

# Converting Colors

Android(4284373854)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284373854) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284373854)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E5B5E
RGB	94, 91, 94
RGB Percent	37%, 36%, 37%
CMY	0.6314, 0.6431, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	300°, 2%, 36%
HSV	300°, 3%, 37%
XYZ	10.3776, 10.6700, 12.1022
YIQ	92.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

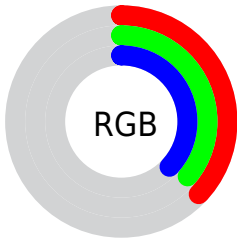
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	94, 91, 94
Decimal	6183774
CIELab	39.02, 1.83, -1.30
CIElCh	39, 2.242, 324.537
Yxy	10.6700, 0.3131, 0.3219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284373854 (0xFF5E5B5E)
YUV	92.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444
Hunter-Lab	32.6650, -0.4548, 0.8988

# Details

The Android color **4284373854** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **4284178011**, and the grayscale version is **4284243036**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4287663504**, and **4281347376** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4284371550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4284376158**.

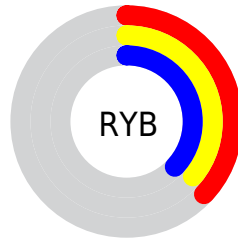
# Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (36%)

Blue (37%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (37%)

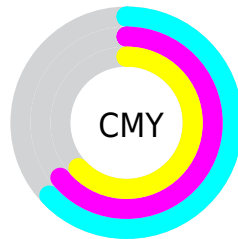


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284373854 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284373854 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284373854



4284373854

4294967295



4282795078



4287663504



4281347376



4289439659



4279965979



4291216326



4278190080



4293058530



4294966271



4284373854



4284373854



4284371550



4284376158



4284368990



4284378718

4284366686

4284381022

4284364126

4284383582

4284361822

4284385886

4284359518

4284388190

4284356958

4284390750

4284354654

4284393054

4284352094

4284395614

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284243039



4284373854



4284439388

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284373854



4284374104



4283981149

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284373854



4284178011

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283981147



4284373854



4284243033

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284373854



4284439385



4284112218



4283981151

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284373854



4284504923



4284112218



4283981149



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284373854



4286216570



4284177246



4282203453



4290624957

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284373854



4286215802



4284373853



4281216046



4285399150



4293722349



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284373854



4286215802



4284178013



4281216046



4285399150



4293722349



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284373854 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

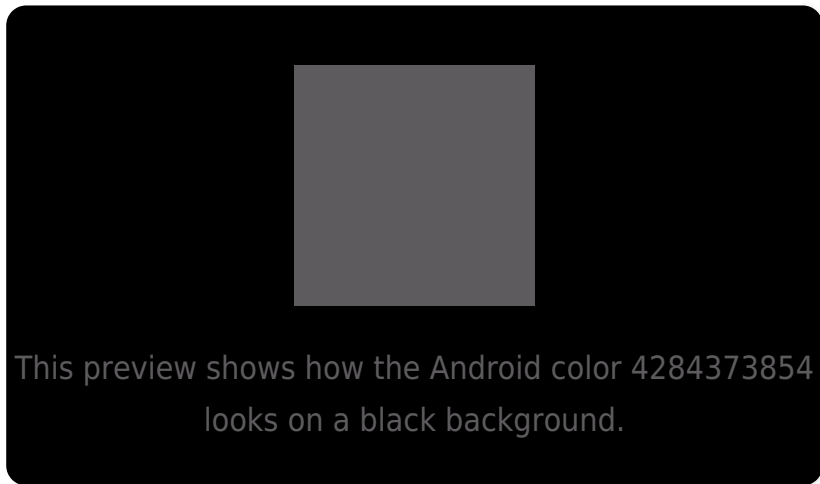
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## Android 4284373854 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284373854.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284373854.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284373854

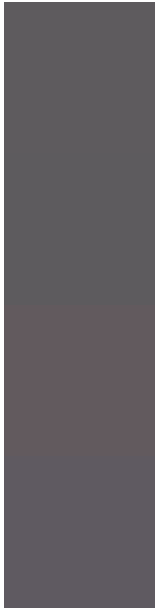
**Protanopia**  
4284308318

**Deuteranopia**  
4284766558



**Tritanopia**  
4284439138

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284373854

**Protanomaly**

4284308318

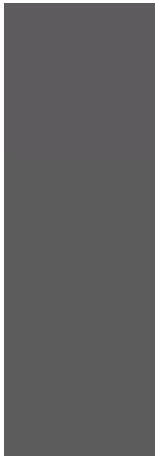
**Deuteranomaly**

4284635742

**Tritanomaly**

4284439137

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284373854

**Achromatopsia**

4284243036

**Achromatomaly**

4284308573

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284373854 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(94, 91, 94) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 91, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 91, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 91, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284373854 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 91, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 91, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 91, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 91, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 91, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 91, 94)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284373854 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 91, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 91,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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