

# Converting Colors

Android(4285545555)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285545555) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4285545555)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	703C53
RGB	112, 60, 83
RGB Percent	44%, 24%, 33%
CMY	0.5608, 0.7647, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.26, 0.56
HSL	333°, 30%, 34%
HSV	333°, 46%, 44%
XYZ	9.8593, 7.3010, 9.0732
YIQ	78.1700, 23.6090, 18.1770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

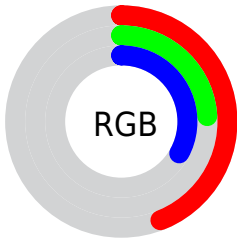
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	112, 60, 83
Decimal	7355475
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	32.48, 25.95, -3.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	32, 26.226, 351.743
Yxy	7.3010, 0.3758, 0.2783
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285545555 (0xFF703C53)
YUV	78.1700, 2.3812, 29.6689
Hunter-Lab	27.0204, 17.8461, -0.9948

# Details

The Android color `4285545555` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `663333`. A complement of this color would be `4282151001`, and the grayscale version is `4283321934`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289031556`, and `4282256934` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285542733`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285548377`.

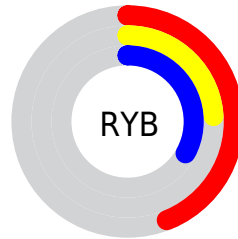
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (24%)

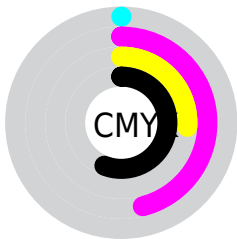
Blue (33%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (33%)

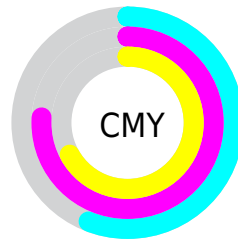


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285545555 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285545555 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285545555



4285545555

4294967295



4283901244



4289031556



4282256934



4290872991



4280877074



4292714937



4278190080



4294622421



4294957297



4294964735



4285545555



4285545555



4285542733



4285548377

■ 4285539911

■ 4285551199

■ 4285536832

■ 4285554278

■ 4285534010

■ 4285557100

■ 4285531188

■ 4285559922

■ 4285530162

■ 4285562744

■ 4285565567

■ 4285568645

■ 4285571467

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284563814



4285545555



4285807678

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285545555



4283060261



4278211948

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285545555



4282151001

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278212443



4285545555



4281488434

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285545555



4284369187



4279129926



4280045685

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285545555



4285546546



4279129926



4278212199



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285545555



4287724934



4284038256



4283055427



4291414473



4283058762



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285545555



4287709284



4285546300



4281872949



4286054453



4294377581



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285545555



4287709284



4282150256



4281872949



4286054453

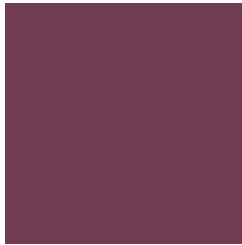


4294377581



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285545555 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

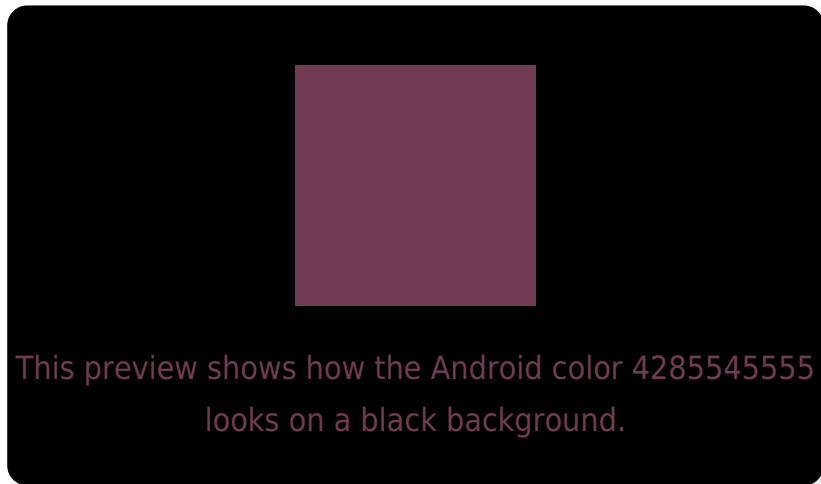
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

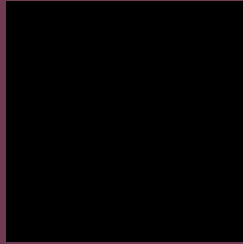
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285545555 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285545555.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285545555.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285545555

**Protanopia**  
4282993757

**Deuteranopia**  
4283648849



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285545555

**Protanomaly**  
4283909721

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284368466

**Tritanomaly**  
4285480521

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285545555

**Achromatopsia**  
4283321934

**Achromatomaly**  
4284106576

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285545555 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 60, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 60, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 60, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 60, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285545555 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 60, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 60, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 60, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 60, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 60, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 60,  
83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285545555 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 60, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 60,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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