

Converting Colors

Android(4285462015)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4285462015) contains.

Android(4285462015)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

Android(4285462015)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6EF5FF
RGB	110, 245, 255
RGB Percent	43%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.5686, 0.0392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.57, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	184°, 100%, 72%
HSV	184°, 57%, 100%
XYZ	57.1328, 75.8398, 106.2351
YIQ	205.7750, -83.6700, -25.5100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

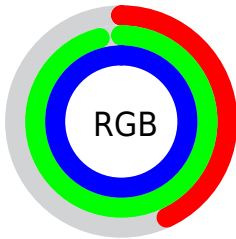
Format	Color
RYB	110, 180, 255
Decimal	7271935
CIELab	89.78, -34.00, -15.98
CIELCh	90, 37.563, 205.173
Yxy	75.8398, 0.2388, 0.3170
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285462015 (0xFF6EF5FF)
YUV	205.7750, 24.2679, -83.9947
Hunter-Lab	87.0861, -35.2957, -11.3668

Details

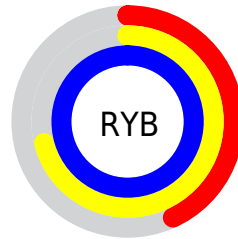
The Android color `4285462015` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `66FFFF`. A complement of this color would be `4294932590`, and the grayscale version is `4291743438`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289593343`, and `4280138950` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4283823103`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287166463`.

Distribution



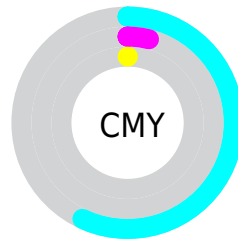
- Red (43%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color #428546 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color #428546 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 4285462015


 4285462015

4294967295

 4283226338

 4289593343

 4280138950

 4291624959

 4278231467

 4293591039

 4278224529

 4278218103

 4278211678

 4278205511

 4278200112

 4278190364

 4285462015

 4285462015

 4283823103

 4287166463

 4282118655

 4288805375

 4280414463

 4290509567

 4278775551

 4292148479

 4278251007

 4293852927

4294967295

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287231450



4285462015



4286312703

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285462015



4294954751



4294958746

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285462015



4294932590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294955432



4285462015



4294952937

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285462015



4292860927



4294953413



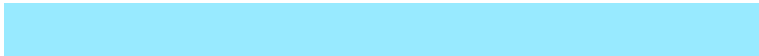
4292602272

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285462015



4288211711



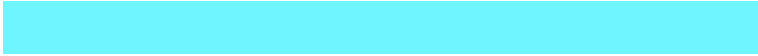
4294953413



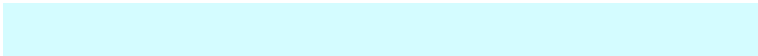
4294957469

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285462015



4292148479



4285464440



4284907136



4278190080



4286611584

Same Dimension

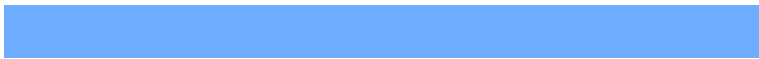
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285462015



4283626495



4285443583



4285759360



4278235839



4278205248

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294930165



4294922995



4294951022



4286608255



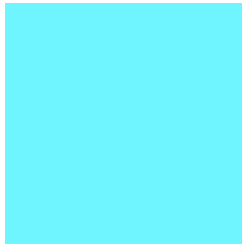
4290707634



4282384443

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285462015 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

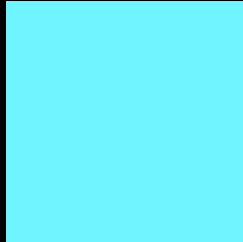
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285462015 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4285462015 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285462015.

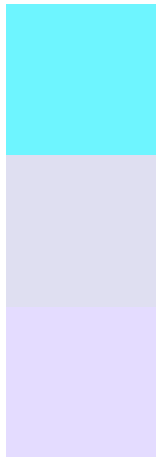


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285462015.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
4285462015

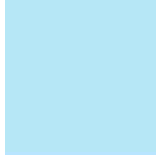
Protanopia
4292861937

Deuteranopia
4293188863

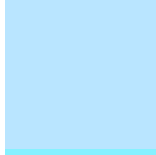
Trichromacy



Original Color
4285462015



Protanomaly
4290177014



Deuteranomaly
4290373119

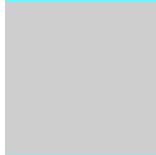


Tritanomaly
4287033855

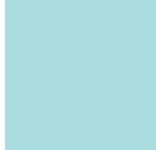
Monochromacy



Original Color
4285462015



Achromatopsia
4291743438



Achromatomaly
4289453280

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285462015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 245, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 245, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 245, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 245, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285462015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 245, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 245, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 245, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 245, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 245, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 245,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285462015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 245, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
245, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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