

Converting Colors

Android(4285551963)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4285551963) contains.

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Color

Android(4285551963)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 70555B |
| RGB | 112, 85, 91 |
| RGB Percent | 44%, 33%, 36% |
| CMY | 0.5608, 0.6667, 0.6431 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.24, 0.19, 0.56 |
| HSL | 347°, 14%, 39% |
| HSV | 347°, 24%, 44% |
| XYZ | 11.8189, 10.6971, 11.3393 |
| YIQ | 93.7570, 14.1660, 7.5900 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

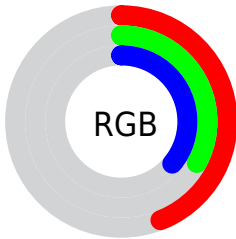
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 112, 85, 91 |
| Decimal | 7361883 |
| CIELab | 39.07, 12.21, 0.84 |
| CIElCh | 39, 12.242, 3.954 |
| Yxy | 10.6971, 0.3491, 0.3160 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4285551963 (0xFF70555B) |
| YUV | 93.7570, -1.3592, 15.9991 |
| Hunter-Lab | 32.7064, 7.2674, 2.3385 |

Details

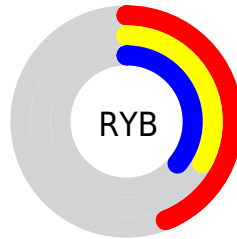
The Android color **4285551963** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **4283789418**, and the grayscale version is **4284374622**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4288972685**, and **4282394669** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4285549138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4285554788**.

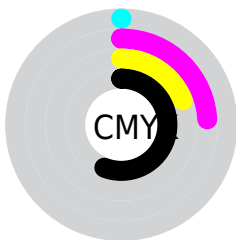
Distribution



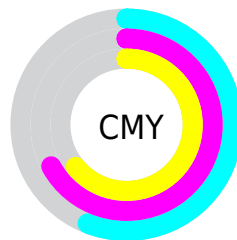
- Red (44%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285551963 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285551963 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



4285551963



4285551963

4294967295



4283907652



4288972685



4282394669



4290748839



4280881945



4292590787



4279435264



4294498527



4278190080



4294964475



4285551963



4285551963



4285549138



4285554788



4285546314



4285557612

■ 4285543233

■ 4285560693

■ 4285540408

■ 4285563518

■ 4285537583

■ 4285566343

■ 4285534759

■ 4285569167

■ 4285531934

■ 4285571992

■ 4285530137

■ 4285575073

■ 4285577897

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285159013



4285551963



4285552209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285551963



4283916107



4282867566

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285551963



4283789418

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282474855



4285551963



4283195731

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285551963



4284636232



4282671709



4283587696

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285551963



4285355852



4282671709



4282671212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285551963



4287727497



4285158768



4283057221



4291414473



4283058762

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285551963



4287719281



4285553749



4281872948



4286054427



4294377527

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285551963



4287719281



4283787632



4281872948



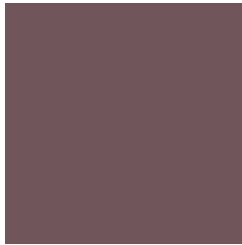
4286054427



4294377527

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285551963 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

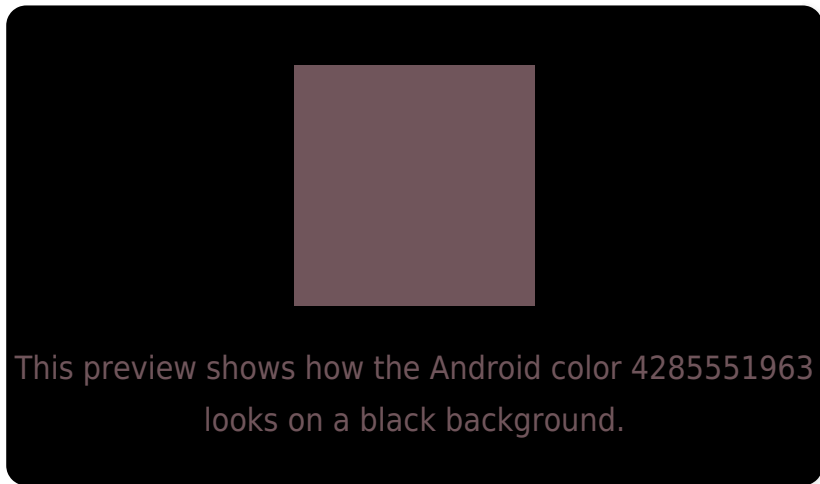
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4285551963 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285551963.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285551963.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

4285551963

Protanopia

4284308575

Deuteranopia

4284897626

Trichromacy



Original Color

4285551963

Protanomaly

4284766558

Deuteranomaly

4285159514

Tritanomaly

4285551963

Monochromacy



Original Color

4285551963

Achromatopsia

4284374622

Achromatomaly

4284832605

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285551963 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 85, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 85, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 85, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 85, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285551963 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 85, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 85, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 85, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 85, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 85, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 85,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285551963 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 85, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 85,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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