

# Converting Colors

Android(4285299351)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285299351) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4285299351)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6C7A97
RGB	108, 122, 151
RGB Percent	42%, 48%, 59%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5216, 0.4078
CMYK	0.28, 0.19, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	220°, 17%, 51%
HSV	220°, 28%, 59%
XYZ	18.7298, 19.3416, 32.0243
YIQ	121.1200, -17.6530, 6.0510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

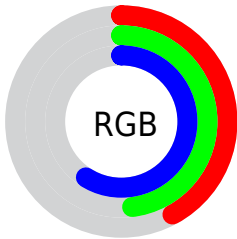
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	108, 119, 151
Decimal	7109271
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.08, 1.80, -17.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 17.436, 275.938
Yxy	19.3416, 0.2672, 0.2759
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285299351 (0xFF6C7A97)
YUV	121.1200, 14.7308, -11.5062
Hunter-Lab	43.9791, -0.9438, -12.3879

# Details

The Android color `4285299351` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `4288121196`, and the grayscale version is `4286151033`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288720589`, and `4282075748` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284313751`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286284951`.

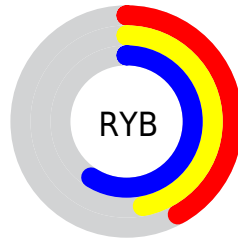
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (48%)

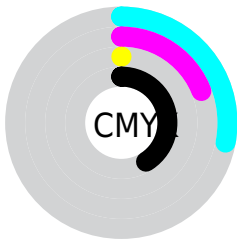
Blue (59%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (59%)

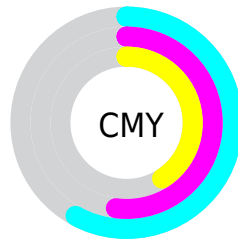


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285299351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285299351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285299351



4285299351

4294967295



4283654525



4288720589



4282075748



4290562793



4280562508



4292404991



4278984245



4294246399



4278191136



4278190085



4278190080



4285299351



4285299351



4284313751



4286284951

■ 4283328151

■ 4287270551

■ 4282342295

■ 4288256407

■ 4281356695

■ 4289242007

■ 4280371095

■ 4290293143

■ 4279319959

■ 4291278743

■ 4278334359

■ 4292264343

■ 4278202775

■ 4293249943

■ 4294235799

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284055188



4285299351



4286608786

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285299351



4288115049



4284580205

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285299351



4288121196

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285628001



4285299351



4287591775

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285299351



4288180087



4286741084



4283662972

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285299351



4287328907



4286741084



4284907625



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285299351



4289968324



4285306761



4284046435



4293125091



4284703587



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285299351



4286748612



4285754519



4282730317



4278201996



4278191117



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288113786



4291068567



4287666028



4283254087



4287365166



4279042052



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285299351 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

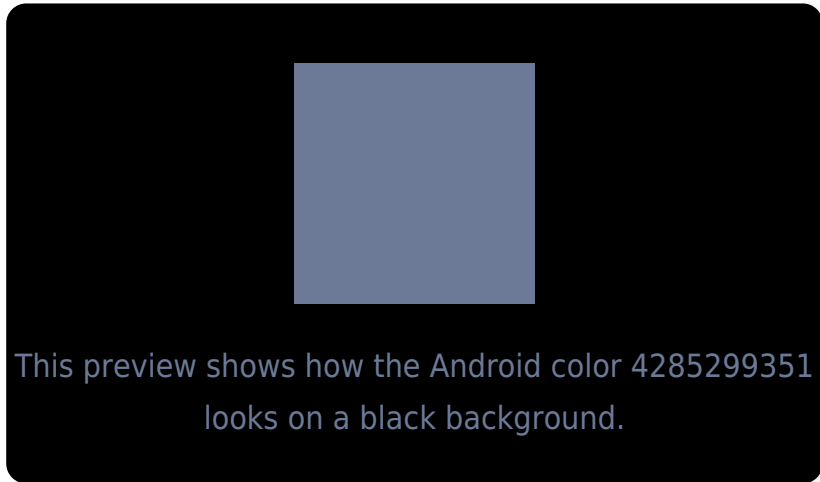
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

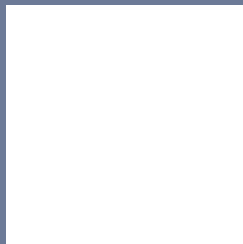
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285299351 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285299351.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285299351.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4285299351

**Protanopia**

4285757590

**Deuteranopia**

4285953944



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285299351

**Protanomaly**  
4285561238

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285692056

**Tritanomaly**  
4285168781

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285299351

**Achromatopsia**  
4286151033

**Achromatomaly**  
4285823364

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285299351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 122, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 122, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 122, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 122, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285299351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

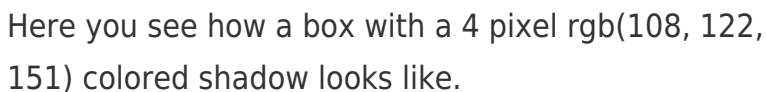
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 122, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 122, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 122, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 122, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 122, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 122,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285299351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 122, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
122, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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