

# Converting Colors

Android(4285425175)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285425175) contains.

<b>Android(4285425175)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

**Color**

**Android(4285425175)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E6617
RGB	110, 102, 23
RGB Percent	43%, 40%, 9%
CMY	0.5686, 0.6000, 0.9098
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.79, 0.57
HSL	54°, 65%, 26%
HSV	54°, 79%, 43%
XYZ	11.3364, 12.8796, 2.6991
YIQ	95.3860, 30.1270, -22.8730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

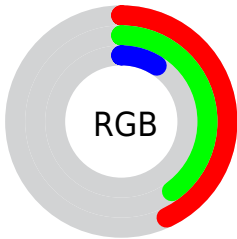
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	32, 110, 23
Decimal	7235095
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.58, -6.38, 42.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 43.161, 98.506
Yxy	12.8796, 0.4212, 0.4785
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285425175 (0xFF6E6617)
YUV	95.3860, -35.6863, 12.8165
Hunter-Lab	35.8882, -6.4193, 20.6625

# Details

The Android color `4285425175` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666600`. A complement of this color would be `4279705454`, and the grayscale version is `4284506208`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288977225`, and `4282071040` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285424908`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285425442`.

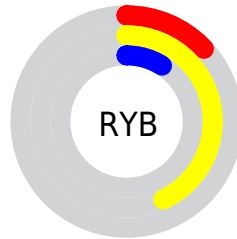
# Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (40%)

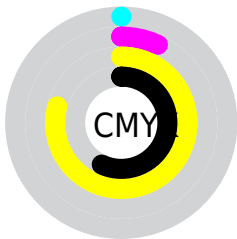
Blue (9%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (9%)

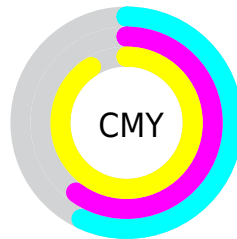


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (79%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285425175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285425175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285425175



4285425175

4294967295



4283715072



4288977225



4282071040



4290818914



4280427008



4292726652



4278193664



4294634391



4278190080



4294967218



4294967246



4294967275



4285425175



4285425175

■ 4285424908

■ 4285425442

■ 4285424641

■ 4285425709

■ 4285424640

■ 4285425976

■ 4285426243

■ 4285426510

■ 4285426777

■ 4285427044

■ 4285427311

■ 4285427578

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287387936



4285425175



4282937129

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285425175



4278220176



4288104831

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285425175



4279705454

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285814685



4285425175



4278218663

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285425175



4278220398



4281296299



4289020764

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285425175



4280513342



4281296299



4287516042



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285425175



4287597677



4285404960



4282860851



4291282887



4282861383



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285425175



4287595015



4283133463



4281874482



4286082304



4294435072



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4279705454



4278654095



4281997166



4281479992



4278193016



4278196215



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285425175 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

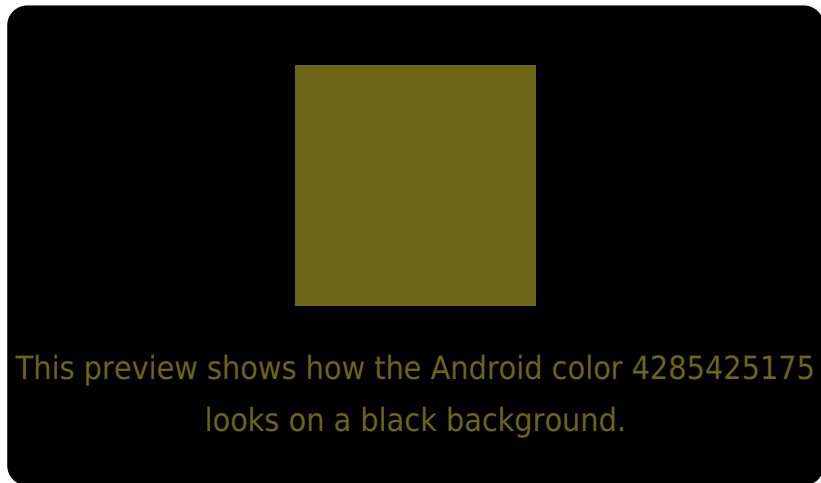
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285425175 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285425175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285425175.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285425175

**Protanopia**  
4285621527

**Deuteranopia**  
4286472218



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285425175

**Protanomaly**  
4285555991

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286079513

**Tritanomaly**  
4285686345

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285425175

**Achromatopsia**  
4284440415

**Achromatomaly**  
4284768837

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285425175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 102, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 102, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 102, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 102, 23) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285425175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 102, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 102, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 102, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 102, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 102, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 102,  
23) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285425175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 102, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
102, 23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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