

# Converting Colors

Android(4284556555)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284556555) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284556555)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	61250B
RGB	97, 37, 11
RGB Percent	38%, 15%, 4%
CMY	0.6196, 0.8549, 0.9569
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.89, 0.62
HSL	18°, 80%, 21%
HSV	18°, 89%, 38%
XYZ	5.6517, 3.8887, 0.7693
YIQ	51.9760, 44.1060, 4.6340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

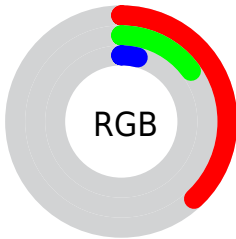
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	97, 48, 11
Decimal	6366475
CIELab	23.30, 25.76, 29.17
CIElCh	23, 38.915, 48.550
Yxy	3.8887, 0.5482, 0.3772
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284556555 (0xFF61250B)
YUV	51.9760, -20.2012, 39.4860
Hunter-Lab	19.7197, 16.6491, 11.4908

# Details

The Android color **4284556555** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **4278929249**, and the grayscale version is **4281611316**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4288238647**, and **4281139200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4284554753**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4284558357**.

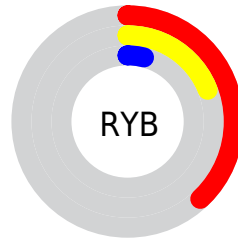
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (15%)

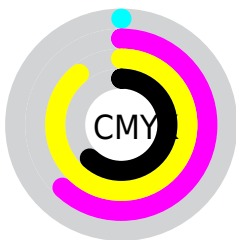
Blue (4%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (4%)

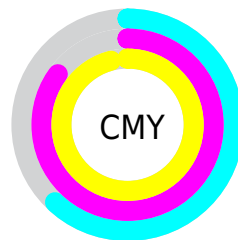


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284556555 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284556555 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284556555



4284556555



4294967277



4282781184



4288238647



4281139200



4290080078



4278190080



4292052839



4293960064



4294950042



4294957237



4294964689



4284556555



4284556555

■ 4284554753

■ 4284558357

■ 4284554496

■ 4284560158

■ 4284561704

■ 4284563506

■ 4284565308

■ 4284567109

■ 4284568655

■ 4284570457

■ 4284572258

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285143079



4284556555



4283314688

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284556555



4278207531



4279907695

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284556555



4278929249

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278206065



4284556555



4278207817

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284556555



4278862093



4278207331



4283377502

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284556555



4282267904



4278207331



4278204530



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284556555



4286408027



4284549959



4282397227



4290756543



4282400832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284556555



4286391808



4284567563



4281347372



4285538816



4293937152



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278929249



4278212477



4278918241



4281085744



4278210160

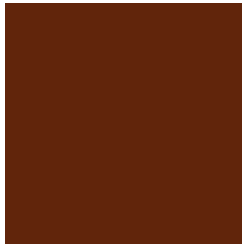


4278233072



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284556555 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

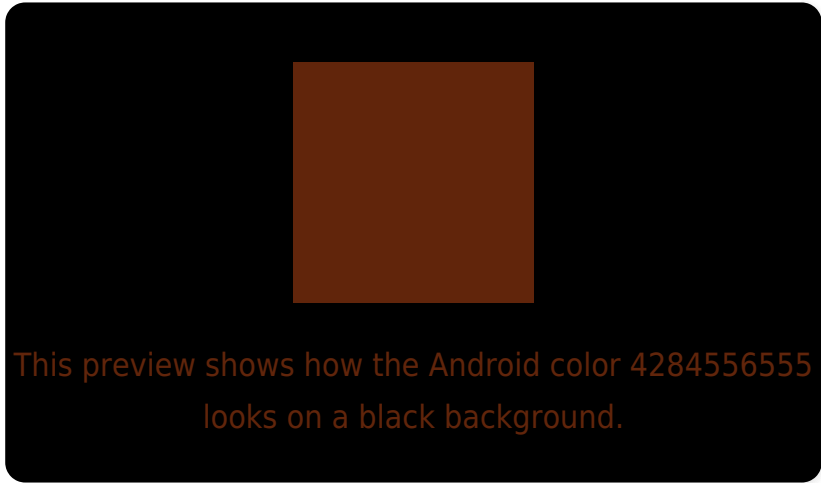
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284556555 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284556555.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284556555.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284556555

**Protanopia**  
4282398992

**Deuteranopia**  
4282922496



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284556555

**Protanomaly**

4283183630

**Deuteranomaly**

4283510788

**Tritanomaly**

4284621852

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284556555

**Achromatopsia**

4281611316

**Achromatomaly**

4282658597

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284556555 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 37, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 37, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 37, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 37, 11) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284556555 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 37, 11) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 37, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 37, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 37, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 37, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 37, 11)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284556555 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 37, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 37,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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