

# Converting Colors

Android(4285286144)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285286144) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4285286144)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C4700
RGB	108, 71, 0
RGB Percent	42%, 28%, 0%
CMY	0.5765, 0.7216, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 1.00, 0.58
HSL	39°, 100%, 21%
HSV	39°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	8.4376, 7.6946, 1.0405
YIQ	73.9690, 44.8430, -14.2370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

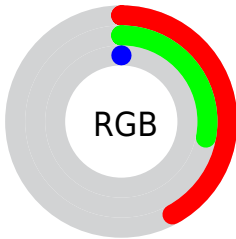
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	56, 108, 0
Decimal	7096064
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	33.34, 10.38, 42.63
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	33, 43.871, 76.313
Yxy	7.6946, 0.4913, 0.4481
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285286144 (0xFF6C4700)
YUV	73.9690, -36.4667, 29.8452
Hunter-Lab	27.7392, 5.7518, 17.1934

# Details

The Android color **4285286144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **4278199660**, and the grayscale version is **4283058762**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4288968500**, and **4281801728** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4285286144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4285287179**.

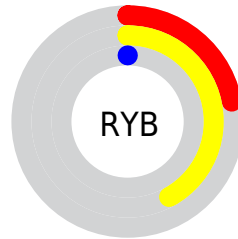
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (28%)

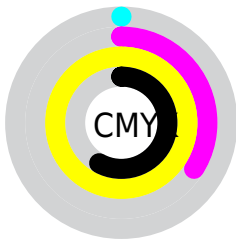
Blue (0%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (0%)

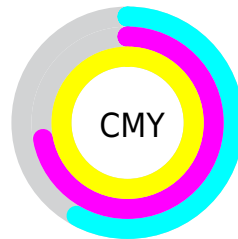


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285286144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285286144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4285286144

 4285286144

 4294967278

 4283576576

 4288968500

 4281801728

 4290810189

 4280222720

 4292782950

 4278190080

 4294690687

 4294960026

 4294967221

 4294967249

 4285286144

■ 4285287179

■ 4285287958

■ 4285288992

■ 4285290027

■ 4285291062

■ 4285291841

■ 4285292876

■ 4285293910

■ 4285294689

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286724125



4285286144



4283257600

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285286144



4278214241



4285021311

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285286144



4278199660

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4280962193



4285286144



4278214016

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285286144



4278213949



4278212498



4286917984

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285286144



4281554959



4278212498



4283974279



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285286144



4287397474



4285268006



4282859310



4291282887



4282861383



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285286144



4287388672



4284247040



4281742384



4285877504



4294287616



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278199660



4278202508



4279238764



4281348662



4278200437

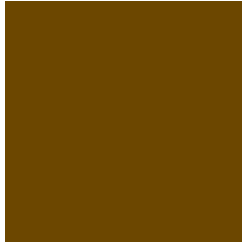


4278211829



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285286144 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

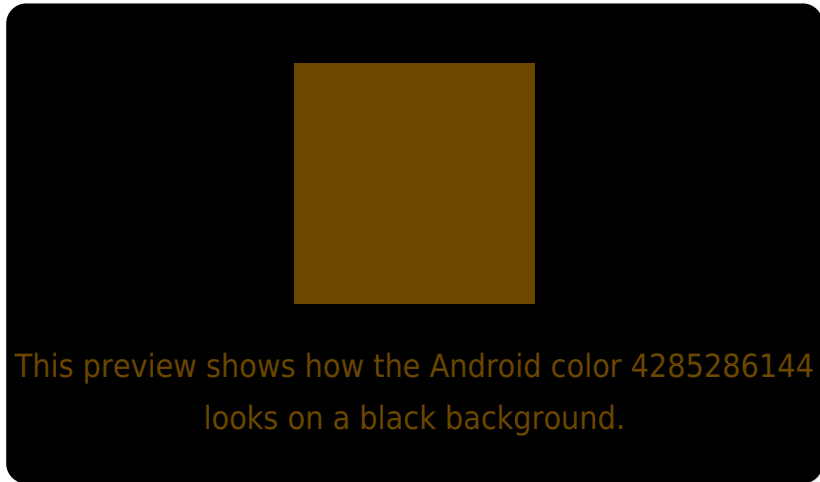
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285286144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285286144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285286144.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285286144

**Protanopia**  
4284043015

**Deuteranopia**  
4284762880



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4285286144

**Protanomaly**

4284500996

**Deuteranomaly**

4284959232

**Tritanomaly**

4285416493

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4285286144

**Achromatopsia**

4283058762

**Achromatomaly**

4283844911

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285286144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 71, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 71, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 71, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 71, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285286144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 71, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 71, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 71, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 71, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 71, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 71, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285286144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 71, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 71,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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