

# Converting Colors

Android(4284875825)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284875825) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4284875825)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	660431
RGB	102, 4, 49
RGB Percent	40%, 2%, 19%
CMY	0.6000, 0.9843, 0.8078
CMYK	0.00, 0.96, 0.52, 0.60
HSL	332°, 92%, 21%
HSV	332°, 96%, 40%
XYZ	6.0773, 3.1334, 3.1902
YIQ	38.4320, 43.9630, 34.7710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

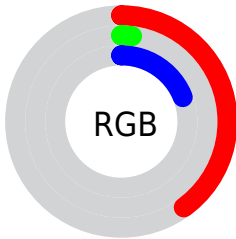
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	102, 4, 49
Decimal	6685745
CIE Lab	20.57, 42.31, 1.40
CIE LCh	21, 42.330, 1.889
Yxy	3.1334, 0.4901, 0.2527
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284875825 (0xFF660431)
YUV	38.4320, 5.2100, 55.7491
Hunter-Lab	17.7013, 30.3060, 1.7054

# Details

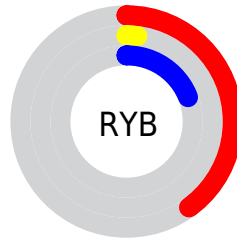
The Android color **4284875825** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **4278478393**, and the grayscale version is **4280690214**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4288495455**, and **4281663490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4284874799**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4284878391**.

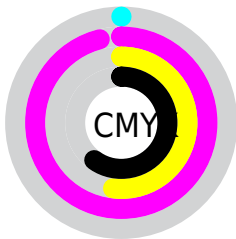
# Distribution



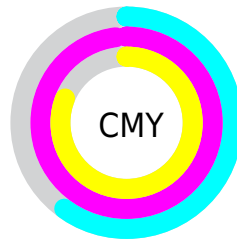
- Red (40%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284875825 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284875825 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284875825



4284875825

4294967295



4283105308



4288495455



4281663490



4290402680



4278452224



4292309905



4278190080



4294217388



4294945223



4294952419



4294959871



4284875825



4284875825

■ 4284874799

■ 4284878391

■ 4284880956

■ 4284883778

■ 4284886343

■ 4284888909

■ 4284891474

■ 4284894040

■ 4284896861

■ 4284899427

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283897167



4284875825



4284682515

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284875825



4280170752



4278205545

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284875825



4278478393

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278206290



4284875825



4278205714

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284875825



4282134784



4278206259



4278203760

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284875825



4284161536



4278206259



4278205794



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284875825



4286930544



4281861222



4282526518



4290953922



4282532418



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284875825



4286906429



4284876548



4281544240



4285726773



4294049903



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284875825



4286906429



4278477670



4281544240



4285726773

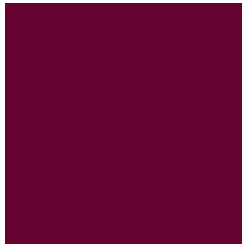


4294049903



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284875825 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

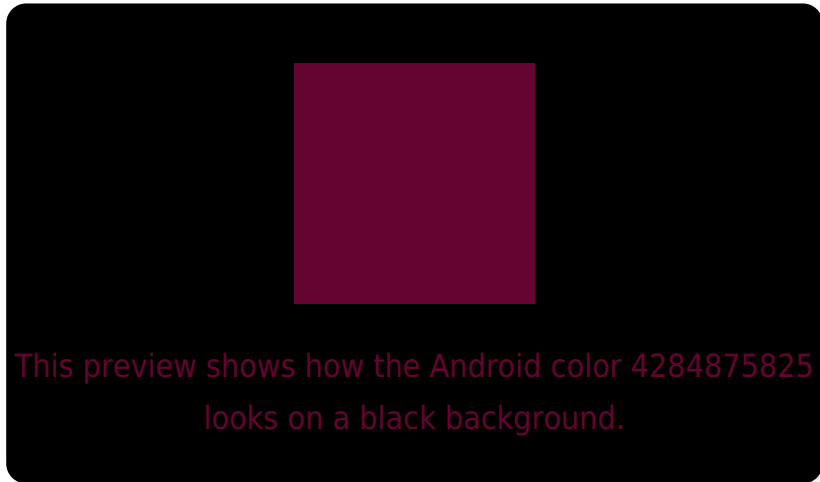
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284875825 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284875825.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284875825.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284875825

**Protanopia**  
4281349191

**Deuteranopia**  
4282200877



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284875825

**Protanomaly**  
4282655551

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283179566

**Tritanomaly**  
4284812831

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4284875825

**Achromatopsia**  
4280690214

**Achromatomaly**  
4282194474

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284875825 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 4, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 4, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 4, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 4, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284875825 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 4, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 4, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 4, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 4, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 4, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 4, 49)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284875825 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 4, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 4,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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