

# Converting Colors

Android(4284463028)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284463028) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4284463028)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5FB7B4
RGB	95, 183, 180
RGB Percent	37%, 72%, 71%
CMY	0.6275, 0.2824, 0.2941
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.02, 0.28
HSL	178°, 38%, 55%
HSV	178°, 48%, 72%
XYZ	29.8910, 39.5952, 49.2472
YIQ	156.3460, -51.4850, -19.5890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

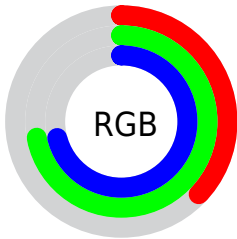
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	95, 140, 183
Decimal	6272948
CIELab	69.18, -27.14, -6.66
CIELCh	69, 27.942, 193.789
Yxy	39.5952, 0.2517, 0.3335
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284463028 (0xFF5FB7B4)
YUV	156.3460, 11.6614, -53.8004
Hunter-Lab	62.9247, -25.3256, -2.3553

# Details

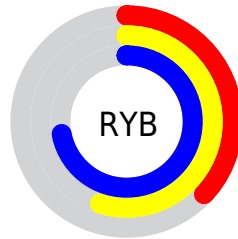
The Android color `4284463028` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `66CCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4290207586`, and the grayscale version is `4288453788`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288147436`, and `4280451711` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283283379`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285642677`.

# Distribution



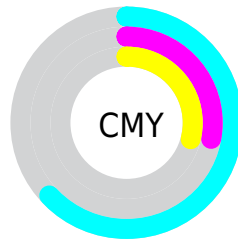
- Red (37%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284463028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284463028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284463028



4284463028

4294967295



4282555545



4288147436



4280451711



4290052095



4278216806



4291952639



4278210638



4293853183



4278204472



4278199074



4278190349



4278190080



4284463028



4284463028

■ 4283283379

■ 4285642677

■ 4282038195

■ 4286887861

■ 4280858546

■ 4288067510

■ 4279678898

■ 4289247158

■ 4278499249

■ 4290492343

■ 4278237105

■ 4291671992

■ 4292851640

■ 4294031289

■ 4294948794

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285970074



4284463028



4284331467

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284463028



4290485966



4291273593

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284463028



4290207586

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292320135



4284463028



4291991736

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284463028



4288325594



4292646558



4289702775

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284463028



4285247958



4292646558



4291731580



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284463028



4291620332



4284725087



4284708983



4294440951



4286085240



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284463028



4284804584



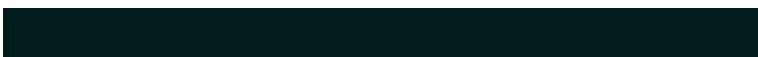
4284452791



4283653211



4278230166



4278197275



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4290207586



4293747816



4290217823



4284240723



4288413701

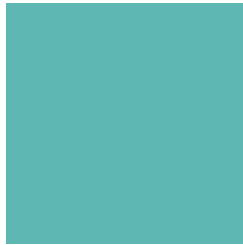


4280025089



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284463028 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

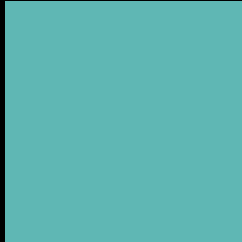
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284463028 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284463028 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284463028.

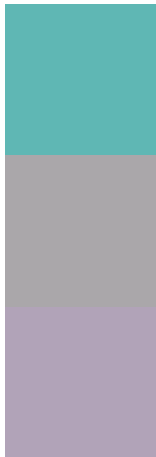


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284463028.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284463028

**Protanopia**  
4289374122

**Deuteranopia**  
4289831864



# Trichromacy



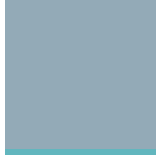
**Original Color**

4284463028



**Protanomaly**

4287606190



**Deuteranomaly**

4287867575



**Tritanomaly**

4284659390

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284463028



**Achromatopsia**

4288453788



**Achromatomaly**

4287014565

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284463028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 183, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 183, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 183, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 183, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284463028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

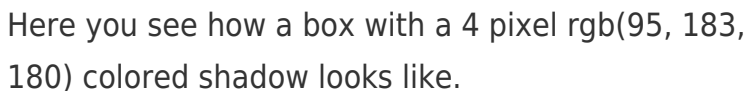
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 183, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 183, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 183, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 183, 180); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 183, 180); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 183, 180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284463028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 183, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 183,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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