

# Converting Colors

Android(4285296639)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285296639) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4285296639)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C6FFF
RGB	108, 111, 255
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 100%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5647, 0.0000
CMYK	0.58, 0.56, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	239°, 100%, 71%
HSV	239°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	29.9188, 21.7770, 97.2342
YIQ	126.5190, -48.0120, 44.1480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

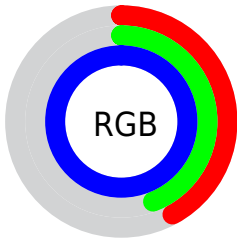
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	108, 111, 255
Decimal	7106559
CIE Lab	53.79, 39.31, -72.27
CIE LCh	54, 82.268, 298.542
Yxy	21.7770, 0.2009, 0.1462
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285296639 (0xFF6C6FFF)
YUV	126.5190, 63.3411, -16.2412
Hunter-Lab	46.6659, 32.7761, -90.8721

# Details

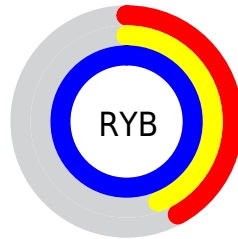
The Android color `4285296639` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6666FF`. A complement of this color would be `4294966380`, and the grayscale version is `4286479998`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289373183`, and `4280238021` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283651839`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287006975`.

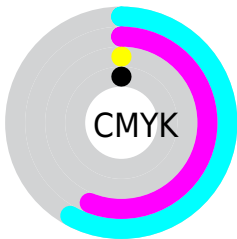
# Distribution



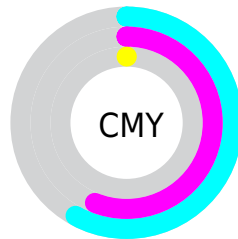
- Red (42%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285296639 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285296639 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4285296639

 4285296639

4294967295

 4283062242

 4289373183

 4280238021

 4291346175

 4278200745

 4293384959

 4278195598

 4294964991

 4278190452

 4278190938

 4278191937

 4278190890

 4278190357

■ 4285296639

■ 4285296639

■ 4283651839

■ 4287006975

■ 4281941503

■ 4288651775

■ 4280296703

■ 4290362111

■ 4278586367

■ 4292006911

■ 4278191615

■ 4293717247

4294967295

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278225919



4285296639



4291838924

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285296639



4292107520



4278230651

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285296639



4294966380

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278229294



4285296639



4288642304

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285296639



4294192962



4283994112



4278230723

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285296639



4293861279



4283994112



4278230370



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285296639



4292138495



4285333498



4284901248



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285296639



4283388927



4289817855



4285756288



4278191295



4278190400



# Inverse Universe

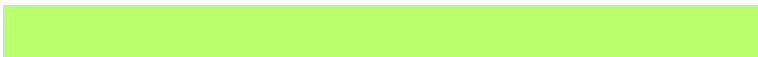
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294929519



4294922067



4290445164



4286608243



4290707460

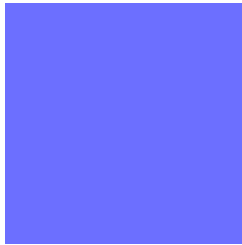


4282384385



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285296639 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

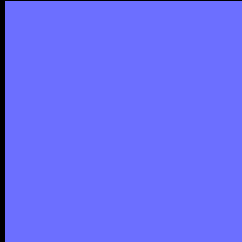
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285296639 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285296639 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285296639.

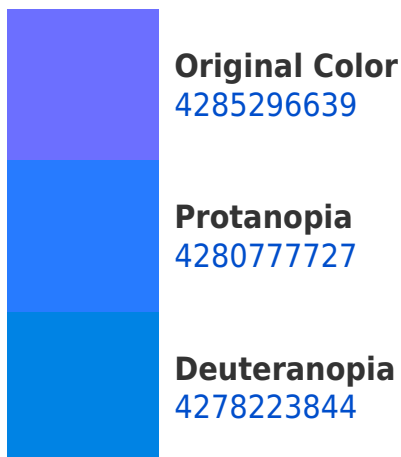


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285296639.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285296639

**Protanomaly**  
4282415103

**Deuteranomaly**  
4280777966

**Tritanomaly**  
4283531708

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285296639

**Achromatopsia**  
4286545791

**Achromatomaly**  
4286085550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285296639 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 111, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 111, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 111, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 111, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285296639 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 111, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 111, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 111, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 111, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 111, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 111,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285296639 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 111, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
111, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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