

# Converting Colors

Android(4285538865)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285538865) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4285538865)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	702231
RGB	112, 34, 49
RGB Percent	44%, 13%, 19%
CMY	0.5608, 0.8667, 0.8078
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.56, 0.56
HSL	348°, 53%, 29%
HSV	348°, 70%, 44%
XYZ	7.8085, 4.8106, 3.4227
YIQ	59.0320, 41.6730, 21.2010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

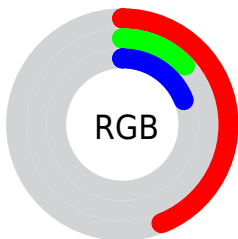
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	112, 34, 49
Decimal	7348785
CIE Lab	26.19, 35.51, 9.62
CIE LCh	26, 36.794, 15.153
Yxy	4.8106, 0.4868, 0.2999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285538865 (0xFF702231)
YUV	59.0320, -4.9458, 46.4529
Hunter-Lab	21.9330, 25.1662, 6.1007

# Details

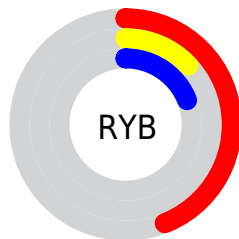
The Android color **4285538865** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **4280447073**, and the grayscale version is **4282071867**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4289221727**, and **4282122241** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4285536040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4285541690**.

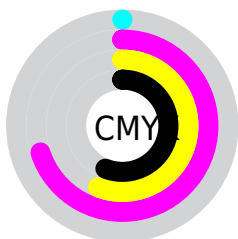
# Distribution



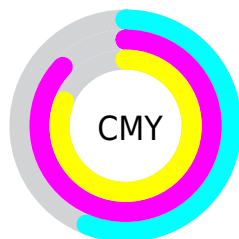
- Red (44%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285538865 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285538865 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285538865



4285538865

4294967295



4283761948



4289221727



4282122241



4291063160



4280352769



4292970385



4278190080



4294943404



4294950599



4294957795



4294965247



4285538865



4285538865

■ 4285536040

■ 4285541690

■ 4285533215

■ 4285544515

■ 4285530134

■ 4285547596

■ 4285550421

■ 4285553246

■ 4285556071

■ 4285558896

■ 4285561977

■ 4285564802

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285080653



4285538865



4285082647

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285538865



4280108819



4278207860

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285538865



4280447073

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278209125



4285538865



4278209071

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285538865



4282269952



4278209356



4280171636

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285538865



4284363783



4278209356



4278208369



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285538865



4287722361



4284490352



4283053883



4291414473



4283058762



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285538865



4287698735



4285544738



4281872948



4286054423



4294377520



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285538865



4287698735



4280441200



4281872948



4286054423

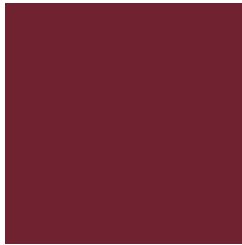


4294377520



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285538865 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

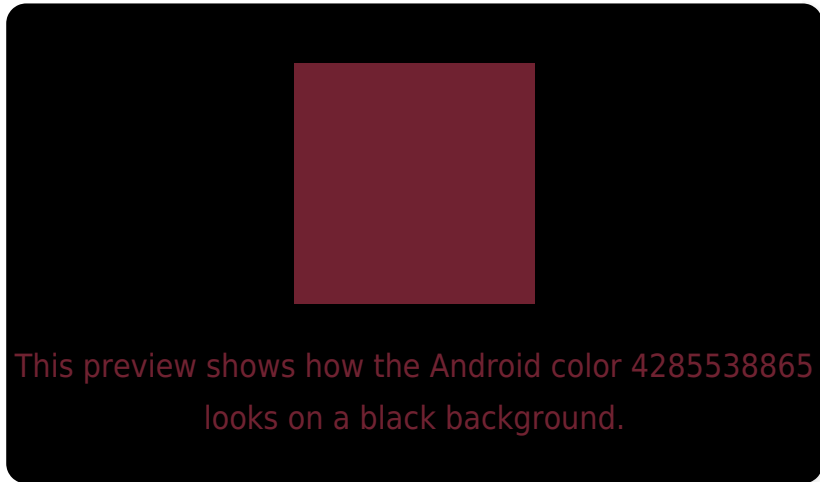
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285538865 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285538865.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285538865.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285538865

**Protanopia**  
4282400575

**Deuteranopia**  
4283120941



# Trichromacy



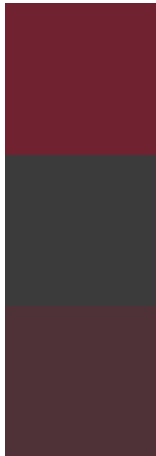
**Original Color**  
4285538865

**Protanomaly**  
4283511866

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283970350

**Tritanomaly**  
4285473578

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285538865

**Achromatopsia**  
4282071867

**Achromatomaly**  
4283314743

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285538865 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 34, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 34, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 34, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 34, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285538865 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 34, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 34, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 34, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 34, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 34, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 34,  
49) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285538865 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 34, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 34,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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