

# Converting Colors

Android(4284518110)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284518110) contains.

<b>Android(4284518110)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4284518110)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	608EDE
RGB	96, 142, 222
RGB Percent	38%, 56%, 87%
CMY	0.6235, 0.4431, 0.1294
CMYK	0.57, 0.36, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	218°, 66%, 62%
HSV	218°, 57%, 87%
XYZ	27.6817, 27.1067, 72.8804
YIQ	137.3660, -53.0960, 15.1280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

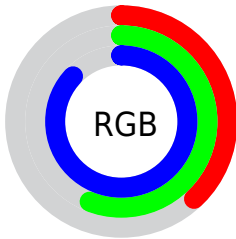
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	96, 130, 222
Decimal	6328030
CIE Lab	59.07, 7.84, -45.51
CIE LCh	59, 46.183, 279.770
Yxy	27.1067, 0.2168, 0.2123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284518110 (0xFF608EDE)
YUV	137.3660, 41.7246, -36.2780
Hunter-Lab	52.0641, 3.7935, -46.5504

# Details

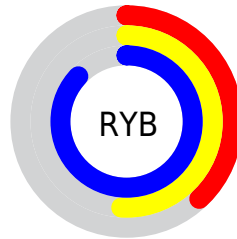
The Android color `4284518110` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6699FF`. A complement of this color would be `4292784224`, and the grayscale version is `4287203721`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288332799`, and `4279983270` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283072734`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285963486`.

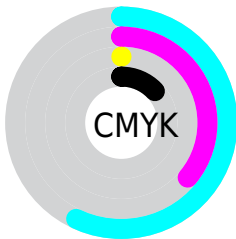
# Distribution



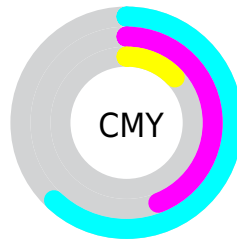
- Red (38%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)


















- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284518110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284518110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4284518110	 4284518110
4294967295	 4282480066
 4288332799	 4279983270
 4290306047	 4278207884
 4292214015	 4278202226
 4294180863	 4278197337
	 4278191169
	 4278190890
	 4278190356
	 4278190080

■ 4284518110

■ 4284518110

■ 4283072734

■ 4285963486

■ 4281627358

■ 4287408862

■ 4280116446

■ 4288919774

■ 4278671070

■ 4290365150

■ 4278211038

■ 4291810526

■ 4293256158

■ 4294701534

■ 4294967262

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278229722



4284518110



4288904909

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284518110



4292113244



4281180529

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284518110



4292784224

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285373261



4284518110



4290544193

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284518110



4292504450



4288254011



4278231963

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284518110



4290802872



4288254011



4282949476



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284518110



4292142079



4284538544



4284903296



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284518110



4283601407



4285620446



4284836208



4278206640



4278194736



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292763790



4294922897



4291681888



4285556073



4289724480



4281335826



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284518110 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

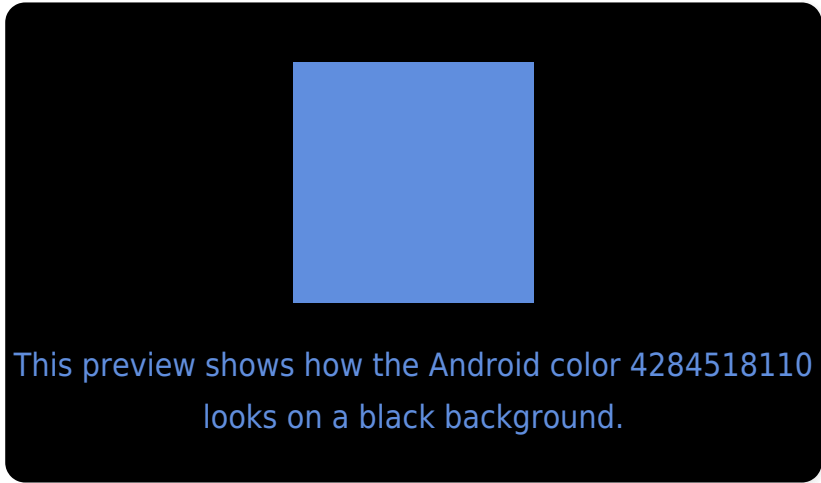
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284518110 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284518110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284518110.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284518110

**Protanopia**  
4285565915

**Deuteranopia**  
4284649182



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284518110

**Protanomaly**  
4285172956

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284583646

**Tritanomaly**  
4283602362

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4284518110

**Achromatopsia**  
4287203721

**Achromatomaly**  
4286221224

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284518110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 142, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 142, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 142, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 142, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284518110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 142, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 142, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 142, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 142, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 142, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 142,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284518110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 142, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 142,  
222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor