

# Converting Colors

Android(4285071363)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285071363) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4285071363)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	690003
RGB	105, 0, 3
RGB Percent	41%, 0%, 1%
CMY	0.5882, 1.0000, 0.9882
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.97, 0.59
HSL	358°, 100%, 21%
HSV	358°, 100%, 41%
XYZ	5.8421, 3.0098, 0.3592
YIQ	31.7370, 61.6170, 23.1930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

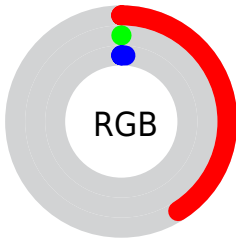
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	105, 0, 3
Decimal	6881283
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	20.08, 41.79, 29.49
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	20, 51.149, 35.206
Yxy	3.0098, 0.6342, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285071363 (0xFF690003)
YUV	31.7370, -14.1673, 64.2517
Hunter-Lab	17.3489, 29.7484, 10.9167

# Details

The Android color **4285071363** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **4278217062**, and the grayscale version is **4280295456**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4288887857**, and **4281532418** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4285071363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4285073933**.

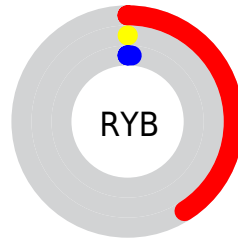
# Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (0%)

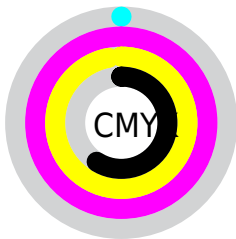
Blue (1%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)

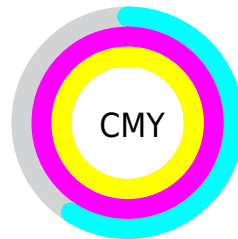


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285071363 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285071363 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 4285071363

 4285071363

 4294966500

 4283170816

 4288887857

 4281532418

 4290860615

 4278190080

 4292833375

 4294871928

 4294944402

 4294951597

 4294958792

 4285071363

■ 4285073933

■ 4285076759

■ 4285079586

■ 4285082156

■ 4285084982

■ 4285087552

■ 4285090378

■ 4285092949

■ 4285095775

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285464620



4285071363



4283769344

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285071363



4278205709



4278203517

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285071363



4278217062

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278205813



4285071363



4278206262

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285071363



4278860288



4278206299



4281541231

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285071363



4282526976



4278206299



4278204541



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285071363



4287258722



4284874857



4282723373



4291085508



4282729797



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285071363



4287234052



4285083904



4281741360



4285857795



4294246407



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285071363



4287234052



4278204521



4281741360



4285857795

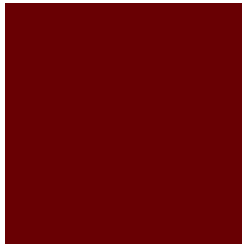


4294246407



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285071363 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

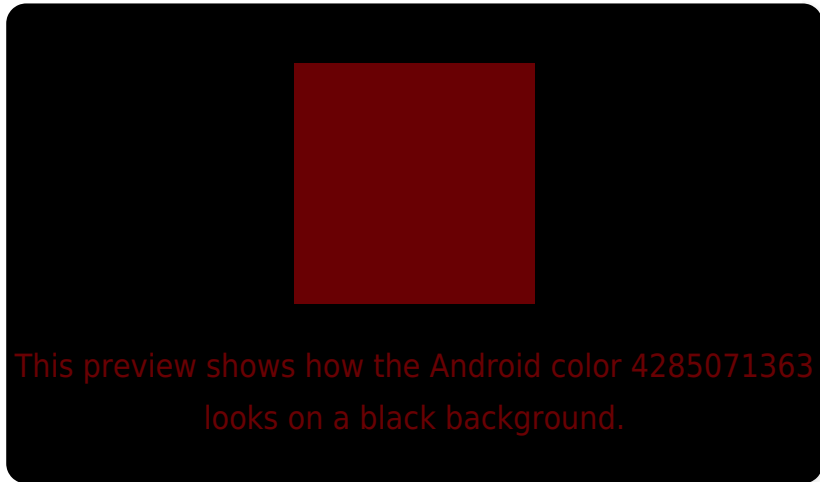
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Android 4285071363 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285071363.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285071363.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285071363

**Protanopia**  
4282070286

**Deuteranopia**  
4282593792



# Trichromacy



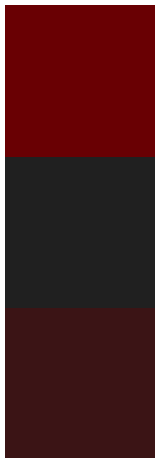
**Original Color**  
4285071363

**Protanomaly**  
4283179530

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283506689

**Tritanomaly**  
4285007361

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285071363

**Achromatopsia**  
4280295456

**Achromatomaly**  
4282061845

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285071363 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 0, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 0, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 0, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 0, 3) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285071363 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 0, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 0, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 0, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 0, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 0, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 0, 3) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285071363 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 0, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 0,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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