

# Converting Colors

Android(4284376650)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284376650) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284376650)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | 5E664A                    |
| RGB         | 94, 102, 74               |
| RGB Percent | 37%, 40%, 29%             |
| CMY         | 0.6314, 0.6000, 0.7098    |
| CMYK        | 0.08, 0.00, 0.27, 0.60    |
| HSL         | 77°, 16%, 35%             |
| HSV         | 77°, 27%, 40%             |
| XYZ         | 10.6035, 12.3768, 8.3087  |
| YIQ         | 96.4160, 4.2200, -10.4040 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

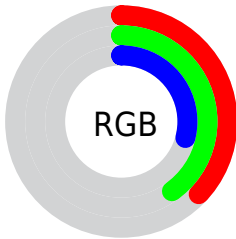
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 74, 102, 82                   |
| Decimal                             | 6186570                       |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 41.81, -8.48, 14.84           |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 42, 17.090, 119.739           |
| Yxy                                 | 12.3768, 0.3389,<br>0.3956    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4284376650<br>(0xFF5E664A)    |
| YUV                                 | 96.4160, -11.0511,<br>-2.1188 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 35.1807, -7.7663,<br>10.6239  |

# Details

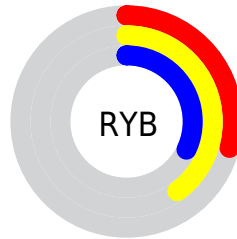
The Android color `4284376650` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666633`. A complement of this color would be `4283583078`, and the grayscale version is `4284572001`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287732091`, and `4281284382` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284180032`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284573268`.

# Distribution



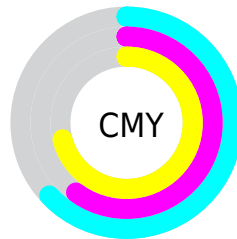
- Red (37%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284376650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284376650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284376650



4284376650

4294967295



4282797619



4287732091



4281284382



4289442965



4279968262



4291284911



4278193152



4293127115



4278190080



4294967271



4284376650



4284376650



4284180032



4284573268



4283983414



4284769886

■ 4283786795

■ 4284966505

■ 4283590177

■ 4285163123

■ 4283393559

■ 4285359741

■ 4283262477

■ 4285490823

■ 4283065859

■ 4285687441

■ 4283000320

■ 4285884060

■ 4286080678

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285358663



4284376650



4283328852

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284376650



4282411130



4286470243

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284376650



4283583078

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285881201



4284376650



4283524222

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284376650



4281952880



4284833659



4286536021

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284376650



4282673757



4284833659



4286339432



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284376650



4286743930



4284895818



4282401340



4290953922



4282532418



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284376650



4286088537



4283459146



4281479982



4283593472



4289589760



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283583078



4284832133



4284500582



4281282099



4280352883



4282712306



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284376650 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

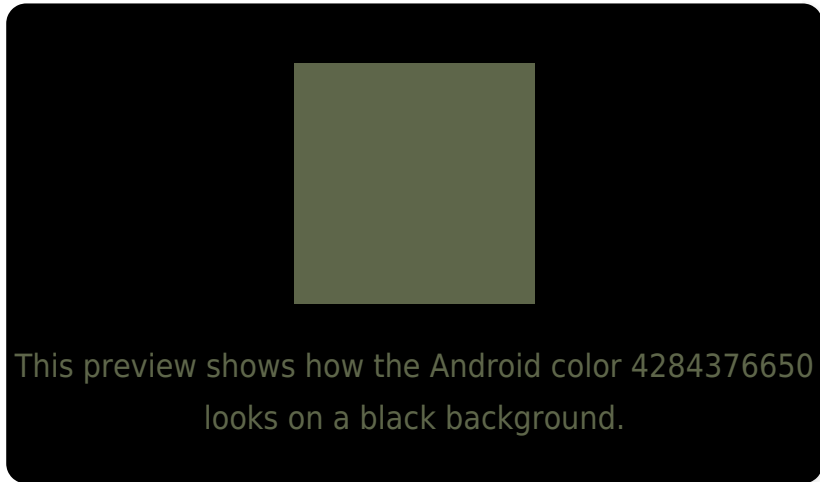
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

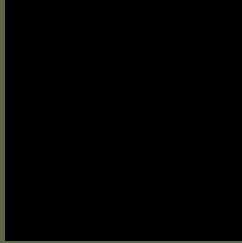
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

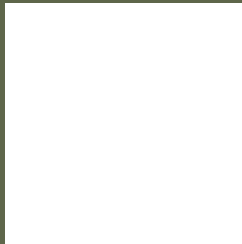
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284376650 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284376650.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284376650.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



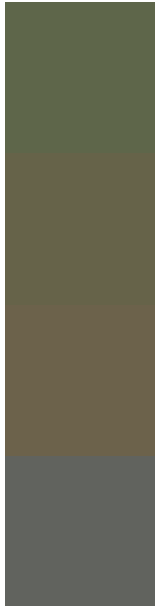
**Original Color**  
4284376650

**Protanopia**  
4285162056

**Deuteranopia**  
4285816652



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284376650

**Protanomaly**

4284900169

**Deuteranomaly**

4285293131

**Tritanomaly**

4284572510

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284376650

**Achromatopsia**

4284506208

**Achromatomaly**

4284441176

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284376650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(94, 102, 74) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 102, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 102, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 102, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284376650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 102, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 102, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 102, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 102, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 102, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 102,  
74) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284376650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 102, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 102,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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