

# Converting Colors

Android(4285427054)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285427054) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4285427054)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E6D6E
RGB	110, 109, 110
RGB Percent	43%, 43%, 43%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5725, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	300°, 0%, 43%
HSV	300°, 1%, 43%
XYZ	14.7135, 15.3781, 16.9446
YIQ	109.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	110, 109, 110
Decimal	7236974
CIE Lab	46.15, 0.59, -0.43
CIE LCh	46, 0.729, 324.261
Yxy	15.3781, 0.3128, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285427054 (0xFF6E6D6E)
YUV	109.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	39.2149, -1.6524, 1.8314

# Details

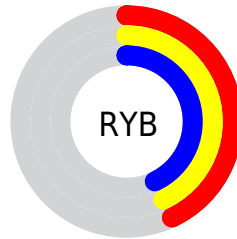
The Android color `4285427054` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4285361773`, and the grayscale version is `4285361517`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288848034`, and `4282334783` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285424238`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285429870`.

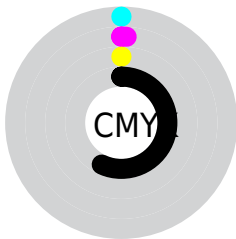
# Distribution



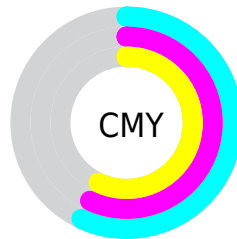
- Red (43%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285427054 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285427054 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285427054



4285427054

4294967295



4283848022



4288848034



4282334783



4290624445



4280887337



4292401112



4279505684



4294309109



4278190080



4285427054



4285427054



4285424238



4285429870



4285421422



4285432686



4285418606



4285435502

■ 4285415790

■ 4285438318

■ 4285412974

■ 4285441134

■ 4285410158

■ 4285443950

■ 4285407342

■ 4285446766

■ 4285404526

■ 4285449582

■ 4285401710

■ 4285452398

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285361518



4285427054



4285492589

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285427054



4285427052



4285296238

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285427054



4285361773

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285296237



4285427054



4285361516

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285427054



4285427052



4285361773



4285296238

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285427054



4285492589



4285361773



4285296238



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285427054



4287598479



4285361518



4282861383



4291282887

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285427054



4287597967



4281874488



4286054520



4294377719

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285427054



4287597967



4285361774



4281874488



4286054520



4294377719



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285427054 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

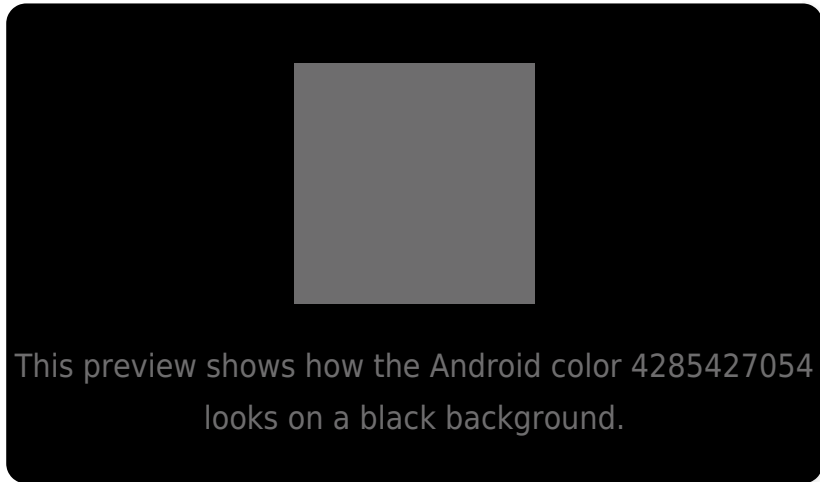
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

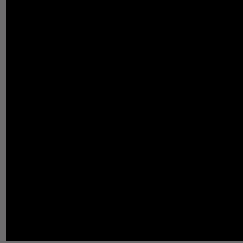
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

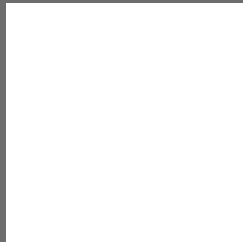
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# Android 4285427054 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285427054.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285427054.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy




**Original Color**  
4285427054

**Protanopia**  
4285492590

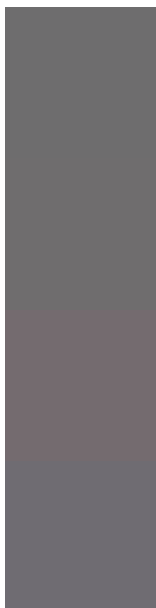
**Deuteranopia**  
4286016111





**Tritanopia**  
4285492341

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4285427054

**Protanomaly**

4285492590

**Deuteranomaly**

4285819759

**Tritanomaly**

4285492338

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4285427054

**Achromatopsia**

4285361517

**Achromatomaly**

4285361517

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285427054 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 109, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 109, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 109, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 109, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285427054 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

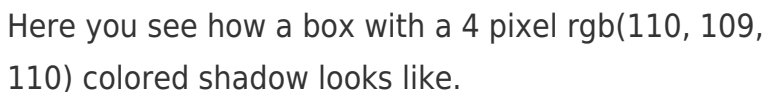
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 109, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 109, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 109, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 109, 110); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 109, 110); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 109, 110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285427054 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 109, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
109, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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