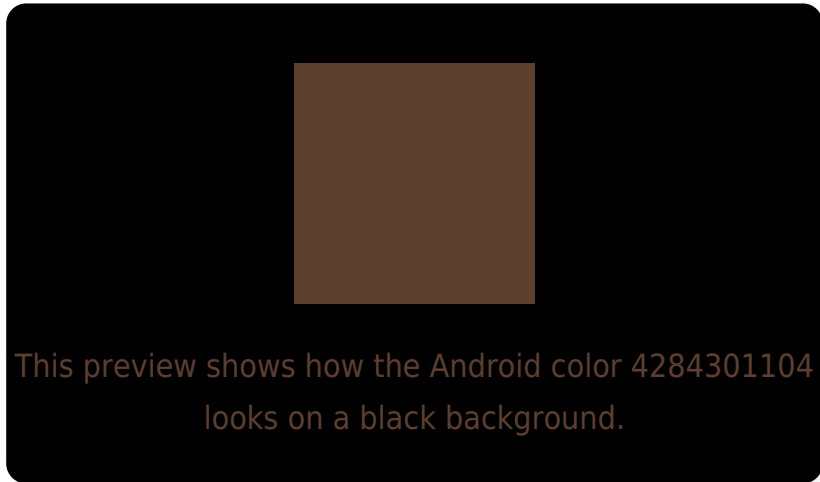
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284301104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284301104.

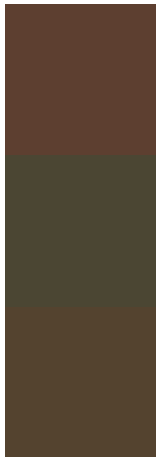


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284301104.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



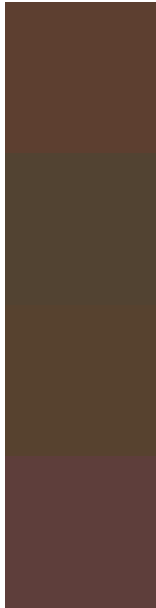
**Original Color**  
4284301104

**Protanopia**  
4283123251

**Deuteranopia**  
4283712303



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284301104

**Protanomaly**

4283581234

**Deuteranomaly**

4283908655

**Tritanomaly**

4284366395

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284301104

**Achromatopsia**

4282795590

**Achromatomaly**

4283319102

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284301104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(93, 63, 48) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 63, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 63, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 63, 48) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284301104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 63, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 63, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 63, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 63, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 63, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 63, 48)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284301104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 63, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 63,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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