

# Converting Colors

Android(4284317628)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284317628) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284317628)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D7FBC
RGB	93, 127, 188
RGB Percent	36%, 50%, 74%
CMY	0.6353, 0.5020, 0.2627
CMYK	0.51, 0.32, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	219°, 41%, 55%
HSV	219°, 51%, 74%
XYZ	21.1807, 21.1367, 50.5404
YIQ	123.7880, -39.8450, 11.7630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

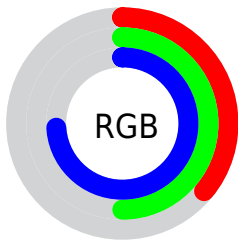
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	93, 118, 188
Decimal	6127548
CIE Lab	53.10, 5.30, -35.72
CIE LCh	53, 36.109, 278.434
Yxy	21.1367, 0.2281, 0.2276
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284317628 (0xFF5D7FBC)
YUV	123.7880, 31.6565, -27.0011
Hunter-Lab	45.9747, 1.7797, -32.9957

# Details

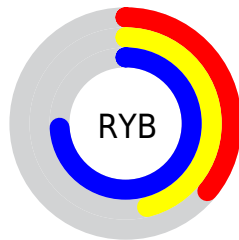
The Android color `4284317628` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `4290550365`, and the grayscale version is `4286348412`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287935477`, and `4280503942` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283069372`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285565884`.

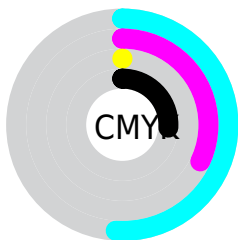
# Distribution



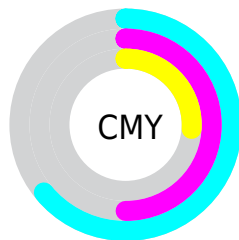
- Red (36%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284317628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284317628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4284317628

■ 4284317628

4294967295

■ 4282476193

■ 4287935477

■ 4280503942

■ 4289777663

■ 4278204525

■ 4291685375

■ 4278199124

■ 4293591039

■ 4278193469

■ 4278190886

■ 4278190351

■ 4278190080

■ 4284317628

■ 4284317628

■ 4283069372

■ 4285565884

■ 4281821116

■ 4286814140

■ 4280638396

■ 4287996860

■ 4279390140

■ 4289245116

■ 4278207420

■ 4290493372

■ 4291741628

■ 4292990140

■ 4294172860

■ 4294962364

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278487224



4284317628



4287460272

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284317628



4290145114



4282355047

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284317628



4290550365

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285040717



4284317628



4289033541

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284317628



4290405751



4287266880



4278226823

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284317628



4288965792



4287266880



4283337821



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284317628



4291878389



4284333209



4284771450



4294638330



4286216826



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284317628



4284454389



4285160892



4283783262



4278204830



4278192927



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4290534783



4294270869



4289707101



4284372312



4288544825



4280221707



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284317628 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

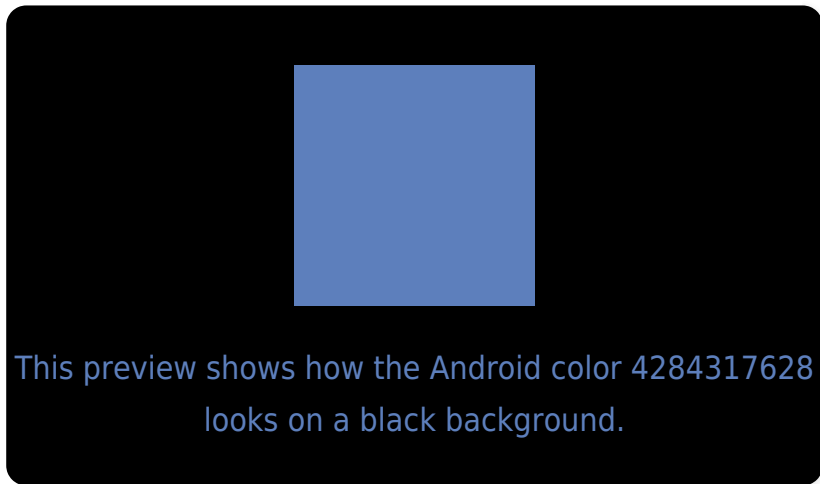
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

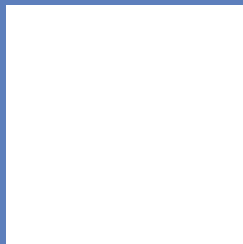
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284317628 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284317628.

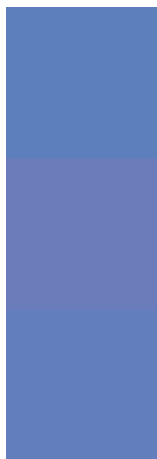


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284317628.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4284317628

**Protanopia**

4285168826

**Deuteranopia**

4284710588



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284317628

**Protanomaly**  
4284841403

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284579516

**Tritanomaly**  
4283729057

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4284317628

**Achromatopsia**  
4286348412

**Achromatomaly**  
4285627795

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284317628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 127, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 127, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 127, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 127, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284317628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 127, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 127, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 127, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 127, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 127, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 127,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284317628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 127, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 127,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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