

# Converting Colors

Android(4285097865)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285097865) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4285097865)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	696789
RGB	105, 103, 137
RGB Percent	41%, 40%, 54%
CMY	0.5882, 0.5961, 0.4627
CMYK	0.23, 0.25, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	244°, 14%, 47%
HSV	244°, 25%, 54%
XYZ	15.1913, 14.5099, 25.6669
YIQ	107.4740, -9.7220, 10.9980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

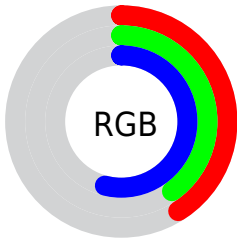
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	105, 103, 137
Decimal	6907785
CIELab	44.96, 8.61, -18.45
CIELCh	45, 20.360, 295.005
Yxy	14.5099, 0.2744, 0.2621
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285097865 (0xFF696789)
YUV	107.4740, 14.5563, -2.1697
Hunter-Lab	38.0919, 4.5263, -13.2863

# Details

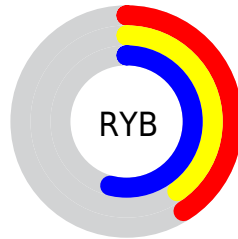
The Android color `4285097865` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `4287072615`, and the grayscale version is `4285229931`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288518846`, and `4281940055` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284242313`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285953417`.

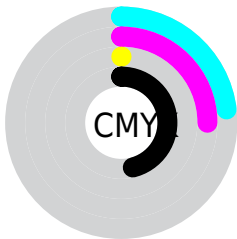
# Distribution



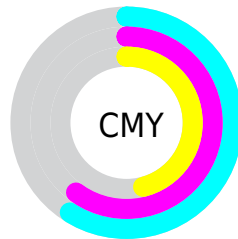
- Red (41%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285097865 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285097865 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285097865



4285097865

4294967295



4283453296



4288518846



4281940055



4290295258



4280427328



4292137207



4279110954



4293979647



4278190356



4278190080



4285097865



4285097865



4284242313



4285953417



4283387017



4286808713

■ 4282531465

■ 4287664265

■ 4281675913

■ 4288519817

■ 4280886153

■ 4289309833

■ 4280030601

■ 4290165129

■ 4279175049

■ 4291020681

■ 4278714505

■ 4291876233

■ 4292731529

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283461004



4285097865



4286407038

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285097865



4286997327



4282479719

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285097865



4287072615

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283724374



4285097865



4286146633

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285097865



4287389533



4285034059



4281758840

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285097865



4287061876



4285034059



4282872673



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285097865



4289177267



4284974985



4283650649



4292467161



4284045657



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285097865



4286610867



4286211977



4282269253



4278714501



4278190085



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287195015



4289953199



4285958503



4282728004



4286906493



4278517765



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285097865 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

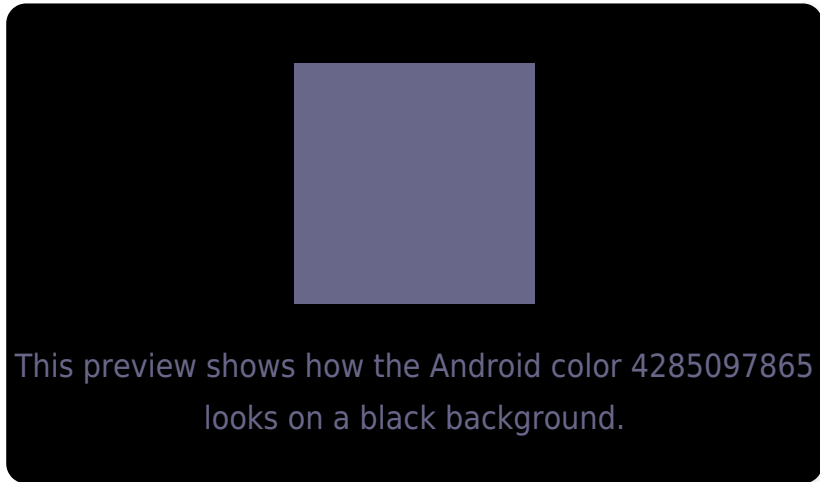
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

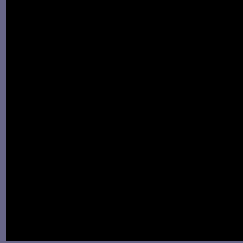
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285097865 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285097865.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285097865.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285097865

**Protanopia**  
4284574091

**Deuteranopia**  
4284835977



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4285097865

**Protanomaly**

4284770442

**Deuteranomaly**

4284901513

**Tritanomaly**

4284902011

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4285097865

**Achromatopsia**

4285229931

**Achromatomaly**

4285164150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285097865 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 103, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 103, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 103, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 103, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285097865 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 103, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 103, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 103, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 103, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 103, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 103,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285097865 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 103, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
103, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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