

# Converting Colors

Android(4284844290)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284844290) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284844290)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	658902
RGB	101, 137, 2
RGB Percent	40%, 54%, 1%
CMY	0.6039, 0.4627, 0.9922
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.99, 0.46
HSL	76°, 97%, 27%
HSV	76°, 99%, 54%
XYZ	14.3234, 20.6624, 3.2908
YIQ	110.8460, 21.8790, -49.6170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

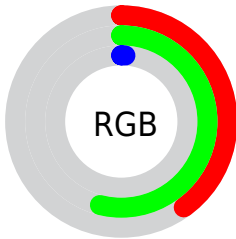
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	2, 137, 38
Decimal	6654210
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.58, -29.52, 55.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 63.250, 117.820
Yxy	20.6624, 0.3742, 0.5398
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284844290 (0xFF658902)
YUV	110.8460, -53.6611, -8.6349
Hunter-Lab	45.4559, -23.3014, 27.5269

# Details

The Android color **4284844290** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **4280681097**, and the grayscale version is **4285493103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4288462660**, and **4281423616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4284778752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4285106448**.

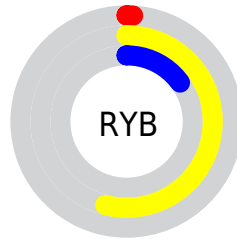
# Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (54%)

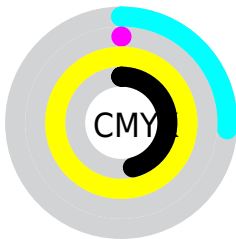
Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (15%)

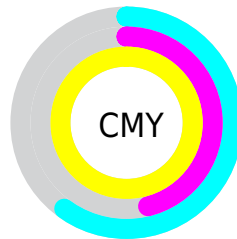


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (99%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284844290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284844290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284844290



4284844290

4294967295



4283068160



4288462660



4281423616



4290304607



4279451392



4292212602



4278200576



4294115221



4278194176



4294967217



4278190080



4294967245



4294967274



4284844290



4284844290

■ 4284778752

■ 4285106448

■ 4285303069

■ 4285565227

■ 4285827385

■ 4286024006

■ 4286286164

■ 4286548322

■ 4286744944

■ 4287007101

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288313856



4284844290



4278227520

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284844290



4278227417



4292494468

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284844290



4280681097

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290401976



4284844290



4278224363

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284844290



4278228655



4285755870



4292561998

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284844290



4278228325



4285755870



4292036758



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284844290



4288983933



4287178242



4283521337



4292467161



4284045657



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284844290



4286821120



4280453378



4282598718



4284581120



4278453504



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280681097



4281335987



4285137545



4282400325



4280483973



4278255621



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284844290 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

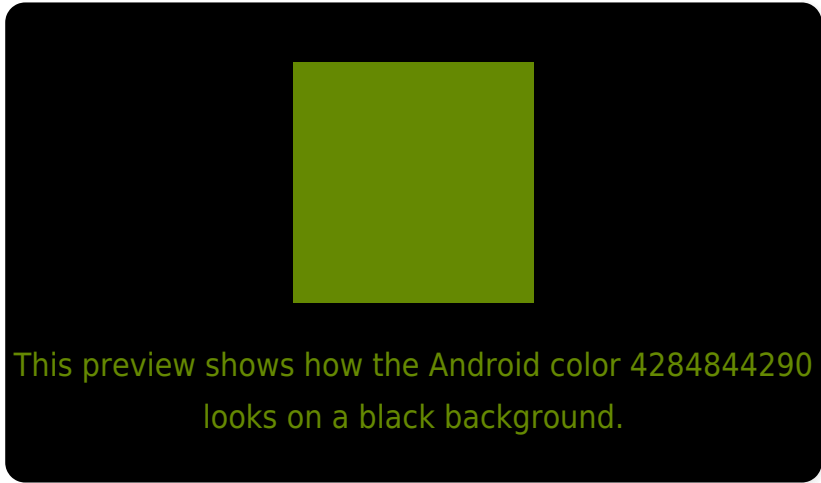
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284844290 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284844290.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284844290.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284844290

**Protanopia**  
4287462912

**Deuteranopia**  
4288575258



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284844290

**Protanomaly**  
4286480897

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287200785

**Tritanomaly**  
4285367128

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4284844290

**Achromatopsia**  
4285493103

**Achromatomaly**  
4285233223

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284844290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 137, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 137, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 137, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 137, 2) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284844290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 137, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 137, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 137, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 137, 2); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 137, 2);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 137,  
2) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284844290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 137, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
137, 2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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