

# Converting Colors

Android(4284375662)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284375662) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284375662)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E626E
RGB	94, 98, 110
RGB Percent	37%, 38%, 43%
CMY	0.6314, 0.6157, 0.5686
CMYK	0.15, 0.11, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	225°, 8%, 40%
HSV	225°, 15%, 43%
XYZ	11.7982, 12.2408, 16.4927
YIQ	98.1720, -6.2360, 2.8840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

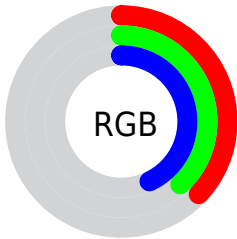
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	94, 97, 110
Decimal	6185582
CIE Lab	41.60, 1.16, -7.31
CIE LCh	42, 7.400, 279.011
Yxy	12.2408, 0.2911, 0.3020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284375662 (0xFF5E626E)
YUV	98.1720, 5.8312, -3.6588
Hunter-Lab	34.9869, -1.0335, -3.4583

# Details

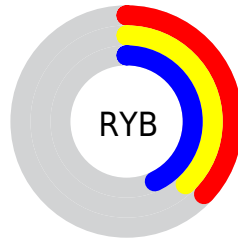
The Android color `4284375662` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4285426270`, and the grayscale version is `4284637794`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287665570`, and `4281349182` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283652718`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285098606`.

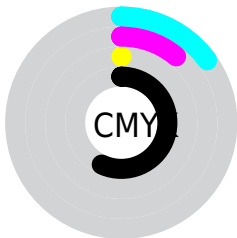
# Distribution



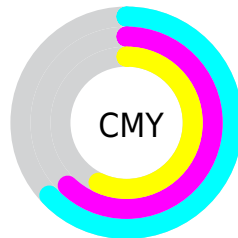
- Red (37%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284375662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284375662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284375662



4284375662

4294967295



4282796630



4287665570



4281349182



4289441725



4279967529



4291218392



4278191636



4293060597



4278190080



4284375662



4284375662



4283652718



4285098606



4282929774



4285821806



4282206574



4286544750

■ 4281483630

■ 4287267694

■ 4280760686

■ 4287990638

■ 4280037742

■ 4288713582

■ 4279314542

■ 4289436782

■ 4278591598

■ 4290159726

■ 4278197358

■ 4290882670

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283917421



4284375662



4284899436

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284375662



4285488987



4283983198

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284375662



4285426270

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284376153



4284375662



4285227095

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284375662



4285488736



4284834390



4283721316

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284375662



4285161320



4284834390



4284114268



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284375662



4287204239



4284378730



4282664263



4291282887



4282861383



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284375662



4286021007



4284636782



4281480248



4278197880



4278206199



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285423202



4287592317



4285165150



4281872948



4286054430

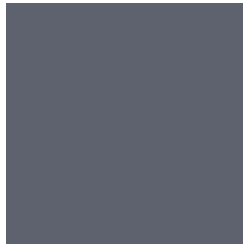


4294377534



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284375662 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

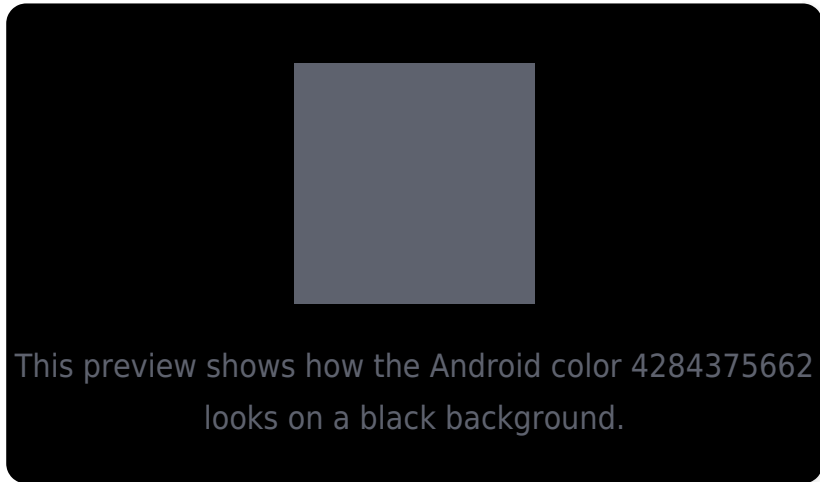
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

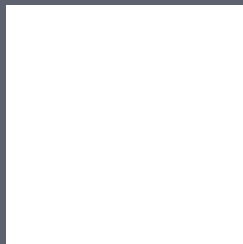
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284375662 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284375662.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284375662.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284375662

**Protanopia**  
4284506478

**Deuteranopia**  
4284899183



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284375662

**Protanomaly**

4284440942

**Deuteranomaly**

4284702831

**Tritanomaly**

4284310379

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284375662

**Achromatopsia**

4284637794

**Achromatomaly**

4284572262

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284375662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 98, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 98, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 98, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 98, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284375662 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 98, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 98, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 98, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 98, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 98, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 98,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284375662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 98, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 98,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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