

# Converting Colors

Android(4285173965)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285173965) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4285173965)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A90CD
RGB	106, 144, 205
RGB Percent	42%, 56%, 80%
CMY	0.5843, 0.4353, 0.1961
CMYK	0.48, 0.30, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	217°, 50%, 61%
HSV	217°, 48%, 80%
XYZ	26.9366, 27.4185, 61.6302
YIQ	139.5920, -42.2290, 10.9150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

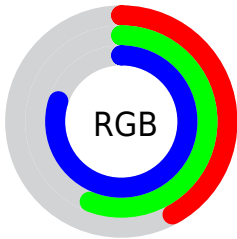
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	106, 133, 205
Decimal	6983885
CIE Lab	59.36, 3.60, -35.51
CIE LCh	59, 35.692, 275.789
Yxy	27.4185, 0.2322, 0.2364
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285173965 (0xFF6A90CD)
YUV	139.5920, 32.2461, -29.4602
Hunter-Lab	52.3626, 0.1899, -33.1297

# Details

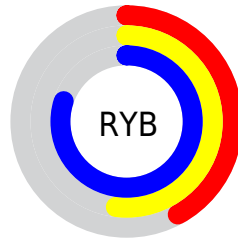
The Android color `4285173965` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `4291667818`, and the grayscale version is `4287335307`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288857855`, and `4281425558` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283859917`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286553549`.

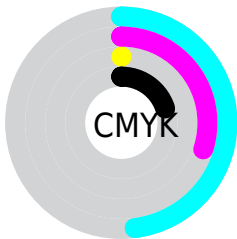
# Distribution



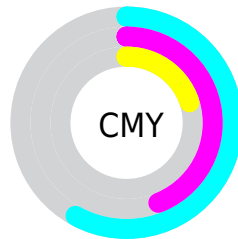
- Red (42%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285173965 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285173965 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285173965



4285173965

4294967295



4283332273



4288857855



4281425558



4290700031



4278798204



4292607743



4278202723



4294574079



4278197323



4278191156



4278190622



4278190080



4285173965



4285173965

■ 4283859917

■ 4286553549

■ 4282480589

■ 4287867341

■ 4281166541

■ 4289246925

■ 4279786957

■ 4290560973

■ 4278473165

■ 4291940301

■ 4278210509

■ 4293254349

■ 4294633677

■ 4294964685

■ 4294967245

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280981959



4285173965



4288316610

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285173965



4291394156



4283735412

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285173965



4291667818

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286355547



4285173965



4290282582

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285173965



4291524234



4288515920



4280262804

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285173965



4289887667



4288515920



4284652651



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285173965



4292602367



4285189541



4285166208



4278190080



4286611584

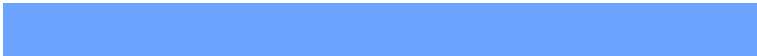


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285173965



4285244671



4285819597



4284244070



4278206630



4278193958



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291652240



4294929316



4291022186



4284898400



4289069120



4280680463



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285173965 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

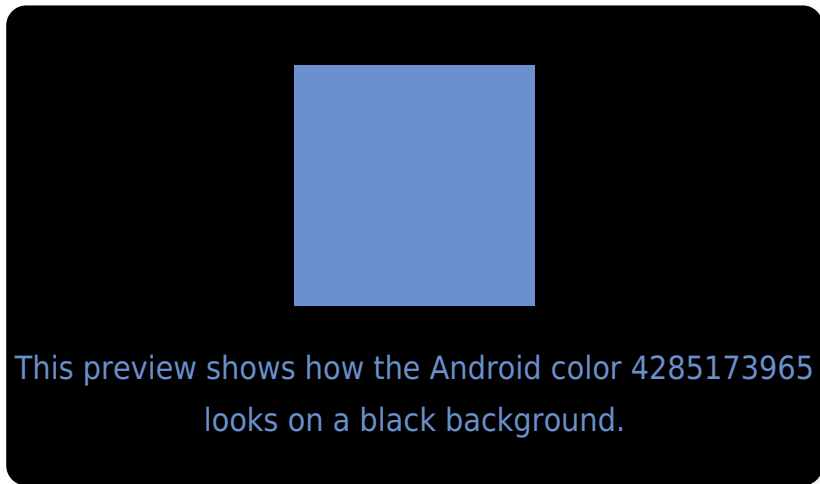
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285173965 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285173965.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285173965.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285173965

**Protanopia**  
4286287050

**Deuteranopia**  
4285894094



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285173965

**Protanomaly**  
4285894091

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285632206

**Tritanomaly**  
4284650931

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285173965

**Achromatopsia**  
4287401100

**Achromatomaly**  
4286614948

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285173965 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 144, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 144, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 144, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 144, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285173965 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 144, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 144, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 144, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 144, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 144, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 144,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285173965 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 144, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
144, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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