

# Converting Colors

Android(4284828225)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284828225) contains.

<b>Android(4284828225)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

**Color**

**Android(4284828225)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	654A41
RGB	101, 74, 65
RGB Percent	40%, 29%, 25%
CMY	0.6039, 0.7098, 0.7451
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.36, 0.60
HSL	15°, 22%, 33%
HSV	15°, 36%, 40%
XYZ	8.7697, 8.0459, 6.0918
YIQ	81.0470, 18.9810, 2.9250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

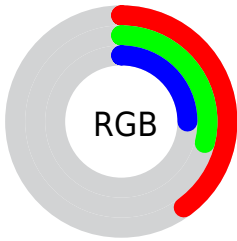
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	101, 77, 65
Decimal	6638145
CIELab	34.08, 10.08, 9.85
CIELCh	34, 14.093, 44.329
Yxy	8.0459, 0.3828, 0.3512
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284828225 (0xFF654A41)
YUV	81.0470, -7.9112, 17.4988
Hunter-Lab	28.3653, 5.5478, 7.1224




# Details

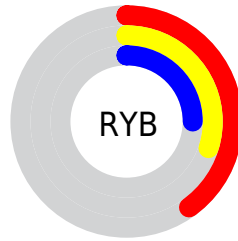
The Android color `4284828225` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `663333`. A complement of this color would be `4282473573`, and the grayscale version is `4283519313`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288248689`, and `4281671190` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284826167`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284830283`.

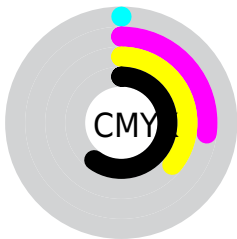
# Distribution







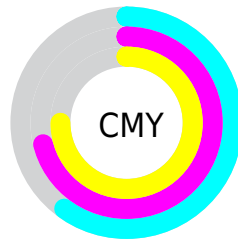
-  Red (40%)
-  Green (29%)
-  Blue (25%)






-  Red (40%)
-  Yellow (30%)
-  Blue (25%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (27%)
-  Yellow (36%)
-  Black (60%)



-  Cyan (60%)
-  Magenta (71%)
-  Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284828225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284828225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284828225



4284828225

4294967295



4283183915



4288248689



4281671190



4290024842



4280354304



4291866533



4278190080



4293708736



4294961116



4294967288



4284828225



4284828225



4284826167



4284830283

■ 4284824365

■ 4284832085

■ 4284822307

■ 4284834143

■ 4284820505

■ 4284835945

■ 4284818447

■ 4284838004

■ 4284816644

■ 4284839806

■ 4284815616

■ 4284841864

■ 4284843922

■ 4284845724

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284958795



4284828225



4284370235

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284828225



4282013258



4283060070

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284828225



4282473573

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282078053



4284828225



4281423445

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284828225



4282799168



4281423199



4284042080

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284828225



4283912250



4281423199



4282732902



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284828225



4286740340



4284825948



4282530874



4290953922



4282532418



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284828225



4286732362



4284832833



4281544494



4285734144



4294065408



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282473573



4283069570



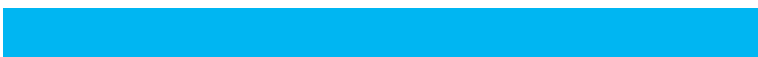
4282468965



4281217587



4278212211



4278236914



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284828225 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

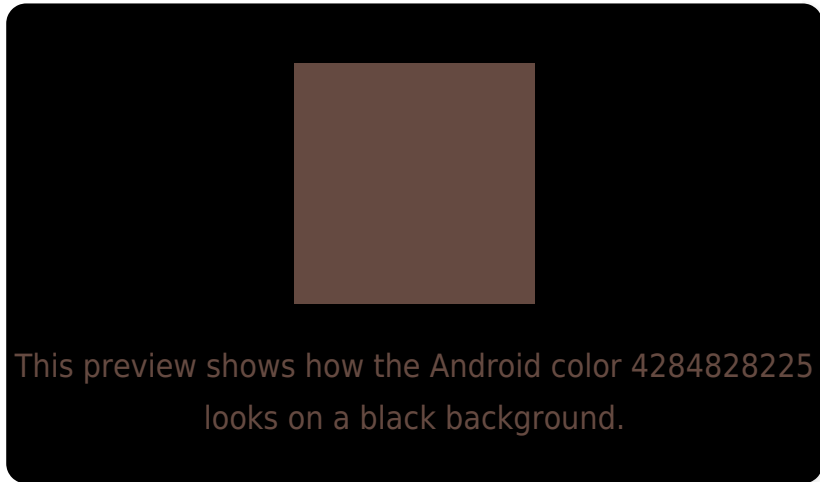
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284828225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284828225.

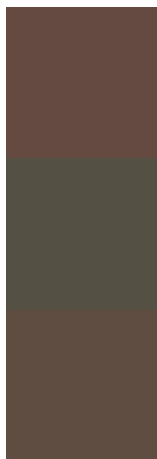


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284828225.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

[4284828225](#)

**Protanopia**

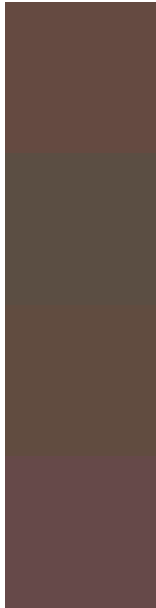
[4283781188](#)

**Deuteranopia**

[4284370240](#)



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284828225

**Protanomaly**

4284173891

**Deuteranomaly**

4284566592

**Tritanomaly**

4284893513

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284828225

**Achromatopsia**

4283519313

**Achromatomaly**

4283977291

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284828225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 74, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 74, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 74, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 74, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284828225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 74, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 74, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 74, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 74, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 74, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 74,  
65) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284828225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 74, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 74,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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