

# Converting Colors

Android(4285226239)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285226239) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4285226239)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B5CFF
RGB	107, 92, 255
RGB Percent	42%, 36%, 100%
CMY	0.5804, 0.6392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.58, 0.64, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	246°, 100%, 68%
HSV	246°, 64%, 100%
XYZ	27.9406, 18.0001, 96.6095
YIQ	115.0670, -43.3830, 53.8730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

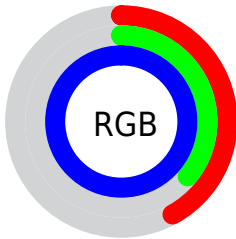
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	107, 92, 255
Decimal	7036159
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.50, 50.15, -79.26
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 93.790, 302.321
Yxy	18.0001, 0.1960, 0.1263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285226239 (0xFF6B5CFF)
<b>YUV</b>	115.0670, 68.9870, -7.0748
Hunter-Lab	42.4265, 43.3072, -105.3108

# Details

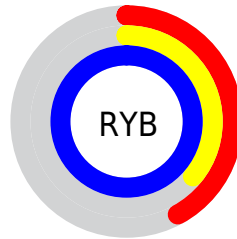
The Android color `4285226239` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6666FF`. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be `4293984092`, and the grayscale version is `4285690482`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289368063`, and `4279774405` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283712511`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286740223`.

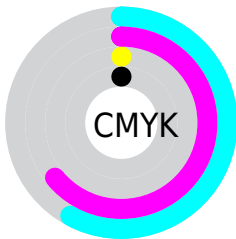
# Distribution



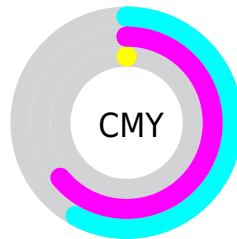
- Red (42%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285226239 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285226239 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4285226239

 4285226239

4294967295

 4282926306

 4289368063

 4279774405

 4291406591

 4278195625

 4293445375

 4278190478

 4294959871

 4278190195

 4278192473

 4278191937

 4278190890

 4278190356

■ 4285226239

■ 4285226239

■ 4283712511

■ 4286740223

■ 4282198527

■ 4288253951

■ 4280684799

■ 4289767935

■ 4279697663

■ 4291347199

■ 4292861183

■ 4294374911

4294967295

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278223103



4285226239



4292149441

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285226239



4291318016



4278228090

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285226239



4293984092

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278227232



4285226239



4287264000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285226239



4293918757



4281370624



4278228426

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285226239



4294049934



4281370624



4278227806



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285226239



4292071423



4284281343



4284834432



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285226239



4283251711



4290469119



4285821824



4279369919



4278583360



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294925552



4294917101



4288741212



4286608254



4290707630

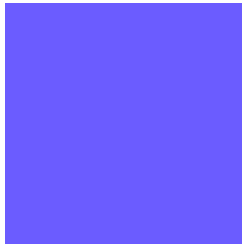


4282384442



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285226239 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

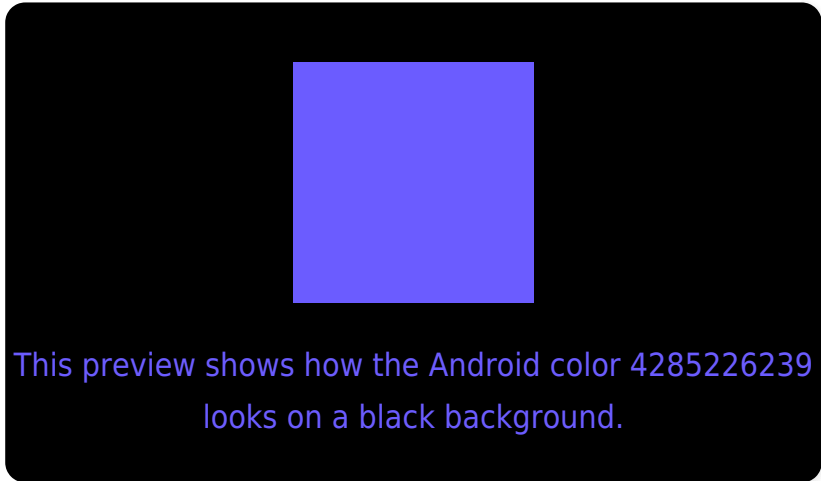
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285226239 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285226239.

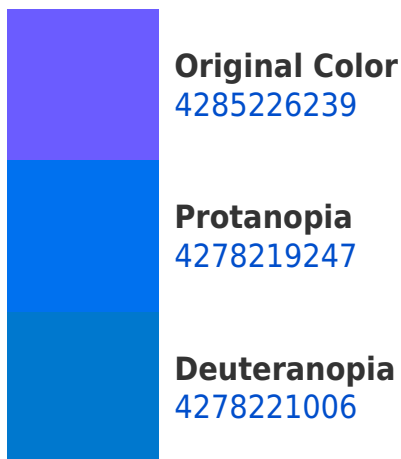


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285226239.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



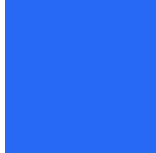


# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4285226239



**Protanomaly**

4280773109



**Deuteranomaly**

4280774368



**Tritanomaly**

4283200180

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4285226239



**Achromatopsia**

4285756275



**Achromatomaly**

4285557670

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285226239 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 92, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 92, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 92, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 92, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285226239 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 92, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 92, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 92, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 92, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 92, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 92,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285226239 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 92, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 92,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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