

# Converting Colors

Android(4284369497)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284369497) contains.

<b>Android(4284369497)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4284369497)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E4A59
RGB	94, 74, 89
RGB Percent	37%, 29%, 35%
CMY	0.6314, 0.7098, 0.6510
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.05, 0.63
HSL	315°, 12%, 33%
HSV	315°, 21%, 37%
XYZ	8.8680, 7.9985, 10.5277
YIQ	81.6900, 7.1050, 8.9050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

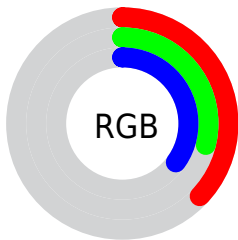
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	94, 74, 89
Decimal	6179417
CIE Lab	33.98, 11.35, -5.62
CIE LCh	34, 12.664, 333.639
Yxy	7.9985, 0.3237, 0.2920
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284369497 (0xFF5E4A59)
YUV	81.6900, 3.6038, 10.7959
Hunter-Lab	28.2816, 6.4779, -2.2732

# Details

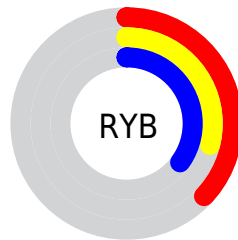
The Android color **4284369497** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **4283063887**, and the grayscale version is **4283585106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4287724427**, and **4281343532** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4284367191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4284371803**.

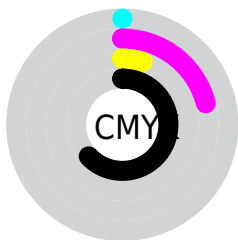
# Distribution



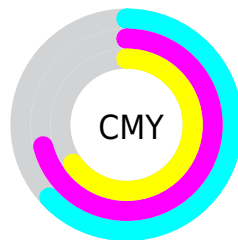
- Red (37%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284369497 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284369497 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284369497



4284369497

4294967295



4282790722



4287724427



4281343532



4289435045



4280026647



4291276736



4278190080



4293118940



4294961145



4284369497



4284369497



4284367191



4284371803



4284364628



4284374366

■ 4284362322

■ 4284376672

■ 4284359760

■ 4284379234

■ 4284357453

■ 4284381541

■ 4284355147

■ 4284383847

■ 4284352585

■ 4284386409

■ 4284350534

■ 4284388716

■ 4284391278

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283649377



4284369497



4284762447

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284369497



4283846716



4281619803

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284369497



4283063887

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281816657



4284369497



4283126591

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284369497



4284435518



4282406215



4282012514

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284369497



4284827976



4282406215



4281619800



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284369497



4286215033



4283386462



4282202428



4290624957



4282203453



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284369497



4286208882



4284369487



4281215277



4285399122



4293722290



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284369497



4286208882



4283063897



4281215277



4285399122

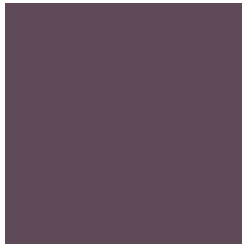


4293722290



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284369497 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

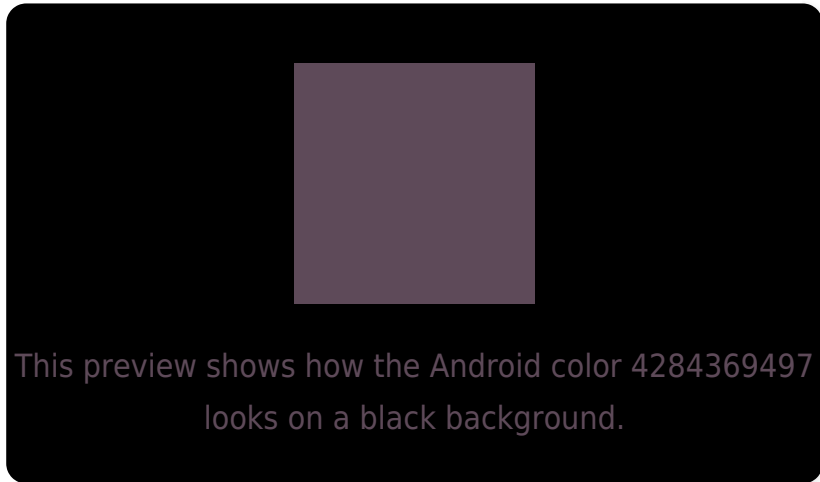
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

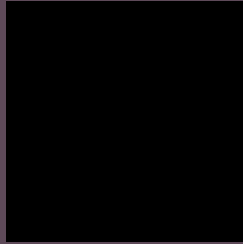
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284369497 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284369497.

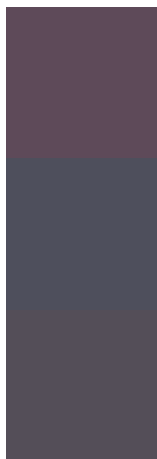


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284369497.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4284369497

**Protanopia**

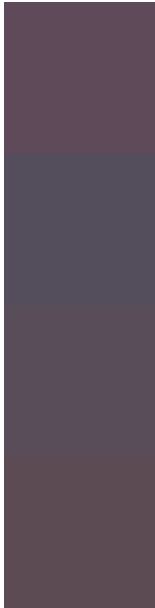
4283322204

**Deuteranopia**

4283715160



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284369497

**Protanomaly**

4283714907

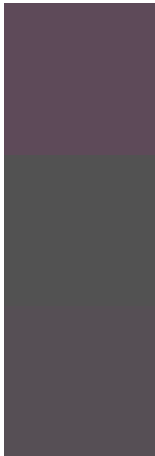
**Deuteranomaly**

4283977048

**Tritanomaly**

4284304212

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284369497

**Achromatopsia**

4283585106

**Achromatomaly**

4283846485

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284369497 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(94, 74, 89) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 74, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 74, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 74, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284369497 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 74, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 74, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 74, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 74, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 74, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 74, 89)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284369497 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 74, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 74,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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