

# Converting Colors

Android(4285090429)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285090429) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4285090429)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	694A7D
RGB	105, 74, 125
RGB Percent	41%, 29%, 49%
CMY	0.5882, 0.7098, 0.5098
CMYK	0.16, 0.41, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	276°, 26%, 39%
HSV	276°, 41%, 49%
XYZ	11.9761, 9.3815, 20.5816
YIQ	89.0830, 2.1050, 22.4330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

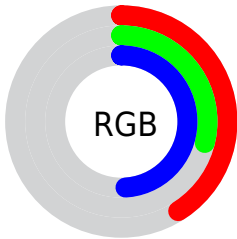
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	105, 74, 125
Decimal	6900349
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	36.71, 23.47, -23.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	37, 33.503, 314.480
Yxy	9.3815, 0.2856, 0.2237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285090429 (0xFF694A7D)
YUV	89.0830, 17.7071, 13.9592
Hunter-Lab	30.6292, 16.1931, -18.4001

# Details

The Android color `4285090429` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `663366`. A complement of this color would be `4284382538`, and the grayscale version is `4284045657`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288510898`, and `4281867596` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284759677`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285421437`.

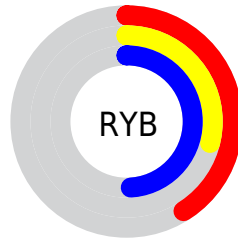
# Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (29%)

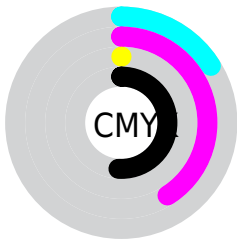
Blue (49%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (49%)

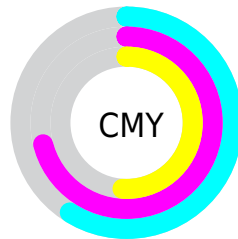


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285090429 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285090429 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285090429



4285090429

4294967295



4283446116



4288510898



4281867596



4290287053



4280420149



4292129002



4278386719



4294036735



4278190082



4294961407



4278190080



4285090429



4285090429



4284759677



4285421437



4284428669



4285752189

■ 4284097917

■ 4286083197

■ 4283766909

■ 4286413949

■ 4283436157

■ 4286744957

■ 4283170941

■ 4287010173

■ 4287341181

■ 4287671933

■ 4288002941

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282406283



4285090429



4286660965

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285090429



4285616161



4278215779

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285090429



4284382538

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278412103



4285090429



4284045599

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285090429



4286793266



4282081070



4278215291

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285090429



4287119187



4282081070



4278215770



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285090429



4288450723



4283063933



4283254354



4291940817



4283585106



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285090429



4286862243



4286401144



4282202432



4283236480



4278190080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286401118



4288893811



4283071823



4282399036



4286578738

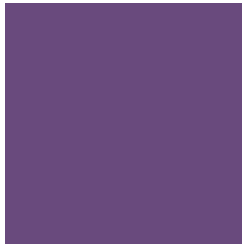


4278190080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285090429 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

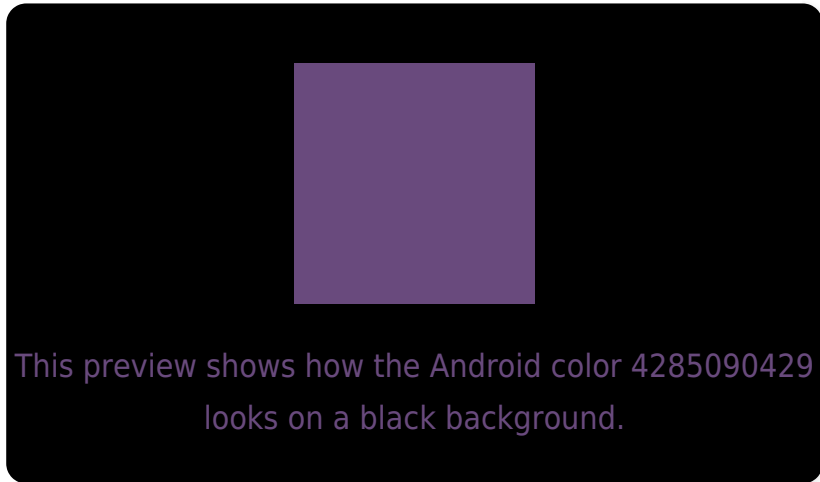
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285090429 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285090429.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285090429.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


4285090429

**Protanopia**

4282733958

**Deuteranopia**

4282996347



**Tritanopia**  
4284699224

# Trichromacy



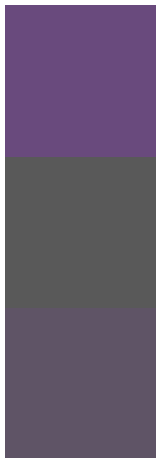
**Original Color**  
4285090429

**Protanomaly**  
4283584899

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283781756

**Tritanomaly**  
4284829541

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285090429

**Achromatopsia**  
4284045657

**Achromatomaly**  
4284437606

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285090429 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 74, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 74, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 74, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 74, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285090429 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 74, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 74, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 74, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 74, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 74, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 74,  
125) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285090429 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 74, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 74,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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