

# Converting Colors

Android(4284819376)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284819376) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284819376)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6527B0
RGB	101, 39, 176
RGB Percent	40%, 15%, 69%
CMY	0.6039, 0.8471, 0.3098
CMYK	0.43, 0.78, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	267°, 64%, 42%
HSV	267°, 78%, 69%
XYZ	13.9288, 7.3523, 41.7593
YIQ	73.1560, -7.0250, 55.7510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

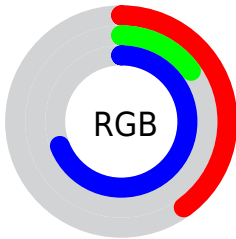
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	101, 39, 176
Decimal	6629296
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	32.60, 54.14, -61.52
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	33, 81.956, 311.350
Yxy	7.3523, 0.2210, 0.1166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284819376 (0xFF6527B0)
YUV	73.1560, 50.7021, 24.4192
Hunter-Lab	27.1152, 44.2423, -72.3302

# Details

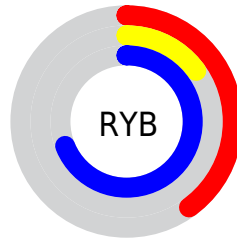
The Android color **4284819376** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **4285706279**, and the grayscale version is **4282992969**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4288568297**, and **4280877178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4284159408**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4285479344**.

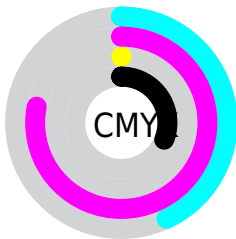
# Distribution



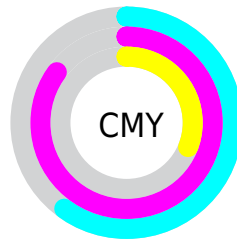
- Red (40%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284819376 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284819376 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4284819376

 4284819376

4294967295

 4282910357

 4288568297

 4280877178

 4290475775

 4278190177

 4292382975

 4278190152

 4294356223

 4278191152

 4294953215

 4278190362

 4294960639

 4278190080

 4284819376

 4284819376

 4284159408

 4285479344

■ 4283565232

■ 4286073520

■ 4283433136

■ 4286733488

■ 4287393200

■ 4287987632

■ 4288647600

■ 4289241776

■ 4289901744

■ 4290561456

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278210511



4284819376



4289069176

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284819376



4286462208



4278215781

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284819376



4285706279

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278215199



4284819376



4282929664

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284819376



4289003520



4278213888



4278216099

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284819376



4290052173



4278213888



4278215758



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284819376



4291408358



4280775344



4284568435



4294111986



4285756275



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284819376



4285599974



4289275824



4283715673



4282712217



4278976538



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289734514



4293267589



4281249831



4284043349



4288217172

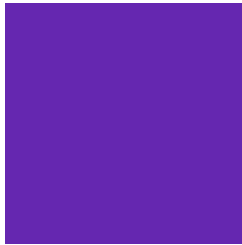


4279894030



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284819376 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

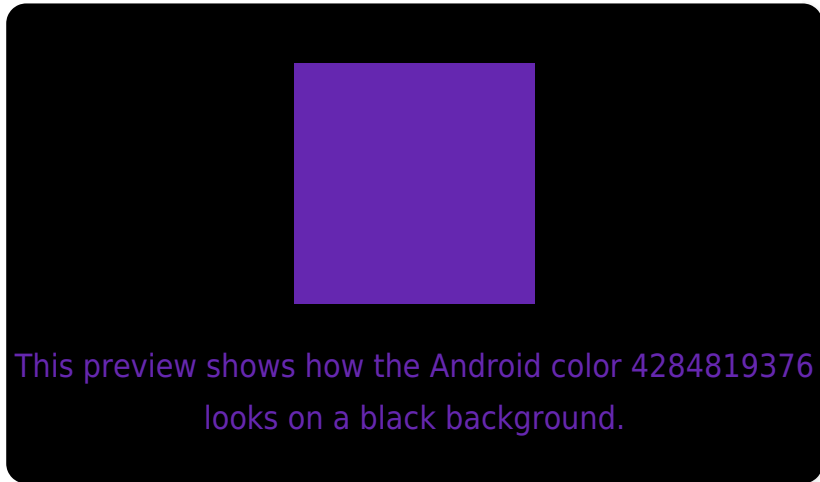
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

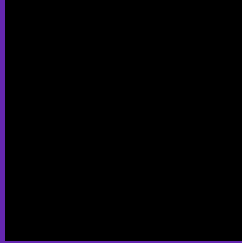
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284819376 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284819376.

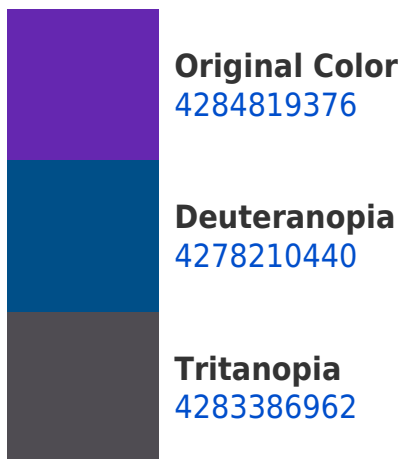


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284819376.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284819376

**Deuteranomaly**

4280631447

**Tritanomaly**

4283907956

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284819376

**Achromatopsia**

4282992969

**Achromatomaly**

4283645294

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284819376 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 39, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 39, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 39, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 39, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284819376 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 39, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 39, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 39, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 39, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 39, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 39,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284819376 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 39, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 39,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**



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