

# Converting Colors

Android(4285493109)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285493109) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4285493109)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6F6F75
RGB	111, 111, 117
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5647, 0.5412
CMYK	0.05, 0.05, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	240°, 3%, 45%
HSV	240°, 5%, 46%
XYZ	15.4509, 16.0327, 19.1099
YIQ	111.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

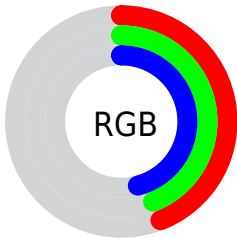
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	111, 111, 117
Decimal	7303029
CIE Lab	47.02, 1.26, -3.33
CIE LCh	47, 3.555, 290.673
Yxy	16.0327, 0.3054, 0.3169
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285493109 (0xFF6F6F75)
YUV	111.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999
Hunter-Lab	40.0409, -1.1925, -0.2681

# Details

The Android color `4285493109` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4285887855`, and the grayscale version is `4285558896`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4288914345`, and `4282335045` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284703605`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286282613`.

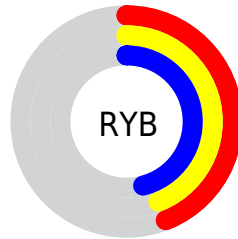
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

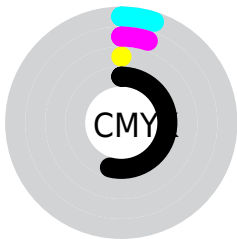
Blue (46%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (46%)

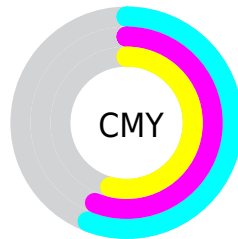


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285493109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285493109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285493109



4285493109

4294967295



4283914076



4288914345



4282335045



4290690756



4280887855



4292467168



4279571738



4294375165



4278190080



4285493109



4285493109



4284703605



4286282613



4283979893



4287006325



4283190389



4287795829

■ 4282400885

■ 4288585333

■ 4281677173

■ 4289374837

■ 4280887669

■ 4290098549

■ 4280098165

■ 4290888053

■ 4279308661

■ 4291677557

■ 4278584949

■ 4292401269

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285231221



4285493109



4285754995

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285493109



4285886059



4285165934

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285493109



4285887855

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285297004



4285493109



4285755242

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285493109



4285951597



4285558890



4285034865

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285493109



4285820529



4285558890



4285165933



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285493109



4288059033



4285494645



4283124557



4291611852



4283256141



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285493109



4287664281



4285689717



4281808699



4278190202



4278190330



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285886325



4288254105



4285691247



4282070843



4286185594



4294574330



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285493109 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

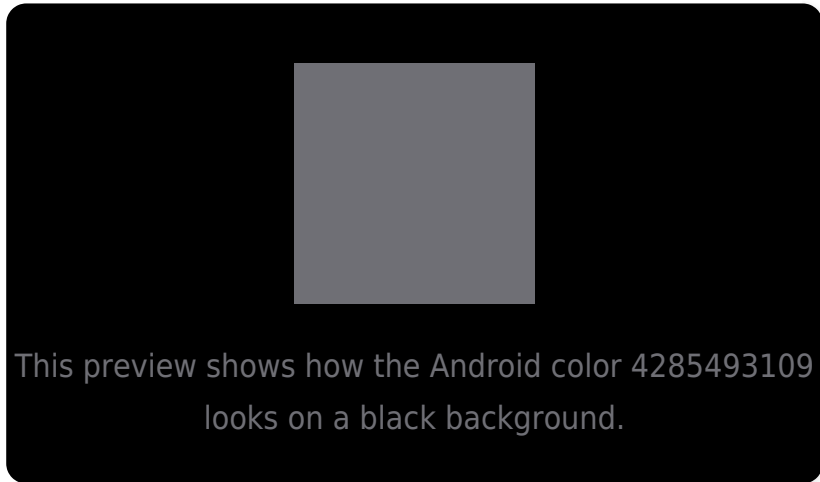
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

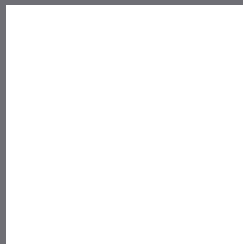
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285493109 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285493109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285493109.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285493109

**Protanopia**  
4285558645

**Deuteranopia**  
4286016630



**Tritanopia**  
4285493111

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4285493109

**Protanomaly**

4285558645

**Deuteranomaly**

4285820278

**Tritanomaly**

4285493110

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4285493109

**Achromatopsia**

4285558896

**Achromatomaly**

4285558898

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285493109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 111, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 111, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 111, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 111, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285493109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 111, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 111, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 111, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 111, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 111, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 111,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285493109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 111, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
111, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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