

# Converting Colors

Android(4284910974)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284910974) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284910974)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	668D7E
RGB	102, 141, 126
RGB Percent	40%, 55%, 49%
CMY	0.6000, 0.4471, 0.5059
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.11, 0.45
HSL	157°, 16%, 48%
HSV	157°, 28%, 55%
XYZ	18.7703, 23.3809, 23.2623
YIQ	127.6290, -18.4290, -12.9330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

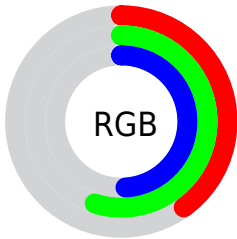
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	102, 126, 141
Decimal	6720894
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.46, -16.86, 3.65
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 17.248, 167.786
Yxy	23.3809, 0.2869, 0.3574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284910974 (0xFF668D7E)
YUV	127.6290, -0.8031, -22.4766
Hunter-Lab	48.3538, -15.3279, 5.3241

# Details

The Android color `4284910974` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `4287456885`, and the grayscale version is `4286611584`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288332723`, and `4281686861` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283993465`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285828483`.

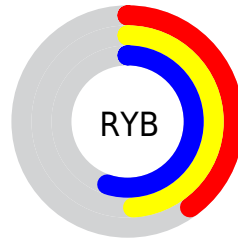
# Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (55%)

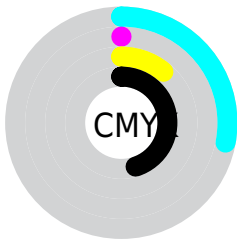
Blue (49%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (55%)

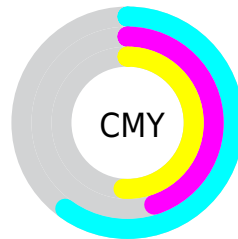


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284910974 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284910974 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284910974



4284910974

4294967295



4283265893



4288332723



4281686861



4290109390



4280173366



4291951594



4278594849



4293787647



4278196490



4278190080



4284910974



4284910974



4283993465



4285828483



4283075955



4286745993

■ 4282158446

■ 4287663502

■ 4281240936

■ 4288581012

■ 4280257891

■ 4289564057

■ 4279340381

■ 4290481567

■ 4278422872

■ 4291399076

■ 4278226263

■ 4292316585

■ 4293234095

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285959024



4284910974



4284255629

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284910974



4286546849



4288707951

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284910974



4287456885

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4288969340



4284910974



4287790745

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284910974



4285302946



4288641932



4288053864

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284910974



4284255383



4288641932



4288838771



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284910974



4289312946



4285959526



4283653208



4292598747



4284243036



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284910974



4286298272



4284909965



4282402629



4278224723



4278192133



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287456885



4290280338



4287457894



4282859587



4287037492



4278714371



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284910974 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

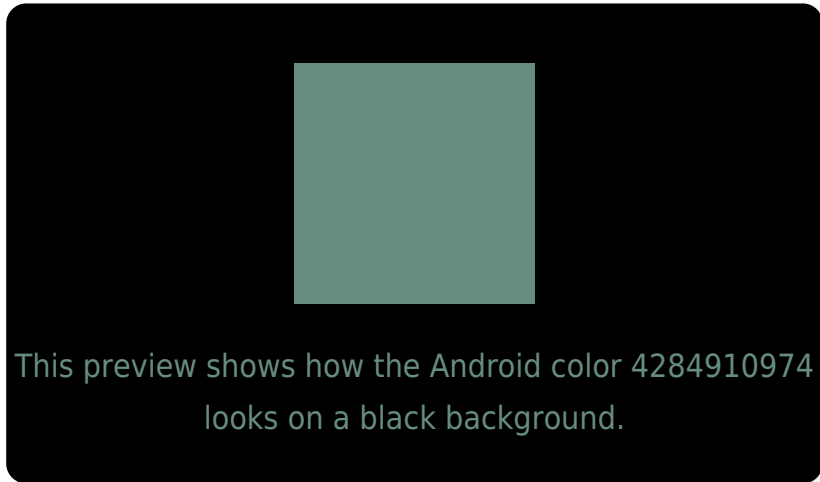
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284910974 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284910974.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284910974.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4284910974

**Protanopia**

4287202425

**Deuteranopia**

4287856769



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4284910974

**Protanomaly**  
4286351227

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286809472

**Tritanomaly**  
4285107085

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4284910974

**Achromatopsia**  
4286611584

**Achromatomaly**  
4286023039

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284910974 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 141, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 141, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 141, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 141, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284910974 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 141, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 141, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 141, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 141, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 141, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 141,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284910974 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 141, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
141, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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