

# Converting Colors

Android(4284970069)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4284970069) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4284970069)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	677455
RGB	103, 116, 85
RGB Percent	40%, 45%, 33%
CMY	0.5961, 0.5451, 0.6667
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.27, 0.55
HSL	85°, 15%, 39%
HSV	85°, 27%, 45%
XYZ	13.4786, 16.0302, 10.9781
YIQ	108.5790, 2.2030, -12.3970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

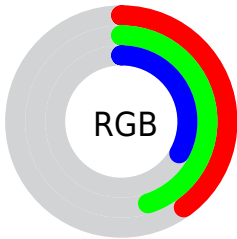
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">85, 116, 98</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6779989</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">47.01, -10.87, 15.56</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">47, 18.982, 124.949</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">16.0302, 0.3329, 0.3959</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284970069 (0xFF677455)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">108.5790, -11.6244, -4.8928</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">40.0378, -9.9745, 11.7695</a>

# Details

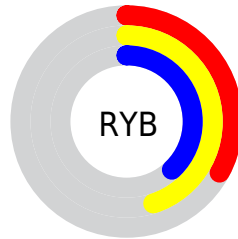
The Android color `4284970069` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666633`. A complement of this color would be `4284634484`, and the grayscale version is `4285361517`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288325767`, and `4281877544` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284642377`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285297761`.

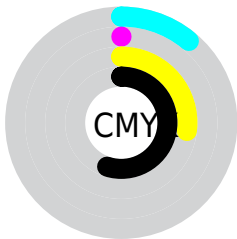
# Distribution



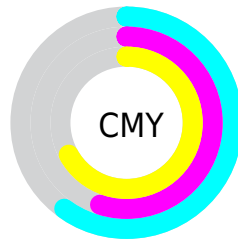
- Red (40%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4284970069 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4284970069 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4284970069



4284970069

4294967295



4283390782



4288325767



4281877544



4290102177



4280430099



4291944380



4278917376



4293786840



4278190080



4294967284



4284970069



4284970069



4284642377



4285297761



4284314686



4285625452

■ 4283986994

■ 4285953144

■ 4283724839

■ 4286215299

■ 4283397147

■ 4286542991

■ 4283069455

■ 4286870683

■ 4282741764

■ 4287198374

■ 4282610688

■ 4287526066

■ 4287853757

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286082896



4284970069



4283791201

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4284970069



4283135372



4287587437

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4284970069



4284634484

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286998141



4284970069



4284444815

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4284970069



4282415233



4285885066



4287587934

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4284970069



4283070572



4285885066



4287456371



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4284970069



4287731338



4285817429



4282993989



4291611852



4283256141



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4284970069



4286748262



4283987029



4281875253



4282874368



4287756800



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284634484



4286211734



4285617524



4281808187



4281532538



4285071610



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4284970069 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

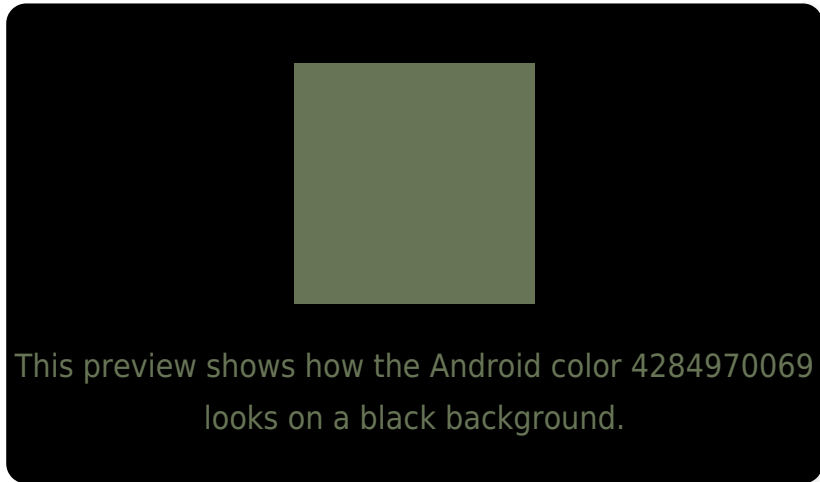
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4284970069 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4284970069.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4284970069.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4284970069

**Protanopia**

4286017363

**Deuteranopia**

4286737239



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4284970069

**Protanomaly**

4285624660

**Deuteranomaly**

4286082646

**Tritanomaly**

4285165931

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4284970069

**Achromatopsia**

4285361517

**Achromatomaly**

4285231204

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4284970069 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 116, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 116, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 116, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 116, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4284970069 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 116, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 116, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 116, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 116, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 116, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 116,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4284970069 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 116, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
116, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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