

# Converting Colors

Android(4285489638)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285489638) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4285489638)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6F61E6
RGB	111, 97, 230
RGB Percent	44%, 38%, 90%
CMY	0.5647, 0.6196, 0.0980
CMYK	0.52, 0.58, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	246°, 73%, 64%
HSV	246°, 58%, 90%
XYZ	25.1132, 17.6421, 76.9446
YIQ	116.3480, -34.3490, 44.3310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

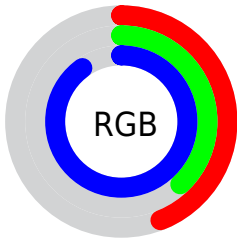
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	111, 97, 230
Decimal	7299558
CIE Lab	49.06, 40.41, -65.97
CIE LCh	49, 77.367, 301.492
Yxy	17.6421, 0.2098, 0.1474
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285489638 (0xFF6F61E6)
YUV	116.3480, 56.0304, -4.6902
Hunter-Lab	42.0025, 33.2204, -79.2120

# Details

The Android color `4285489638` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6666FF`. A complement of this color would be `4292404833`, and the grayscale version is `4285822068`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289369343`, and `4281217709` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284107494`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286871782`.

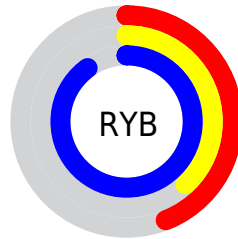
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (38%)

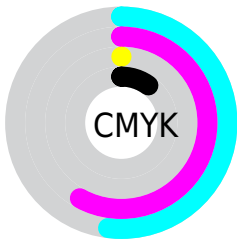
Blue (90%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (90%)

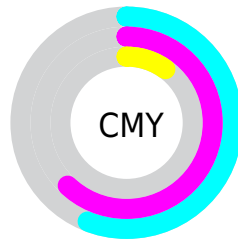


Cyan (52%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285489638 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285489638 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4285489638

 4285489638

4294967295

 4283451849

 4289369343

 4281217709

 4291342335

 4278197394

 4293315583

 4278191992

 4294961151

 4278190174

 4278192197

 4278191150

 4278190360

 4278190080

■ 4285489638

■ 4285489638

■ 4284107494

■ 4286871782

■ 4282790886

■ 4288188390

■ 4281408742

■ 4289570534

■ 4280092134

■ 4290887142

■ 4279763174

■ 4292269286

■ 4293585894

■ 4294967270

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278222330



4285489638



4290983860

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285489638



4290598656



4278227062

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285489638



4292404833

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278225968



4285489638



4287329024

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285489638



4292750900



4282876928



4278227128

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285489638



4292678538



4282876928



4278226783



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285489638



4292400383



4284602854



4285097600



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285489638



4284633087



4289815014



4285032307



4279435443



4278517811



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293288408



4294922220



4288079457



4285753202



4289921184

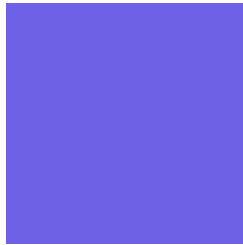


4281532462



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285489638 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

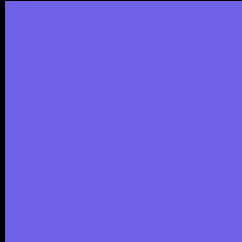
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285489638 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285489638 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285489638.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285489638.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285489638



**Protanomaly**  
4280839147



**Deuteranomaly**  
4280840151



**Tritanomaly**  
4284183208

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285489638



**Achromatopsia**  
4285822068



**Achromatomaly**  
4285689245

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285489638 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 97, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 97, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 97, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 97, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285489638 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 97, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 97, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 97, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 97, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 97, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 97,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285489638 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 97, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111, 97,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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